December 2, 1772. NUMB. 2293

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By the Ship Lady Gage, Captain FARMER, *from London; and the Ship Glaſgow, Captain* MARQUIS, *in 30 Days from Greenock, both arrived at New-York, we have the following Advices, viz.*

HAMBURGH, *Auguſt* 29.

ALL our letters agree, in confirming the account of an inſurrection in Scania, as well as in the iſle of Gothland. Advices, however, from good hands aſſure, that the Swedes have no intention to make the King abſolute; but only to procure his Majeſty a more extenſive power, and to annul all that has been done by the States in the preſent Diet.

By private letters from Stockholm, we learn, that the King has been there proclaimed *Sovereign*, and that the Senate was at the ſame time diſſolved.

Queen Caroline-Matilda of Denmark cauſes to be diſtributed, every three months, ſix hundred pounds ſterling to the modeſt poor, at the place of her reſidence, and its environs. Two noblemen of the court direct this diſtribution.

Stockholm, Aug. 18. Piquets of cavalry patrolled all the ſtreets of our capital laſt night; and the guards at all the poſts, as well as thoſe in the Arſenal, are doubled.

The King, eſcorted by ſome life-guards, alſo went in perſon through all the city, in order to aſſure himſelf of the meaſures that had been taken for the preſerving the public repoſe.

Copenhagen, Aug. 22. Two gentlemen are ſet out to execute a commiſſion in Sweden; from whence, we are informed, that the King is going to augment his forces both by ſea and land, and hath actually given orders for the conſtruction of ſeveral new ſhips.

Aug. 24. The preparations of war continue to be made here with the utmoſt vigour. Two more ſhips of 60 guns, are equipping, beſides thoſe mentioned before.

Warſaw, Aug. 19. Poliſh Livonia is at preſent entirely occupied by the Ruſſians, who, it is ſaid, will keep poſſeſſion thereof. The Ruſſians moreover intend, we are told, to annex to their territory the White Ruſſia, and part of the provinces of Wilna and Trocki, as far as the river Buczina; which will be named New-Ruſſia, and the Count de Czerchinſew, Preſident of the Council of War, is to be the Governor.

Stockholm, Aug. 25. The day before yeſterday there were public prayers in all our Churches, to return our thanks to the Almighty, for his aſſiſtance, in bringing about the late important revolution, in favour of the moſt amiable of Kings.

Guſtavus III. at the age of 26 years, has ſhewn that he poſſeſſes all the greatneſs of ſoul, and all the heroiſm of the two firſt of his name. He forgives all paſt offences, and is continually employing his thoughts for the ſafety of thoſe, who had been his enemies. Many perſons who were arreſted (amongſt others General Redbeck) ſignifying a deſire to take the oath, were immediately releaſed.

One circumſtance of this memorable event ſhould not be forgot. As ſoon as the corps of officers of the regiment of guards had declared for the King, by a general acclamation, his Majeſty addreſſed Baron Liewen, who marched at the head of the grenadiers, ſaying to him, "*If we are obliged, Gentlemen, to repel force by force, be careful always to remember, that thoſe againſt whom you act are your brethren.*"

Paris, Auguſt 28. France having ſecured, by the laſt treaty of peace, the liberty of fiſhing for Cod on the Great Bank of Newfoundland, it was, in conſequence, agreed to grant her an eſtabliſhment in the little iſland of Miquelon, near Newfoundland, that the French Fiſhermen might go together to dry their Cod. Some Engliſhmen, undoubtedly jealous that the ſaid fiſhery might proſper more than their own, came in a forcible manner, and deſtroyed the eſtabliſhment formed at Miquelon. The King of England being informed of this violence, immediately diſpatched a Courier, not only to diſavow it, but alſo to declare that, the enterprize being made without any order on his part, or that of the parliament, every thing ſhould be repaired, and that France ſhould receive ſatisfaction.

Hague, Sept. 18. The young Hereditary Prince of Orange and Naſſau was chriſtened yeſterday with great ſolemnity, at the principal church of this town, by the name of William-Frederick.

Extract of a letter from Ratiſbon, Sept. 1.

"The treaty of peace, which is aſſerted to be concluded between the Turks and Ruſſians, conſiſts of the following articles. 1. That the Crimea ſhall remain independant. 2. That of all the conqueſts made by the Ruſſians, they ſhall only retain Aſoph. 3. That the Turks ſhall pay to Ruſſia, for the expences incurred by the war, eight millions of livres. 4. That whatſoever has been taken from the Turks ſhall be reſtored. 5. That Ruſſia ſhall be put into poſſeſſion of the Palatinate of Podlachia, having for its limits on one ſide the Dwina, and on the other the ancient Boryſthenes, now called the Nieper, in ſuch manner, as to unite the above Province with the Baltic Sea, the Black Sea, and the Caſpian Sea. 6. The Houſe of Auſtria ſhall poſſeſs, if they are not already in poſſeſſion, the diſtrict of Lyts, Halicy, Sendomir, Leopol, or Lemberg, and Pocutia, together with the Salt-works, and all its other rights. 7. In order to indemnify his Poliſh Majeſty for the loſs, which will accrue from the loſs of the revenue from the above Salt-works, appropriated to the uſe of the Emperor, his Poliſh Majeſty ſhall enjoy the Ordinations, which were before in the hands of the Grandees. That the King of Pruſſia ſhall receive that country of which his troops are already in poſſeſſion."

Stockholm, Auguſt 26. The great change in the government of this kingdom hath been proclaimed (the ſame day it was here) at Gothenbourg, Carſcroon, and many other places; which *proves*, that the whole nation unanimouſly wiſhed for it. Prince Charles has received the homage of the ſubjects in Scania and Gothia, in the ſame manner the King has done here; and General Sprengporten is ſent into Finland, to receive the Oath of fidelity from that province, which is as ready to give it as the others.

Paris, Sept. 4. The laſt letters from Aleppo, by way of Marſeilles, confirm the victory of Ali Bey over the Kinja of the new Caimacan of Egypt, and the taking of Beroot, with 13 Ruſſian veſſels; adding that the Chiek Daher had taken Damaſcus, and that Ali Bey was preparing to reap the fruits of his victory, by marching into Egypt.

Altona, Sept. 4. *The laſt letters from Stralſund adviſe, that the Queen Dowager of Sweden ſtill remained there, and that the King of Sweden had nominated her Gouvernante of Swediſh Pomerania.*

Thoſe from Stockholm alſo inform us, that his Swediſh Majeſty hath diſpoſed of the Government of the provinces of Scania, Halland, Bleckingia, Babus-Lehn, and Smaaland, as well as the command of the troops which are quartered in thoſe provinces, in favour of his Royal Highneſs Prince Charles; and that Prince Frederick had been at the ſame time appointed Governor of Finland.

Captain Hellichius hath obtained his pardon of the King, after having aſſured him of his ſubmiſſion. The garriſon of Chriſtianſtadt hath participated of the ſame favour.

Stockholm, Aug. 28. Laſt Wedneſday all the four orders aſſembled in Pleno at the uſual places, for the firſt time ſince the revolution. The Marſhal of the Diet opened the Plenum of the Nobility with a long panegyric upon the King, and congratulated the Houſe of Nobles on tranquility's being reſtored. After which the new form of government was read there, as well as in all the other orders.

The propoſitions which his Majeſty made to the States yeſterday, in the hall of the States, were alſo read, and are as follow.

"Whereas the affairs of the government are by Divine Providence brought into ſuch a ſituation, as to admit of the ſpeedy concluſion of the Diet; but, nevertheleſs, as the States neither will nor can ſeparate, before they have given the aſſiſtance to the King and kingdom, which the Government requires in every branch of it, his Majeſty has found it neceſſary to lay the following points before the States for their deliberations:

"1ſt, That the uſual contributions may be agreed to, and reſolved by the States.

"2d, That, according to the antient cuſtom and the laws of the kingdom, an extraordinary ſupply may be furniſhed for the expences of the late King's funeral, and for the coronation.

"3d, As his Majeſty cannot know how far theſe two articles above-mentioned, together with the ordinary revenues of the State, will be ſufficient to anſwer the neceſſities of the kingdom in theſe times, his Majeſty graciouſly invites the States, according to the 47th ſection of the form of government, to chooſe certain perſons, of the three Orders who direct the affairs of the Bank, with whom his Majeſty may deliberate upon the means to be uſed in certain caſes, and in which ſome ſecrecy is neceſſary.

"4thly, That the States, by the meaſures they take with regard to the Bank, put it in a condition, the ſooner the better, to aſſiſt in reſtoring money affairs to ſome order, in a manner conſiſtent with the laws.

"The States will agree with his Majeſty, that the ſituation of the kingdom requires, and that the wiſhes of the whole country are, that this Diet, which has now laſted fourteen months, to the great expence of the kingdom, may ſpeedily come to an end: And as the King is highly deſirous, in theſe difficult times, to eaſe his faithful ſubjects at leaſt in this reſpect, it is his Majeſty's pleaſure, That the States take theſe points into conſideration immediately, in order that he may receive their report upon them within fourteen days, within which time they will alſo find opportunities to draw up the final reſolution of the Diet."

In conſequence of theſe his Majeſty's propoſitions, the four Orders reſolved, that the Deputation of revenues and expences, and that of the Bank, ſhall immediately make the project of the contributions, mentioned in the firſt and ſecond points, and give their report about the third and fourth.

It was alſo propoſed in the Houſe of Nobles, and agreed to by the other Orders, that all the four Orders ſhould wait on his Majeſty, with a deputation of one hundred and twenty perſons, to return thanks for his Majeſty's paternal care, by which the nation has been reſtored to its true liberty; and to deſire that a medal may be ſtruck, in commemoration of the happy event.

The King having appointed Count Horn to be one of the new Senators, he took his place in the Senate yeſterday.

Sept. 5. Laſt Friday Night the King rode round to all the Burghers Guards, which patrolled about the Town, and after thanking them for their Care of the Public Security, acquainted them, that now there was no farther Occaſion for their performing that Service.

The King hath cauſed to be diſtributed to the poor 10,000 meaſures of meal, of 20lb. each.

Alexandria, in Egypt, July 17. The Chiek Daher having learnt that two Pachas, ſent by the Porte to retake Sidon, had been joined under the walls of that city, by 30,000 Druſees, and that they had formed the ſiege of that place, he marched immediately from Acre to go and fight them at the head of his troops. The Murnale (a Perſian people, by origin, who inhabit the plains between Acre and Sidon) whom he had engaged to ſecond him, followed. Theſe united forces did not amount to more than 18,000 men. But notwithſtanding the diſadvantage of numbers, this brave old warrior paſſed, in ſight of the enemy, the river Borgul, which runs near Sidon; fell upon the Pachas, who were aſtoniſhed at his boldneſs; cut in pieces their troops, who made ſome reſiſtance, and drove the Druſees over the mountains. It is pretended that the Pachas were killed in the fight.

On the other hand, Ali Bey is making levies in Syria, and collecting all the troops he can. His partizans think he will very ſoon re-enter Egypt at the head of a powerful army, and that he is alſo ſupported by the Ruſſians. It is ſaid, that the Chiek Aman, Prince of Sadi, or Upper Egypt, ſuſpecting that Mehemet Aboudaab wants to deprive him of a part of his territories, has taken arms, and is able to make a powerful diverſion in favour of Ali Bey.

From the Frontiers of Turkey, Auguſt 17. The Porte does not ſeem in the leaſt diſpoſed to conſent to the independance of the Crimea, nor indeed to make any other important conceſſion. The Grand Viſir has declared that he would, at the riſk of his head, oppoſe any peace, which ſhould be diſhonourable to the empire; and Oſman Effendi has proteſted, that he would ſign nothing, which ſhould be contrary to ancient treaties, and which ſhould tend to caſt any ſtain on the Grand Signor's poſſeſſions. Oſman Effendi added, that the Porte had 200,000 men in the field, who were in excellent order; and that ſhe was determined to riſk every thing, rather than accept of a peace, which may wound the Mahometan religion, and the laws and dignity of the Ottoman empire.

Vienna, Sept. 18. We have this morning received advice, that the congreſs of peace, which was held at Foczany, is abſolutely broke off, becauſe the Turkiſh Plenipotentiary would not conſent to the independency of the Crimea, as demanded by the Empreſs of Ruſſia.

Extract of a Letter from the Frontiers of Poland, dated Sept. 16.

"We are informed, by authentic letters from Warſaw, that M. de Saldern, Ambaſſador from Ruſſia, hath juſt received a courier from Foczany, with advice that the congreſs was broken off the 21ſt of laſt month, and that the Miniſters Plenipotentiary of both parties ſet out from thence the next day.

"Theſe letters add, that the Ruſſian troops, which are in Moldavia and Wallachia, have, in conſequence, received orders to march immediately towards the Danube; and that they will be replaced by ſeveral regiments of the ſame nation now quartered in Poland."

LATELY IMPORTED from LIVERPOOL, and to be SOLD, at a low Rate, by

JOHN PARRISH,

Oppoſite the Golden Swan, in Third ſtreet,

A QUANTITY of well poliſhed CHIMNEY-PIECES, and a Variety of other STONES, ſuitable for Piazzas, Porches, Halls, Hearths, &c. ¶

Eaſton, November 21, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Friday, the 18th of December, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the houſe of Valentine Opp, in Lower Saucon townſhip, Northampton county, a certain plantation, and two tracts of land, ſituate in Upper Saucon townſhip, adjoining the lands of Philip Trap, and Garret Seiſloff; containing about 80 acres; late the property of Chriſtian Fox, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

¶ PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff.

Eaſton, November 21, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 19th of December next, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the houſe of Simon Haller, in Plainfield townſhip, a certain plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in Hamilton townſhip, adjoining the lands of Frederick Shafer, and Jacob Brinker; containing about 150 acres; late the property of Lawrence Ramey, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff. ¶

Eaſton, November 21, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Tueſday, the 22d of December next, at 12 o'clock at noon, at Eaſton, in Northampton county, a certain plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in Allen's-Townſhip, adjoining Bethlehem land, the river Lehi, and land of Henry Snearer, and Henry Kritz; containing about 430 acres, whereof 80 acres are clear, and whereon are a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable, and other out-houſes; late the property of John Jennings, Eſq; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff.

Donnegall Townſhip, Lancaſter County, November 14, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on the 13th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in the aforeſaid townſhip and county, a Scotch ſervant man, named JOHN HAMMEL, about 20 years of age, a thick ſet fellow, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, of a fair complexion, has browniſh coloured hair, tied behind, full faced, ſpeaks broad Scotch, and walks ſtrait; had on, when he went away, a whitiſh coat, home made, about half-worn, with white metal buttons, lined with light blue flannel, a black broadcloth jacket, a good deal worn, a ſhirt of about 7 or 800 cloth, nearly new, a fur hat much worn, and wears it generally full cocked, a pair of coarſe tow trowſers, dark brown ribbed ſtockings, pretty well worn, old ſhoes, pieced on the heels behind, metal buckles, of a yelloviſh colour, with ſteel tongues and chapes. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

§ SAMUEL WOODS.

To be LETT, and entered upon immediately,

THE well accuſtomed STORE-HOUSE, in King's Town, in Queen-Anne's County, Maryland. This place is well ſituated for any branch of the mercantile buſineſs, having a well accuſtomed tavern, within 20 yards of ſaid ſtore-houſe, and a very public ferry kept from thence, acroſs Cheſter river, to Cheſter-Town; there is but one ſtore within 16 miles on that ſide the river, and that one 6 or 7 miles off; joining ſaid ſtore-houſe is a compting-houſe, granary, cellar, dwelling-houſe, with brick chimney and two rooms on the lower floor, a kitchen, with brick chimney, and a garden; all which are to be lett, with or without ſaid ſtore-houſe. And alſo paſturage and ſtabling for one or two horſes, and paſturage for one or two cows. For terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes.

¶ EMANUEL KENT.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away the 16th of November, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, living in Rapho townſhip, Lancaſter county, a Scotch ſervant man, named JOHN GORDON, about 26 or 27 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, fair complexion, has a down look, and is knock-kneed; had on, when he went away, a light coloured coat and waiſtcoat, with white metal buttons, old leather breeches, with a pair of trowſers over them, a pair of old mixed yarn ſtockings, and good ſhoes, with ſteel buckles in them. It is thought he will change his name to DUNCAN GRANT. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by PATRICK HAYES. ¶

Gwynedd, or North-Wales, November 18, 1772.

STOLEN, laſt night, out of a paſture near the ſpring-houſe Tavern, a roan MARE, 14 hands high, branded on the near ſhoulder A. Z. between 6 and 7 years old, paces and trots. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare and thief, ſo as the owner may have her again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and for the mare only, THREE POUNDS, and all reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ WILLIAM JOHNSON.

ON the 17th of November was taken up, at the Widow Davis's Tavern, between Hacket's Town and Greenwich Forge, in Suſſex County, New-Jerſey, a certain Perſon, on Suſpicion of having ſtolen a Stallion in York County; but in taking him to a Magiſtrate, although his Hands were tied, he jumped off the Horſe he rode, and made his Eſcape in the Woods, leaving behind him a ſmall Bay Horſe, and a Quantity of Dry Goods, which were taken back to the aforeſaid Tavern. As they are ſuppoſed to have been ſtole, any Perſon proving Property to the Horſe or Goods, may have them again, on paying Charges, by applying to the Subſcriber, living near Durham, in Bucks County, ROBERT WILSON. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Mount Bethel townſhip, Northampton county, and province of Pennſylvania, ſome years ago, a ſmall ſorrel MARE, ſuppoſed to be about two years old; no perſon hath appeared to own the ſaid creature, and it continuing about ſaid plantation, and hath a young colt, foaled laſt ſpring. The owner coming, and proving his property, may have ſaid mare; otherwiſe ſhe will be ſold for the uſe of the poor of ſaid townſhip. ¶

November 19, 1772. ALEXANDER CALBREATH.

LONDON.

Sept. 9. This day, on the riſing of the Levee, we are aſſured, that it is intended to hold a Cabinet-council, on ſome diſpatches received from the Court of France.

It is expected that Lord Harcourt will kiſs hands this day, on his being appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Sept. 11. It is expected that a Council will be held this day after the Levee is over, on account of ſome diſpatches received from Copenhagen and Stockholm, by the way of Hamburgh.

Private accounts from Copenhagen ſay, that the greateſt military preparations known for many years, were making in that capital; the true object of which, it is ſaid, is the defence of his Daniſh Majeſty's German dominions.

The firſt conſequences of the late revolution in Sweden, relative to its meaſures towards foreign powers, it is imagined, will be a formal demand of a reſtitution of the German dominions wreſted from that kingdom by the Danes, in the latter part of the reign of Charles the Twelfth, part of which (Bremen and Verden) the then King of Denmark ſold for a ſum of money to George the Firſt.

The lateſt advices from Stockholm ſay, that every thing is in the greateſt confuſion there, many of the principal Nobility and Clergy, and even ſome of the general officers of the firſt rank, having abſented themſelves; it is added, that the army, conſiſting of 16 battalions of infantry, and four regiments of cavalry, at preſent form a circle round that capital, in order, as well to intimidate the inhabitants, as to prevent any more perſons of weight and influence making their eſcape.

Some letters from Hamburgh ſpeak of a convention, which is now in agitation between the Courts of Peterſburgh, Stockholm and Berlin; in conſequence of which, the firſt mentioned Court is to give up her part of Finland to the ſecond; and this power is to ſurrender its ſhare of Pomerania to the third, in conſideration of four million of rubles, to be paid by the King of Pruſſia to the Empreſs of Ruſſia.

From Berlin we hear, that Prince Frederick William ſet out on the 27th of laſt month, to take the command of the army in Poliſh Pruſſia.

Sept. 12. It is aſſerted, that Prince Frederick Adolphus, ſecond brother to the King of Sweden, was lately incog. ſome days with his Pruſſian Majeſty; and that he ſat out from Berlin (it is imagined, with his uncle's laſt inſtructions) exactly that day three weeks that the Swediſh Monarch openly declared himſelf abſolute.

Sept. 14. On Saturday at 12 o'clock, Mr. Fordyce, the Banker, ſurrendered himſelf to his commiſſion of bankruptcy at Guildhall, when he appeared quite calm, compoſed and ſerene.

The Commiſſioners were taken up till near three o'clock with admitting and proving of debts. Mr. Fordyce, after giving up his watch, gold ſnuff-box, rings, and ſome money, then entered upon his examination; in the courſe of which he declared,

That he carried away no money with him, and that he was ſorry he brought ſo little back: That his caſh-books contained a regular and faithful account of all monies he had paid: That though he kept his books in a peculiar manner, he could ſoon explain it to any man of buſineſs, ſo as to be intelligible. That he ſo much eſteemed it his duty to give his creditors every ſatisfaction in his power, that he would have come from any part of the globe for that purpoſe.

Upon being aſked how ſuch large ſums could have been expended, as appeared on the books, he ſaid, that the extravagant intereſt the houſe had paid for money, had run away with conſiderable ſums.

He explained the affair of the 7000l. he had ſent to a Mr. Fiſher, juſt before he diſappeared, and ſaid he thought he could not have acted otherwiſe, as a man of ſentiment and honour, becauſe the money had been borrowed of Mr. Fiſher, by one of his Friends, merely to accommodate the houſe during the Whitſun holidays. He denied all knowledge of any ſums unfairly owing to a Mr. Atkinſon.

He appealed to the feelings and humanity of his audience, for an excuſe for the aſſignments he had made to his ſiſter and his brother, and ſaid, he had ſince adviſed the latter to give his up. He concluded with repeatedly declaring, that he would, at the riſk of every thing dear to him, attend the aſſignees at any time and place, to give them every neceſſary information.----He was ſo affected during his examination, that it was with difficulty he could ſometimes ſpeak. The Commiſſioners ſat in the Court of Common Pleas, which was much crouded.

Sept. 15. Private letters from Paris affirm, that no leſs than four hundred and fifty thouſand pounds ſterling, has been remitted to his Swediſh Majeſty by the Court of Verſailles, within theſe laſt four months. It is added, that theſe remittances were made at different times, in moderate ſums, by the way of London, Amſterdam and Hamburgh, as if for the uſe of ſome merchants in Berlin, in order to avoid all cauſe of jealouſy and ſuſpicion.

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, Auguſt 26.

"The revolution that has juſt happened here, affords matter of admiration to all. The firſt ſtep was the departure of the Princes from this city, under pretence of meeting the old Queen, who was expected from Stralſund about the 10th inſt. On the 12th, a Captain in one of the Prince's regiments, quartered in and about Chriſtianſtadt, took poſſeſſion of that place, and iſſued a Manifeſto, declaring, that he and ſome of his friends had joined, in order to relieve their country from its preſent diſtreſſed ſituation, which could not be done, till their gracious ſovereign got more power, &c. A great officer hearing the uproar, ſet off with all haſte for Stockholm, and gave the alarm. The Senate immediately ordered a General Officer to poſt down, and endeavour to ſeize the revolters, whom they looked upon as crazy, and the King feigned ſurprize; but upon the order for ſending down the above officer being preſented to him, he refuſed to ſign it; however, they thought proper to put his Majeſty's name and ſeal to it.

"In the night of the 18th an expreſs arrived from Prince Charles, and in the morning early his Majeſty called a meeting of the Senators, when he began to be a little warm with the Miniſter, for diſpatching the orders without his conſent; who, in place of anſwering, inſiſted that the Senate ſhould ſee Prince Charles's letter. This his Majeſty refuſed; upon which the Miniſter ſaid, that it was full time for them to ſecure the King's perſon, and offered to take his Majeſty's ſword. On this his Majeſty drew his ſword, and called to his life-guards from the window, and in an inſtant they were in the hall, and at his Majeſty's deſire ſecured all the Senators.

"It is expected every thing will ſoon be in order, and the kingdom has great expectation from the government of ſo good a King."

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, Auguſt 29.

"Yeſterday arrived here the Finland troops, and were quartered in the city. His Royal Highneſs Prince Charles is to keep the command of the troops in Schonen.

"We hear that the Senate is accuſed of having accepted penſions from foreign powers, in order to limit the rights and power of the King.

"It is ſaid that our Court demands the Stift Bremen, and Bremer Verden, from the Court of Hanover, a diſtrict of land, about 100 miles in length, which begins about 6 miles from Hamburgh, and goes on the whole River of Elbe, quite to the River Weſer, and proceeds to the mouth of the South Sea. This territory brings in about 300,000l. per annum, and is able to keep 20,000 men; and the poſſeſſor has it alſo in his power to ſtop the commerce of Holland, England and France, with the greateſt part of Germany, by ſtopping the navigation of the rivers Elbe and Weſer."

Sept. 17. We are aſſured, by a reſpectable correſpondent, that Lord Harcourt has been declared, in Council, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland for near three months paſt, though his appointment has not been announced in the Gazette. We learn likewiſe, through the ſame channel, that his Majeſty is perfectly pleaſed and ſatisfied with Lord Townſend's ſervices and adminiſtration; and that the impoſſibility of that nobleman's complying with his engagements of laſt winter, is the true reaſon of his recal. In fine, this meaſure is purely at his own requeſt.

Yeſterday morning a nobleman of great diſtinction ſet off for Dover, in order to embark for the continent; he is ſaid to be charged with important buſineſs to a foreign Court.

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, Auguſt 28.

"The following paragraph of a letter from the King of Pruſſia to our King, was handed about here privately as authentic: "My dear G. if you ſhall have any occaſion for a few troops, in carrying into execution the approaching buſineſs, diſpatch a meſſenger to *****, at Dantzick, with whom I have left orders to forward advice to me, whether I ſhall be at Potzdam, Marienwerder, or in Pomerania." This letter is ſaid to be dated three weeks prior to the late revolution."

A letter from Peterſburgh ſays, "A conſpiracy was lately diſcovered againſt the favourite, Count Orloff, and his brother; but it was cruſhed without noiſe, and about 90 *different people were ſent into exile in Siberia."*

Sept. 19. *A letter from Holland ſays, "A rupture is likely to ſucceed the differences lately ariſen between the Dutch and the Swedes, a report being current here, that the King of Sweden had, by an edict of Council, ordered all the Dutch ſubjects to leave Swediſh Pomerania."*

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, September 12.

"Altho' we had flattered ourſelves that the differences, ſubſiſting between this Republick and the Emperor of Morocco, would ſpeedily be adjuſted to mutual ſatisfaction; it is now ſaid, that according to all appearances, ſo far from an accommodation, an open rupture is expected between the two powers, inaſmuch as the Barbary Prince demands, it is ſaid, of the States General, ſuch exorbitant preſents as they will never grant. He modeſtly inſiſts on having ſix new built frigates, furniſhed with all neceſſary rigging, artillery, and ammunition, and that they will be brought into one of his ports. As in granting his extravagant demand, it would put him in a condition to do far more miſchief than he can do at preſent, it is believed that their High Mightineſſes will immediately conſtruct and equip ſix frigates, and perhaps more, to be made uſe of againſt the people of Morocco; and that they will endeavour to perſuade the Courts of Madrid and Liſbon to make it a common cauſe with the Republick, and join ſome of their ſhips of war with hers, to bring the Emperor of Morocco to reaſon, and make him lay aſide his arrogant demands.

Sept. 21. *An evening paper of Saturday ſays, "It was currently reported this day, that the King of Sweden was aſſaſſinated in his palace, by two of his guards, on Sunday ſe'nnight."*

Saturday, at Guildhall, ended Mr. Fordyce's ſecond examination; during which he was frequently attempted to be queſtioned, reſpecting his gambling in the Alley; but the Commiſſioners declared, as this kind of gaming was criminal *in itſelf, they would not permit Mr. Fordyce to give any anſwer, which might accuſe himſelf. He was frequently aſked by Mr. C----t, whether his partners did owe their ruin to him? Like a ſpirited man, he frankly declared, he was the cauſe of their ruin; but that they all along were privy to the critical ſtate of affairs, in which the ſhop ſtood at different times.------He was then aſked by the Commiſſioners, if he was under any apprehenſions of being arreſted, on his return to his own apartments? Mr. Fordyce anſwering in the affirmative, the Commiſſioners publickly gave notice, that it would not only be cruel to arreſt a perſon, who came there to give, upon oath, a true ſtate of his affairs, but that, in a trading nation, ſuch a ſtep might be very prejudicial to commerce; and that for theſe reaſons, which are highly equitable, the Lord Chancellor of Great-Britain would,* ex officio, *conſider ſuch an arreſt as a high contempt of the Court of Chancery; and therefore adviſed all Sheriffs Officers, Serjeants at Mace, and other Civil Magiſtrates, to take notice, that it was their duty, not to moleſt, interrupt, or arreſt Mr. Fordyce, on his return home.*

Sept. 22. *It is ſaid, that had Mr. Fordyce been only able to maintain his ground till now, he muſt have neceſſarily acquired half a million of money, by the fall of India ſtock. But his web was ſo finely ſpun, that it cracked prematurely, and left him a beggar, where he expected to be the wealtheſt man in the kingdom.*

A reſolution has been lately taken, to keep up a ſtanding army of 30,000 *men in Hanover, to be ready againſt any ſudden emergency.---This cauſes much ſpeculation.*

A ſquadron of men of war, compleatly manned, with ſix months proviſions on board, are conſtantly to be kept at Spithead, to ſail on the ſhorteſt notice, whereſoever occaſion may require.

Some advices from Berlin mention, that the King of Pruſſia has lately laid claim to ſome places of Swediſh Pomerania, as part of his hereditary right.

Sept. 26. It is reported that the King of Denmark has made a demand of the Empreſs of Ruſſia, of a ſtipulated number of troops, which by treaty ſhe was to furniſh him with, whenever the Swedes entered Norway with an army, which is ſaid now to be the caſe.

Some letters from Liſbon mention, that the King of Portugal has publiſhed a manifeſto, prohibiting all commercial intercourſe between his ſubjects and thoſe of France.

It is thought that ſome regulations will be made on the meeting of Parliament, that will reſtrain the reigning evil of paper circulation.

We hear, yeſterday ſe'nnight was the day on which the marriage of the Duke of Glouceſter was declared in Council.

Oct. 1. A letter from Hamburgh, dated September 18, concludes thus: "This day a report prevailed on the Change, that a revolution had taken place in Norway; the inhabitants of which inſiſt, that they will be under the government of Sweden.

A writer in one of the morning papers, who ſpeaks of the political aſſociation of the Aldermen Wilkes and Townſend, for the City Chair, aſks, what is their opinion of each other? at the laſt election for Lord Mayor, Mr. Townſend called Mr. Wilkes, "a moſt unprincipled impoſtor;" and Mr Wilkes thanked the Livery in print for rejecting Mr. Townſend, whom he called, "a brutal Tyrant." The writer, therefore, ſays, that if the Livery of London take the words of their own oracles, on this occaſion, they ſhould reject both, as the junction of one with "a brutal Tyrant," or of the other with "an unprincipled impoſtor," neceſſarily proves that both are unworthy the confidence of the Citizens.

The ſame writer, ſpeaking to the Livery, ſays, "You have now waged a four years war with Government, yet what has Government cared for your oppoſition; the only fruits of this oppoſition have been diſappointment and diſgrace; you have fought, but you have been vanquiſhed; you may fight on, but your conteſt will only accumulate the triumph of your enemies, and neceſſarily increaſe the catalogue of your misfortunes. The kingdom at large pities your weakneſs, though it laughs at your folly, and were you actually proceeding upon principle, inſtead of petulance, would be materially injured by your ſucceſs; for even ſuppoſing that your oppoſition to Government originally was not wanton, but neceſſary, and even ſuppoſing the three branches of the legiſlature as wrong as it is poſſible to imagine them, is there any honeſt man who would wiſh the City of London inveſted with a power ſuperior to the King, Lords, and Commons? The remedy here would be worſe than the diſeaſe, for though juſtice might operate in a ſingle inſtance, the conſtitution would be deſtroyed, and the three eſtates in Parliament rendered eternally dependent on the Citizens of London."

Mr. Wilkes being yeſterday aſked, how he could expect that any man of ſenſe could vote for him on the preſent election? very candidly replied, "Let my opponents keep the ſenſible part of the Livery to themſelves; my buſineſs is only to be done by the fools."

Mr. Wilkes, in his letter to the Livery about his conduct during the Shrievalty, is univerſally diſapproved, even by his own friends; and the whole world laughs at his ſaying, that the City Magiſtrates have not been diſgraced by impriſonments in the courſe of the laſt year, when he and his colleague were repeatedly arreſted for notorious miſconduct in their office, by their fellow-citizens.

Oct. 3. At cloſing the books of the poll this day for Lord Mayor, the numbers were

For Ald. Halifax, in the whole - -	1588
Shakeſpear, - - - -	1441
Wilkes, - - - - -	1381
Townſend, - - - -	1381

Mr. Bilicliffe, an old fat Member of the Joiners Company, voted againſt Mr. Wilkes, and ſingly for Mr. Halifax. He was very noiſy in the hall, and ſaid, he hoped Mr. Wilkes would behave better to him as Lord Mayor, although he hoped he never would be ſo, than as a Maſter of Joiners Company; "for (added he) at "Mr. Alderman Wilkes's Ladies feaſt at our hall, he helped the "Ladies to the niceſt parts of the turtle, and only ſent me bad "bits."

Advices from Copenhagen mention, that the fleet, which has been fitting out there, is ſoon to ſail for the Mediterranean.

The lateſt accounts from Copenhagen adviſe, that vaſt preparations are making for war, in order to retrieve the honour of the Daniſh arms. All the military arrangements are ſettled, the troops are in motion, and the navy is augmenting with great expedition.

We learn from Hamburgh, that a great number of recruits are now raiſing there, for the ſervice of the King of Pruſſia.

Advices are received, that the French are drawing together a conſiderable force on the coaſt of Brittany, and are arming ſeveral ſhips for ſea.

The Superviſorſhip ſcheme to India is, as we predicted ſome weeks ago, laid aſide till the opinion of Parliament is known; and we now hear, that the Government determines to take ſuch a part in the buſineſs of the Eaſt, as will give meaſures a chance at leaſt of effectuality.

CHARLES-TOWN *(in South-Carolina) November* 17.

The SPEECH of his Excellency the Right Honourable Lord *CHARLES GREVILLE MONTAGU,* Captain-General, Governor in Chief, *&c.* in and over his Majeſty's Province of *South-Carolina,* to the General Aſſembly of the ſaid Province, at *Charles-Town,* on *Tueſday, Nov.* 10, 1772.

Honourable Gentlemen,

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly,

AT my firſt Meeting of this General Aſſembly, I manifeſted my Deſire to benefit this Province, by ſpeaking to you in an open and candid Manner; I made every Advance to induce a good Underſtanding between us, and to prevail with you to adminiſter, as far as might be in your Power, the moſt immediate Relief to the long diſtreſſed Situation of our Public Affairs.

I fairly explained to you the Cauſes of all our Diſtreſſes, I warned you againſt the Danger of innovating upon the Conſtitution of your Country; but, to my Concern, I find, I ſpoke to ſome Men, who would not attend to the Advice I then gave; which, had it been followed, might have, ere this Time, in a Manner, wholly remedied the political Diſorders of this Country.

Inſtead of annihilating former Innovations upon the Conſtitution, the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly have proceeded to make other Innovations. It is my ardent Wiſh that I could, with Propriety, ſuffer this General Aſſembly to exiſt for a longer Time, but the Proceedings of the Commons Houſe make an immediate Diſſolution abſolutely neceſſary.

It is highly proper for me to obſerve to you, that the Commander in Chief of this Province has a Right, at all Times, to inſpect the Journals of the General Aſſembly: And, I am ſorry that I muſt charge the preſent Speaker of the Commons Houſe, with having acted in an unprecedented Manner: It ſeems then that the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly having upon their Journals a Report, of a violent and unconſtitutional Nature, the Speaker took the Journals into his Poſſeſſion; and, although I wrote to him to demand them, I could not procure them until the next Day, and then only a very ſhort Space of Time before the Meeting of the Houſe. Is it in ſuch a Manner that violent Meaſures in a Commons Houſe of Aſſembly are to be concealed from a Governor, until almoſt the Moment of their being to be carried into Execution?

To check ſuch a Behaviour, as well as to furniſh the Commons with another Opportunity to read a Tax Bill, *de novo,* thereby that they might have more Time to think of forming it in ſuch a Manner as, from long Experience, they might have known, could only render it capable of doing Good to the People, I did at our laſt Meeting prorogue you to this Day; deſigning then to ſuffer you to ſit for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs.

But having peruſed the Journals of the Commons Houſe of that Day, on which the laſt Prorogation took Effect, I find that after they had received my Commands then immediately to attend me, they did continue to ſit, to put a Queſtion, and to form Reſolves and Orders.

A Behaviour which, as it is unprecedented in the Parliamentary Proceedings, ſo it is of a moſt dangerous Tendency, being a Proof of their Contempt of the King's Prerogative, which is a Part of the Law of the Land. Being at the Head of this General Aſſembly, I cannot ſuffer ſuch a Proceeding to paſs with Impunity.

I ſhall part with this Commons Houſe of Aſſembly with the leſs Reluctance, becauſe they ſeem wanting in Juſtice to their Conſtituents, whom they endeavour to delude, pretending to ſerve them by a Meaſure which, from Experience, and even from the Information of their Agent, they know has not even a Chance of procuring Relief to the diſtreſſed Public: Unprofitably ſpending their Time in impugning that Exerciſe of the Prerogative, which the uninterrupted Silence of the Houſe of Commons has confeſſed to be conſtitutional: Wantonly ſhewing how little they regard the Laws of Parliament, by their innovating upon them, acting in ſuch a Manner as is unknown in Parliamentary Proceedings, from which it is my Duty, if poſſible, not to permit any Deviation, and I will be ſure not to give Encouragement for any, by acting with unſeaſonable Lenity on my Part, I DO THEREFORE DISSOLVE this General Aſſembly, and it is accordingly diſſolved.

C. G. MONTAGU.

WILLIAMSBURG, November 19.

This Day died, after a tedious and painful Illneſs, the Honourable WILLIAM NELSON, Eſq; Preſident of his Majeſty's Council in this Colony. We cannot help condoling with the Public, for the Loſs of ſo benevolent a Member of Society, ſo firm a Patriot, and ſo upright a Judge. Our Affection and Reſpect would lead us to draw this excellent Character at full Length, but we are certain his Virtues have made too deep an Impreſſion on his Countrymen, to need the Aſſiſtance of Panegyric.

Lately died Mr. WILLIAM TEMPLEMAN, Merchant, in Fredericksburg; a Gentleman who, for Goodneſs of Heart, Integrity, and every ſocial Virtue, has hardly *left behind him his Fellow.*

BOSTON, November 19.

On Sunday, the 15th Current, Captain Joſeph Doane, junior, ſailed from Chatham Harbour, on the Back of Cape-Cod, and ſoon after, viz. about Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, ſaw a Schooner with a Signal of Diſtreſs, and, going on board, found one Man only in her, who appeared to be in a great Fright, and gave the following Account, viz. That the Day before, the ſaid Schooner, Thomas Nickerſon, Maſter, ſailed from Boſton Harbour, bound to Chatham; that about Two o'Clock the next Morning they ſaw a Topſail Schooner; that the Man who gave this Account, fearing he ſhould be impreſſed, ſlung himſelf with a Rope, and let himſelf down over the Stern; that four Boats, with armed Men, came on board; that, whilſt he was thus hanging over the Stern, he judges by what he heard, that the Maſter, Mate, and one Man, were murdered, and a Boy carried away alive; that he heard talk of burning the Veſſel, but it was finally agreed to leave her to drive out to Sea with her Sails ſtanding; that after they left her, he came upon Deck, found none of the Crew, but ſaw the Marks of their being murdered; and Captain Doane ſays, that when he came an board, the Decks were bloody, the Cheſts all broke open and plundered, and the Head knocked out of a Barrel of Rum, and two or three Gallons only left in it.

This Account was ſent by Captain Doane, to Edward Bacon, Eſq; of Barnſtable, who immediately tranſmitted the ſame, by Expreſs, to his Excellency the Governor, and went, on the 16th, from Barnſtable to Chatham, in order to examine the Perſon found on board, after which he was to ſend another Expreſs to the Governor. At One o'Clock this Day we have no furtherIntelligence, except that a Traveller from Chatham confirms the Account as above.

As ſoon as his Excellency had acquainted Admiral Montagu with the Intelligence (the Ships under his Command being all unrigged, and laid up for the Winter) he ordered the Lively Frigate to be fitted for Sea, without Loſs of a Moment's Time. This was about Nine o'Clock, on Tueſday, and the next Morning, by Day-light, the Ship was ready to ſail, but waited for a Pilot until Noon, when ſhe was towed down by the Boats belonging to the Fleet.

An Expreſs was alſo immediately ſent to Rhode-Iſland, for his Majeſty's Ships there.

Nov. 23. Thurſday Evening the ſecond Expreſs came in, with Advice, that the Perſon found on board, had been examined before two of his Majeſty's Juſtices, who had thought proper to diſmiſs him, the Father of the two Men, ſuppoſed to be murdered, having been preſent at the Examination, and conſenting to his Diſmiſſion; but, upon a View of the Examination, and conſulting with ſuch of the Commiſſioners for Trial of Piracies, &c. as were in Town, his Excellency thought fit to iſſue his Warrant for apprehending the Perſon, and the Expreſs went off before Sun-riſe the next Morning, and reached Barnſtable about Midnight. The Juſtices, upon further Reflection, have thought fit to take the Perſon again into Cuſtody by a freſh Warrant; and upon a ſecond Examination, had committed him to Barnſtable Goal, in order to receive Directions from the Governor; and the laſt Evening, about 7 o'Clock, he was brought under a ſtrong Guard to the Province-Houſe, and examined before the Governor, Admiral Montagu, the Lieutenant-Governor, and the Secretary, Commiſſioners as aforeſaid, and about 11 o'Clock was committed to Goal, in order to his Trial, The Man's Name is Amell Nickerſon. Two of the Perſons miſſing, viz. Thomas Nickerſon, and Sparrow Nickerſon, were Couſins german to him, the Third, Eliſha Newcomb, married their Siſter, the Fourth, William Kent, jun. was a Boy of the ſame Town, about 13 Years of Age.

Yeſterday the Lively Frigate, diſpatched by the Admiral immediately upon receiving the firſt Account, returned again, without gaining Intelligence of ſuch a Pirate Schooner being ſeen there.

It is now made certain that there is no Pirate Schooner on the Coaſt, which has been ſo long rumoured; but, from ſtrong Marks of Suſpicion, the Perſon confined in Goal, who originated the Report, we fear has perpetrated a moſt inhuman and unprecedented Crime.

On Thurſday laſt the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of this Town, being duly warned, legally aſſembled in Faneuil-Hall, to conſider the Report of the Committee, appointed at a former Meeting, on the 2d Inſtant, to ſtate the Rights of the Coloniſts, and of this Province in particular, enumerate the Violations thereof that have been made, and form a Letter of Correſpondence to the other Towns. The ſaid Report was firſt read by the Chairman, and afterwards by the Moderator, the Hon. John Hancock, Eſq; and thoroughly examined and amended by the Town, when it was accepted by a full Vote, Nemine contradicente. The Town then voted, that theſe Proceedings be printed; and ordered the Town Clerk to ſign printed Copies of the ſame, in the Name and Behalf of the Town, to be ſent to the Selectmen of each Town and Diſtrict in the Province, and to ſuch other Gentlemen as the Committee ſhall direct. Thus the Matter is left to the candid Conſideration of our Brethren and Fellow Subjects in general.

The following is an Extract of the Letter, reported at the late Meeting of this Town, and then ordered to be ſent to the Towns in the Country.

"A free Communication of your Sentiments to this Town, of our common Danger, is earneſtly ſollicited, and will be gratefully received. If you concur with us in Opinion, that our Rights are properly ſtated, and that the ſeveral Acts of Parliament and Meaſures of Adminiſtration pointed out by us, are ſubverſive of thoſe Rights, you will doubtleſs think it of the utmoſt Importance, that we ſtand firm as one Man to recover and ſupport them; and to take ſuch Meaſures, by inſtructing our Repreſentatives, or otherwiſe, as your Wiſdom and Fortitude ſhall dictate, to reſcue from impending Ruin our happy and glorious Conſtitution. But, if it ſhould be the general Voice of this Province, that the Rights, as we have ſtated them, do not belong to us, or that the ſeveral Meaſures of Adminiſtration are no Violation of theſe Rights, or that, if they are thus violated and infringed, they are not worth contending for, and reſolutely maintaining---Should this be the general Voice of the Province, we muſt be reſigned to our wretched Fate; but ſhall for ever lament the Extinction of that generous Ardour for civil and religious Liberty, which, in the Face of every Danger, and even Death itſelf, induced our Fathers to forſake the Boſom of their native Country, and begin a Settlement on bare Creation. But we truſt this cannot be the Caſe: We are ſure your Wiſdom, your Regard to yourſelves and the riſing Generation, cannot ſuffer you to doze or ſit ſupinely indifferent on the Brink of Deſtruction, while the Iron Hand of Oppreſſion is daily tearing the choiceſt Fruit from the Fair Tree of Liberty, planted by our Predeceſſors, at the Expence of their Treaſure, and abundantly watered with their Blood."

PHILADELPHIA, *December* 2.

Extract of a Letter from Barbados, October 17.

"On the Second of this Month, I fell in with the Sloop Ripton, Captain Lewis, from New-Haven bound for Antigua, out 42 Days, who informed me, that in a Gale of Wind he overſet, which obliged him to cut away his Maſt, having loſt 16 Head of Cattle, and one Man, overboard; being when I ſpoke him in Lat. 24, Long. 61."

Captain Ewing, from Londonderry, on the 10th ult. in Lat. 36:43, Long. 54, ſpoke the Ship Sally, Captain Buchanan, from Virginia for London, out 10 Days; the ſame Day ſpoke the Halifax Packet, from New-York for Falmouth; and on the 18th, in Lat. 36:40, Long. 64, he ſpoke the Brig Sophia, Captain Haſelton; from this Port for Liſbon, out ſix Days, all well.

Captain M'Cutcheon, from Cork, on the 12th of September, in Lat. 49:59, Long. 15:13, ſpoke the Ship Elizabeth and Mary, Captain Young, from Maryland for London; on the 28th of October, in Lat. 38:26, Long. 67:25, ſpoke the Ship Philadelphia, Captain Malcolm, from this Port for Liverpool, out 5 Days, all well; and on the 3d of November, in Lat. 34:40, Long. 69:54, he ſpoke a Sloop, from Maryland for Antigua, out 5 Days, but could not learn the Maſter's Name.---On the 22d of October, in Lat. 38:54, Long. 72:28, Captain M'Cutcheon met with a violent Gale of Wind, in which he loſt his Mainmaſt, Yards and Sails.

Captain Goodwin, from Barbados, on the 12th ult. in Lat. 34, Long. 73, ſpoke the Sloop Black Prince, Captain Campbell, from Ocracock for Antigua; and the ſame Day he ſpoke the Schooner North-Carolina Packet, Captain Aſh, from Ocracock for St. Euſtatia, all well.

Captain Patton, from the Bay of Honduras, on the 30th of October, in Lat. 29:30, Long. 79, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Brooks, from Jamaica for New-York; and on the 10th of laſt Month, in Lat. 35, Long. 74, he ſpoke a Brig, from Boſton for Cape-Fear, but could not learn the Maſter's Name.

By Captain Simmonds, from Barbados, we learn, that the Ship Mercury, Captain Steel, from this Port, arrived at that Iſland the 25th of October, having met with a very hard Gale of Wind on his Paſſage, in which he was laid on his Beam Ends, loſt his Boats, and was obliged to cut away his Mainmaſt.---On the 14th ult. in Lat. 33:35, Long. 72:30, Captain Simmonds ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Buckingham, from Tortola for Maryland, out 19 Days, all well; and on the 21ſt, in Lat. 36:38, Long. 73:30, he ſpoke a Sloop, from Rhode-Iſland for North-Carolina, out three Days, but did not learn the Maſter's Name.

Captain Harper, from Grenada, on the 29th of October, off the Iſland of St. Chriſtophers, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Gilpin, from this Port, bound in there, out 24 Days; and the next Day he ſpoke a Sloop, from Norfolk for Antigua, out 20 Days.

Captain Farmer, arrived at New-York from London, on the 26th of October, in Lat. 41:20, Long. 32, ſpoke the Ship Polly, Captain Seely, and the Ship Friendſhip, Captain Croſs, both from Maryland for London, 4 Weeks out; on the 7th of November, in Lat. 38:33, ſpoke a Brig, Captain Baker, from London for South-Carolina; 15th, in Lat. 37:21, ſpoke a Ship, from Virginia for Glaſgow, 3 Days out; and on the 20th, in Lat. 39:16, he ſpoke a Sloop, from Philadelphia for Falmouth, N. E. five Days out.

Captain Holbrook, from Briſtol, alſo arrived at New-York, on the 16th of laſt Month, in Lat. 46, Long. 66, ſpoke the Ship Concord, Captain Volans, of this Port, bound to Briſtol from the Bay of Honduras, ſix Weeks out.

In the New-York Papers we find, that by the Vigilance of the Magiſtrates, &c. in the County of Albany, no leſs than twelve Perſons were lately taken up and committed to Goal, for counterfeiting and paſſing counterfeit Money of that Province. There were found in the Poſſeſſion of the different Offenders, ſeveral Plates for ſtriking Three Pounds and Five Shillings, New-York Bills, and Jerſey Bills of different Denominations; alſo two Preſſes, and a Quantity of Types; a Stamp for Dollars, and other Implements, with a Quantity of Bills, ſome finiſhed, and ſome unfiniſhed.

*** DR. GRAHAM, *Oculiſt* and *Auriſt*, has returned from the Country, and may be conſulted, as uſual, in all the Diſorders of the Eyes and Ears, at his Houſe, at the Corner of Fifth and Market-ſtreets, in this City.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following* Goods *in* Philadelphia.

Flour 20s. 6d. Wheat 7s. Indian Corn 3s. 3d. Ship Bread 21s. Middling Ditto 32s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 3l. 10s. Hogſhead Ditto 6l. 10s. Red Oak Ditto 5l. 10s. Iriſh Beef 3l. 10s. Country Ditto 3l. Pork 4l. 15s. Weſt-India Rum 3s. 8d. New-England Ditto 2s. 3d. Pennſylvania Ditto 2s. 4d. Madeira Wine 50l. to 70l. Muſcovado Sugar 45s. to 56s. Melaſſes 2s. Pennſylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 16s. Tar 16s. Turpentine 18s. Rice 24s. Liſbon Salt 3s. Bohea Tea 4s. 3d. Hemp 6d. Cotton 16d. Bar-Iron 27l. Pig Ditto 8l. 10s. Flaxſeed 10s. 6d.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*. INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Hetty, S. Benezet, and Schooner King Tamony, R. Shewell, from Hiſpaniola. Brig Sally, J. Taylor, Leoganne. Brig Henry, J. Vickary, Montſerrat. Brig Betty, T. Cragg, Dominica. Sloop Hope, S. Seymour, Surrinam. Brig Nancy, J. Fell, St. Euſtatia. Brig Elizabeth, J. Davidſon, Jamaica. Brig Lovely Laſs, P. Bruſter, Madeira. Brig Tartar, J. Patton, and Ship Hercules, L. Albro, Honduras. Sloop Young Henry, J. Goodwin, and Brig Rachel, L. Simmons, Barbados. Brig Becky, J. Harper, Grenades. Sloop Tryal, T. Crippen, Brig Recovery, C. Alexander, Schooner Peggy, G. Crombie, Sloop Speedwell, J. Ardis, and Sloop Siſters, J. Corrie, Virginia. Schooner Phœnix, J. Beard, Nantucket. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, and Sloop Sally, T. Alberſon, N. York. Sloop Triton, P. Cooke, N. England. Brig Wilmington, J. Patterſon, Schooner Patty, W. Shinns, Schooner Neptune, J. King, and Schooner Two Brothers, N. Ming, N. Carolina. Sloop America, N. Lamſon, Brig Sally, T. Davis, and Sloop Molly, E. Rodgers, Boſton. Sloop Suſanna, W. Wyar, Piſcataqua. Schooner Pennſylvania Packet, J. Dougherty, Maryland. Sloop Patty, J. Harris, N. London. Brig Betſey, D. M'Cutcheon, Cork. Ship Jupiter, A. Ewing, Londonderry. Ship Newry's Aſſiſtance, R. Cuningham, from New-Caſtle.

OUTWARDS. Schooner Phœnix, J. Beard, Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, and Sloop Three Brothers, R. Gardner, for Nantucket. Sloop Triton, P. Cooke, N. England. Sloop Beveridge, R. French, St. Euſtatia. Sloop Hannah, J. Woods, Tortola. Sloop America, N. Lamſon, Boſton. Brig Lovely Laſs, P. Bruſter, Jamaica. Schooner Rebecca, J. Holden, and Schooner Lovely Laſs, J. Stephen, Virginia. Brig Betty, T. Cragg, Dominica. Brig Henry, J. Vickary, for Montſerrat.

CLEARED. Ship Britannia, J. Peter, to S. Carolina. Ship Two Brothers, R. Adams, Liſbon. Sloop William's Relief, C. Place, Grenades. Ship Charming Nancy, J. Craig, and Ship Minerva, J. Johnſon, Jamaica. Ship Charming Nancy, C. Biddle, and Snow Phœbe, W. Caſtle, Barbados. Ship Ann, G. Fortin, Briſtol. Schooner Nancy, J. Buchanan, Sloop North-Carolina Packet, A. Dyer, Sloop Diſpatch, S. Thompſon, and Sloop Two Brothers, J. Hunn, N. Carolina. Schooner Suſanna, S. Green, N. Providence. Ship Lydia, T. Dean, Liverpool. Ship Severn, J. Hathorne, Leghorn. Ship Lion, J. Hamilton, Vigo. Sloop Sally, R. Burchall, Tortola. Brig Grenada Packet, F. Illingworth, Grenades. Brig Content, T. Dewick, to Maryland.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, and to be SOLD, on the firſt Day of SALE (of which Notice will be given) at the CITY VENDUE-STORE, in FRONT-STREET, for PRIME COST, A VARIETY of

The beſt and richeſt SILKS, *viz.*

BLACK, coloured, blue, white and aſh TAFFETIES; crimſon, cloth, blue and white DAMASKS; blue and pink SATTINS; blue, cloth and crimſon PADUASOYS; Mens rich flowered SILKS; and curious rich figured VELVETS.

N. B. The above may be ſeen, any Time, at the VENDUE-STORE. † 1W.

LATELY IMPORTED, BY

JAMES BRINGHURST,

From various parts of Great-Britain, and to be ſold at his Warehouſe in the Bank, on Front and Water-ſtreets, below Walnut-ſtreet,

A LARGE and general aſſortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Japanned Ware, &c. &c. To enumerate the particulars would require too much room for a publication in this paper.

Alſo ſheet glaſs, in crates; window glaſs, of various ſizes, in boxes; diamonds for cutting glaſs; and a general aſſortment of painters colours, either dry or ground in oil; linſeed oil, by the barrel, or ſmaller quantity; gold leaf, Dutch leaf, &c. &c. grindſtones, of various ſizes; likewiſe ſome of the beſt Glouceſter cheeſe.---A quantity of Clover-Seed to diſpoſe of. ¶

Juſt imported from LONDON, and to be SOLD by

DAVID SHAKESPEAR,

At Mr. SAMUEL DAVIS's, Hatter, the corner of Church-alley, In Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

ALL kinds of RIBBONS, which he will ſell, for caſh, at 65 per cent. on the ſterling coſt; alſo ſundry other Dry Goods; Hardware, Jewellery, &c. and as he purpoſes to continue importing to ſell by wholeſale only, he hopes that the ſmall advance put on them will recommend him to the cuſtom of the city and country ſhopkeepers; which favour he will gratefully acknowledge. ¶

WANTED, ſeveral Sums of Money, on undoubted Security; Boys to go Apprentices to different Trades.---To be diſpoſed of, a valuable Negroe Man, this Country born, about 23 Years of Age, bred to farming Buſineſs; likewiſe ſeveral young Negroe Girls, and a fine breeding Wench. A Gardiner, who has many other Qualifications, offers himſelf for Service; likewiſe ſeveral Coachmen, and Waitingmen; a Number of wet Nurſes, and a Parcel of Girls, who can be well recommended, want Places. Several valuable Tracts of Land, Iron-Works, &c. to be ſold very cheap, and a neat Chamber Organ. For further Particulars, pleaſe to apply at the INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, in Front-ſtreet, where due Attendance is given, by the Public's obliged Friend,

¶ WILLIAM IBISON, Broker.

STOLEN from EDWARD BARTHOLOMEW, late Inn-keeper, in Montgomery townſhip, Philadelphia county, the 26th of November, 1772, a red roan MARE, left a Colt behind her, about 14 hands and an inch high, trots well, and paces a ſmall travel, 9 years old; with an old ſaddle, green pluſh houſings, and leather girth. Whoever takes up ſaid Mare, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, or FOUR POUNDS for the Mare and Thief, paid by the ſubſcriber, living in New-Britain townſhip, Bucks county. SAMUEL WIER. ¶

For CHARLES-TOWN, in SOUTH-CAROLINA,

The BRIG FRIENDSHIP,

JOSEPH BLEWER, MASTER;

HAVING genteel Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient Speed. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter, at his Houſe in Southwark, or on board, at Joſeph Sims's Wharff; or to DANIEL ROBINSON, at his Store on ſaid Wharff, who has for Sale, Carolina Soal-Leather, new Rice, and Lignumvitæ. ¶

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING, will be preſented, A TRAGEDY, called

GEORGE BARNWELL,

Or, The LONDON MERCHANT.

George Barnwell, by Mr. HALLAM,
Thorowgood, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Truman, by Mr. PARKER,
Uncle, by Mr. HENRY,
Blunt, by Mr. MORRIS,
Maria, by Miſs STORER,
Lucy, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Millwood, by Mrs. MORRIS.

In ACT I. SINGING, by Mr. WOOLLS.

To which will be ADDED,

LOVE A-LA-MODE.

Sir Callaghan O'Brallaghan (with Songs) by Mr. HENRY,
Sir Archy Macſarcaſm, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Squire Groom, by Mr. WALL,
Beau Mordecai, by Mr. MORRIS,
Sir Theodore, by Mr. PARKER,
The Lady, by Miſs RICHARDSON.

The Doors to be opened at Four, and the Play to begin exactly at Six o'Clock.---No Perſon, on any Account whatſoever, can poſſibly be admitted behind the Scenes.---Places in the Boxes may be taken at the Theatre.---Ladies and Gentlemen will pleaſe to ſend their Servants at Four o'Clock.----TICKETS, without which no Perſon can be admitted, are ſold at the Bar of the Coffee-houſe.

BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

November 27, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 14th day of December next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Deborah Siddon, in Newtown, Bucks county, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and three pieces or parcels of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Bedminſter, bounded by land of Joſeph Townſend, Widow M'Fall, Nicholas Dillon, and others, containing in the whole about 120 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; late the eſtate of Thomas Dillon; ſeized and taken in execution by

¶ RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 14th day of December next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Deborah Siddon, in Newtown, two pieces or parcels of land, adjoining Johiccon Creek, in the townſhip of Plumſted, containing in the whole about 48 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; late the eſtate of John Clawſon; ſeized and taken in execution by ¶ RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff.

Kenſington, November 22, 1772.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, out of the ſubſcriber's ſtable, on Saturday night, the 21ſt inſtant, a very likely large BAY GELDING, full 15 hands and an inch high, 3 years old laſt ſpring, has a long tail, which may be made ſhort, a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, round noſe, ſome white on one of his hind feet, has a ſmall ſcar on one of his buttocks, near the tail, ſuppoſed to be made by the horn of a cow, and may be eaſily diſcovered; he is about half blooded, and has no other gaits than walk, trot, and gallop. Whoever ſecures the ſaid horſe, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS, and for the thief FIVE POUNDS more, paid by me WILLIAM PEARSON. ¶

STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Lower Makefield, in Bucks county, on the 22d of November, 1772, a large black brown MARE, near 15 hands high, 14 or 15 years old, with a large white in her forehead, and goes ſmaller down to her noſe, and has a large thick mane and foretop, a natural pacer, ſhod before. Whoever takes her up, ſo that the owner may have her again, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and for ſecuring the thief, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS more, and all reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM WHARTON. ¶

Philadelphia, November 30, 1772.

STRAYED or STOLEN, laſt night, out of Jacob Shoemaker's paſture, near the Center-houſe, a likely ſorrel MARE, about 14 hands high, 8 or 9 years old, neither brand nor ear-mark, a ſtar in her forehead, a thin mane and tail, and appears as if ſhe was with foal, a natural pacer, and ſhod before. Whoever takes up the ſaid Mare, and brings her to the ſubſcriber, living in White-horſe-alley, ſhall receive THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ JONATHAN SHOEMAKER.

Philadelphia, October 30, 1772.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Second-ſtreet, laſt night, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, and about 8 years old; ſhe hath neither brand nor ear-mark, but has had a lump under her near ſhoulder, which, however, is now ſo far gone that it is not obſerved, but by the ſkin being looſer at that place than the reſt. She is a genteel creature, and a natural pacer. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may have the mare again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward of SIX POUNDS, and for the mare alone THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by me GEORGE SLOSSER. *Tf.*

THE PROPRIETORS of the BORDEN-TOWN and BURLINGTON STAGE-WAGGONS, do hereby inform the Public, that the high Price of Grain, lays them under a Neceſſity of raiſing the Fare of Paſſengers, going to and from South-Amboy, and that from the Firſt Day of this inſtant December, a Paſſenger muſt pay Five Shillings, to or from Borden-Town, and Six Shillings, to or from Burlington.

JOSEPH BORDEN, JOSEPH FOLWELL.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, at the Head of Alloway's Creek, in the county of Salem, and province of New-Jerſey,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION and TRACT of LAND, containing 250 ACRES, about 100 cleared, 40 whereof are good meadow; there is on ſaid place, a good brick houſe, with barn, ſtabling, and other out-houſes; likewiſe a good ſtream of water, and a ſaw-mill, lately rebuilt, the ſtream and conveniences very ſuitable to erect a griſt or merchant-mill. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes. ISAAC OAKFORD. ‖ 6w.

Philadelphia, December 1, 1772.

STOLEN, *out of a paſture, on Sunday night laſt, between the Upper and Middle Ferry, a black* MARE, *about* 14½ *hands high, about* 12 *years old, been uſed to draw, the collar has worn ſome of the hair off her neck, a large ſtar in her forehead, remarkably grey about her head and under her mane, branded on the near buttock with three letters, two of them S. H. the other unknown, with a ſmall ſwitch tail, ſhod all round with ſteeled ſhoes, a natural trotter, but paces ſome. Whoever will diſcover the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive* FORTY SHILLINGS *reward for the Mare and Thief, or* TWENTY SHILLINGS *for the Mare only, paid by* RICHARD SHEA, *living near Mr. Hiltzheimer's ſtables, between Sixth and Seventh-ſtreets.*

For LONDONDERRY,

The SHIP JUPITER,

ALEXANDER EWING, MASTER;

WILL ſail in TWO WEEKS, having Three Fourths of her Cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the Maſter on board, at William Allen, Eſquire's Wharff. *December* 2, 1772.

IN Purſuance of a late Act of GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, intituled, "An Act for regulating, pitching, paving and cleanſing the Highways, Streets, Lanes and Alleys; and for regulating, making and amending the Water-Courſes; and Common-Sewers, within the inhabited and ſettled Parts of the City of PHILADELPHIA:" We the Subſcribers, COMMISSIONERS, by the ſaid Act authoriſed and appointed, with the Aſſent of the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen of ſaid City, have limited, directed and appointed, That no Vault, Well or Sink, hereafter to be dug and made in the ſeveral built Parts of the ſaid City, for Privies, or Neceſſary-Houſes, ſhall exceed the Depths under-mentioned. And all Perſons whom it does or may concern, are deſired to take due Notice thereof, and govern themſelves accordingly, as it is in ſaid Law enacted, "That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall dig, or cauſe to be dug, any ſuch Vault, Well or Sink, for Privies, or Neceſſary-Houſes, of any greater Depth than ſhall be limited and appointed by the Authority aforeſaid, every ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending, and being thereof legally convicted, ſhall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and the Perſon or Perſons employed in digging the ſame, ſhall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds."

In Penn-Street, on the Weſt Side.

From Cedar-Street to Pine-Street, from or below the Level of Penn-Street, Ten Feet.

In Plumb-Street, on both Sides.

From the Level of the ſaid Street, Six Feet.

In King-Street.

From Spruce-Street to Vine-Street, Six Feet.

In Front-ſtreet, on the Eaſt Side.

From Pine to Vine, below the Level of King-Street, Six Feet.

In Front-Street, on the Weſt Side, Half-way Weſtward to Second-Street, from the Level of Front-Street.

From Vine-Street to Emlen's Alley, Eighteen Feet.
From Emlen's Alley to High-Street, Twenty Feet.
From High-Street to Walnut-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Walnut-Street to the Drawbridge, Fourteen Feet.
From Spruce-Street to Union-Street, Twelve Feet.
From Union-Street to Pine-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From Pine-Street to Cedar-Street, Eighteen Feet.

In Second-Street, on the Eaſt Side, Half-way Eaſtward to Front-Street, from the Level of Second-Street.

From Cedar-Street to Pine-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Pine-Street to Union-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From Union to an Alley between Brown and Fiſher, Twelve Feet.
From ſaid Alley to Walnut-Street, Fourteen Feet.
From Walnut-Street to Cheſtnut-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From Cheſtnut-Street to Vine-Street, Twenty Feet.

In Second-Street, on the Weſt Side, Half-way to Third-Street.

From the Level of Second-Street (excepting in the hollow or low Ground, between Second and Third-Streets, and between Mulberry-Street and Church-Alley, in which they may be dug Sixteen Feet deep, to be meaſured from the Surface of the Earth there.)

From Vine-Street to Cheſtnut-Street, Twenty Feet.
From Cheſtnut to Union-Street, Fifteen Feet.
From Union to Cedar-Street, Eighteen Feet.

In Third-Street, on the Eaſt Side, Half-way to Second-Street, from the Level of Third-Street (excepting as before excepted.)

From Cedar-Street to Cheſtnut-Street, Fifteen Feet.
From Cheſtnut-Street to Vine-Street, Twenty Feet.

In Third-Street, on the Weſt Side, Half-way to Fourth-Street, from the Level of Third-Street.

From Vine-Street to High-ſtreet, Twenty Feet.
From High-Street to Cheſtnut-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Cheſtnut-Street to Cedar-Street, Fifteen Feet.

In Fourth-Street, on the Eaſt Side, Half-way to Third-Street, from the Level of Fourth-Street.

From Cedar-Street to Willing's-Alley, Fifteen Feet.
From Willing's-Alley to Cheſtnut-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From Cheſtnut-Street to High-Street, Fifteen Feet.
From High-Street to Mulberry-Street, Fourteen Feet.
From Mulberry-Street to Vine-Street, Twenty Feet.

In Fourth-Street, on the Weſt Side, Half-way to Fifth-Street, from the Level of Fourth-Street.

From Vine-Street to Mulberry-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Mulberry-Street to High-Street, Fourteen Feet.
From High-Street to Cheſtnut-Street, Fifteen Feet.
From Cheſtnut-Street Southward, as far as Willing's-Alley, Eighteen Feet.
From thence to Cedar-Street, Fifteen Feet.

In Fifth-Street, on the Eaſt Side, Half-way to Fourth-Street, from the Level of Fifth-Street.

From Cedar-Street to Walnut-Street, Fifteen Feet.
From Walnut-Street to High-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From High-Street to Saſſafras-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From Saſſafras-Street to Vine-Street, Twenty Feet.

On the Weſt Side of Fifth-Street, extending Half-way to Sixth-Street, from the Level of Fifth-Street.

From Vine-Street to Saſſafras-Street, Twenty Feet.
From Saſſafras-Street to High-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From High-Street to Walnut-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Walnut-Street to Cedar-Street, Fifteen Feet.

In Sixth-Street, both Sides, extending Eaſtward Half-way to Fifth-Street, and Weſtward Half-way to Seventh-Street, from the Level of Sixth-Street.

From Vine-Street to Mulberry-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Mulberry-Street to Cheſtnut-Street, Twenty Feet.
From Cheſtnut-Street to Cedar-Street, Eighteen Feet.

In Seventh-Street, both Sides, extending Eaſtward Half-way to Sixth-Street, and Weſtward Half-way to Eighth-Street, from the Level of Seventh-Street.

From Vine-Street to High-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From High-Street to Strangers Burying-Ground, 18 Feet.

In High-Street, from Half-way between Seventh and Eighth-Streets, Weſtward to Broad-Street, in Center Square.

From that Part of High-Street Northward, Half-way to Mulberry-Street, Twenty Feet.

And from High-Street Southward, Half-way to Cheſtnut-Street, Twenty Feet.

JAMES STEPHENS, JOHN DRINKER, ABRAHAM BICKLEY, DAVIS BASSET, SAMUEL ROBINSON, JOSEPH MOULDER.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick county, Maryland,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, containing about 1700 acres, lying on Conecocheague creek, about 80 miles from Baltimore, 30 miles from Frederick-town, and 6 miles from Huger's-town. There are ſeveral good improvements on the ſaid tract, on one of which the ſubſcriber now lives, whereon is a good new ſtone dwelling-houſe, new ſtone kitchen, good new griſt-mill and ſaw-mill (the mill-houſes built of ſtone) an extraordinary good orchard, that produces 60 hogſheads of cyder yearly, there are already 80 acres of good meadow made, and in very good order, and 200 more may eaſily be made, about 200 acres of upland cleared on the ſaid plantation, it lies in a populous part of the country, and is well ſituated for any public buſineſs; the land is well known, and needs little to recommend it; the ſoil is rich, well watered with ſprings, and extremely well timbered; it commands a beautiful proſpect of Conecocheague creek, being nearly ſurrounded by it; it is well ſituated to divide in 4 or 5 plantations. Terms of ſale may be known, by applying to the ſubſcriber, who will give an indiſputable title to the purchaſer, free from any incumbrance, with the quitrents paid up to the day of ſale. ISAAC BAKER. ¶8w.

WANTS a PLACE,

A WET NURSE, from the Country, with a good Breaſt of Milk, can be well recommended. Enquire of the Printers.

Cheſter-Town, Maryland, September 22, 1772.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber, about a fortnight ago, a middle ſized bay GELDING, five or ſix years old, paces a ſlow travel, has been uſed to a carriage, large flat hoofs, and branded on the near buttock (if not on both) with the letter W. Whoever ſecures ſaid horſe, ſo as I get him again, ſhall receive, if taken out of the county, TWENTY SHILLINGS, if out of the province, FORTY SHILLINGS, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by ¶7/6 ANTHONY BANNING.

Juſt imported in the ſhip Betſey, Captain Hood, from Briſtol, and to be ſold by

TIMOTHY BERRETT,

In Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, a neat aſſortment of PLATED WORK, JEWELLERY and HARD WARE, conſiſting of

PLATED tea urns, coffee-pots, caſtors and crewet-frames, waiters from 7 to 18 inches, bread-baſkets, candleſticks, ſalts, ſhoe and knee-buckles. Foilſtone and paſte threaded ſhoe, knee and ſtock-buckles; foilſtone ſolitaire ditto ear-rings, ſtay-hooks, hair pins; paſte ear-rings, marquiſate, garnet, pearl, coe de pearl, with drops, creſcent, with and without knots, ditto; marquiſate fancy hair pins; foilſtone, mocoa, garnet and twiſted gold rings; gold, garnet and foilſtone lockets; ſilver, gilt, plated and ſhagreen inſtrument caſes; ladies gilt watch chains, ſeals and keys; gilt ſhoe and knee-buckles, lockets, broaches; beſt and common Pinchbeck buckles, ſteel ſhoe-buckles, watch chains, ſeals and keys; enamelled gilt mounted ſnuff-boxes and ſleeve-buttons; Plated, green ivory, camwood and black ditto knives and forks; beſt and common Barlow penknives, ditto black poliſhed razors. two very neat enamelled arch dials, and a few ſetts of unfiniſhed clock movements, with a variety of clock and watch-makers tools, main-ſprings and files of all kinds; a very handſome japanned table, and a neat aſſortment of japanned trays and waiters, of the neweſt patterns, all which he is determined to ſell on the very loweſt terms for caſh.

N.B. A BARREL ORGAN, with five ſtops, plays 22 different tunes, to be diſpoſed of, for caſh or dry goods.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, at Church-hill, in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, on MONDAY, the 15th day of December next, to continue from day to day until the whole is ſold; the following mill, lands, tenements and chattels, lately aſſigned to truſtees, by William and John Ruth, for the diſcharge of certain debts due from them.

A GRIST or MERCHANT-MILL, and TRACT of LAND, containing 15 acres, ten acres thereof meadow, ſituate at Church-hill, on the ſouth-eaſt branch of Cheſter river, within four miles of the ſhips channel, and about a mile from the landing, where ſhallops load and unload, in a plentiful wheat country, 42 miles water-carriage to Baltimore-town, 25 miles from Dover, and 28 miles from Duck-creek, where a number of great roads meet, from the Lower counties, on Delaware, to Philadelphia, to Cheſter-town, on Cheſter river, to Annapolis, &c.---The mill and dam are in good order, and eaſily kept in repair, the ſtream very conſtant, and plenty of water in dry ſeaſons, accommodated with two pair of ſtones, double geared, bolting-cloths and hoiſting-gears, all go by water, &c. Alſo a Cooper's ſhop adjoining; near the mill, on the ſame tract, and to be ſold with it, are a frame dwelling-houſe, two rooms on a floor, with three fire-places, a kitchen, ſtable, chair-houſe, &c.

One hundred and three acres of LAND, called *Ruth's Purchaſe*, ſituate at and adjoining Church-hill, very convenient for any public buſineſs.

A LOT, ſituate on Church-hill, containing one acre and an half, with a large frame dwelling-houſe thereon, two ſtories high, and four rooms on a floor, well finiſhed, with a cellar under the whole, a good kitchen and chambers, with a piazza between the houſe and kitchen, a granary, that will hold 1500 buſhels of wheat, a ſtable for eight horſes, a chair-houſe, ſmoke-houſe and oven, a garden, fenced in with plank, rents for £45 per annum.

Two acres and three-quarters of LAND, called *Ruth's Iſland*, in the ſouth-eaſt branch of Cheſter river, near the aforeſaid mill.

Eight acres of woodland, part of a tract called *Brotherhood*, nearly adjoining Church-hill, on the great road leading from Annapolis to Philadelphia, &c. being a good ſtand for a tradeſman.

Four acres and three-quarters of LAND, called *Beginning*, near Church-hill.

Thirty-three acres of good and well timbered LAND, called *Smith's Outrange*, within three miles of Church-hill, in the forks of the roads leading to Duck-creek and Head of Cheſter.

Seventy-five acres of good woodland, part of a tract called *Cloud's Adventure*, within a mile of Church-hill.

One hundred twelve acres and an half of very good LAND, adjoining to and part of ſaid tract, called *Cloud's Adventure*, about one half cleared, 10 or 11 acres thereof good meadow, an orchard of 175 apple-trees, a dwelling-houſe, 20 feet by 18, 1½ ſtory high, with good brick chimnies, well finiſhed, except plaiſtering and glazing, a kitchen, 28 feet by 20, a ſtory and an half high, with a brick chimney, a ſmoke-houſe 14 feet ſquare, a corn-houſe, 20 feet by 7, well boarded, paled garden, and yard.

Fifty acres of LAND, called *Spread Eagle*, near Church-hill.

Alſo, horſes, cows, oxen, a waggon, plows and gears, corn harrows, a quantity of new axes, plow-ſhares and colters, bolts, cleviſes, hooks and ſtaples, ſeveral ſetts of ox cleviſes, bolts and keys, ſeveral ſetts of ſharp pointed harrow teeth, a quantity of grubbing and weeding hoes and ſpades, two anvils, two bellows, two vizes, and a quantity of other ſmith's tools, a Dutch fan, an eight day clock, ſeveral feather beds and bedding, walnut tables, a large looking-glaſs, a deſk, pots, andirons, gridirons, &c. &c.

Time will be given for great part of the purchaſe money for the real eſtate, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, the chattels to be paid for in eight months from the day of ſale, with intereſt and ſecurity, if required. Attendance will be given at the time and place aforeſaid by

LODOWICK SPROGELL, Attorney to the Truſtees.

TO be SOLD by the Subſcriber, in Baltimore county, in the province of Maryland, 216½ acres of patent LAND, about 30 acres of which are lately cleared, and under good fence, the remainder remarkably well timbered and watered, there being ſundry fine ſprings on the ſame; the ſoil is good for tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, rye, or other grain; ſeveral acres of fine meadow may be made at ſmall expence; there are two ſmall tenements thereon, and ſome peach-trees; the ſaid land lies within ten miles of the flouriſhing town of Baltimore, and on the great road leading thereto. Any perſon wanting to view the land, may be ſhewn it, by Mr. William Ede, living near the premiſes, and for further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living about two miles from Nottingham Forges, and ſix miles from Joppa.

Sept. 5, 1772. JOHN HOWLAND. ¶10W.

To be SOLD, by way of PUBLIC VENDUE, on the premiſes, on Tueſday, the 22d of December next,

A CERTAIN TRACT of LAND, lying in Baltimore county, in the Forks of Winter's Run, containing about 291 acres, being the plantation whereon John Morgan now dwells, to be ſold by virtue of a deed of truſt, aſſigned to me, bearing date the 17th of June, 1772. There are on ſaid place, a dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtables, and a good orchard, about 6 acres of meadow cleared, and more may be made. The vendue to begin at 12 o'clock ſaid day, where attendance will be given, and credit for part of the purchaſe-money, by

Nov. 19, 1772. § JOHN BOWEN.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 16th day of December next, at 5 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe (if not ſold at any time before by private ſale)

A CONVENIENT good three ſtory brick HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, ſituate on the Bank of Delaware River, near Vine-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, now in the tenure of Thomas Barr, and rents for 30l. per annum, containing in breadth, on Front-ſtreet and Water-ſtreet, 15 feet, and in depth about 40 feet, ſubject to the Proprietaries thirds of One Shilling ſterling per foot, in breadth, per annum, and to the payment of Forty-five Shillings ſterling, per annum, ground-rent. The ſituation may ſuit either a Shopkeeper or Tradeſman, as it is near to the Slip or public Landing, where there is abundance of buſineſs carried on to great advantage, and commands the cuſtom of watermen. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, and be informed of the title and terms of ſale, by applying to SARAH BONNELL, Executrix; THOMAS BONNELL, and PETER THOMSON, Executors. *Nov. 23.*

THE Veſtry of *St. George's* Pariſh, in *Baltimore* County, deſire to inform any CLERGYMAN of the CHURCH of ENGLAND, who may incline to engage in diſcharging the Office of a Curate, That they will give him yearly THE SUM OF ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, Currency; and that they doubt not but the Pariſhioners will, by ready Subſcription, increaſe that Sum, in Proportion as, on Trial, he ſhall give Satisfaction. ¶6w.

TO BE SOLD,

A PIECE of LAND, about 20 acres, ſituate in the Northern Liberties, on the weſterly ſide of a road leading to the Falls of Schuylkill, near or oppoſite to the three mile ſtone on Germantown road; there are about four acres of meadow made, and three fine ſprings on the land; ſome of the earlieſt cherry and beſt peach trees; alſo an orchard of about 60 apple trees. The whole is in good fence. For terms, enquire of

¶ HENRY NAGLEE, living near the Premiſes.

FOR CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

THE BRIG *PRINCE OF WALES*, WILLIAM MOORE, MASTER;

WILL ſail in about ten days, having the greateſt part of her cargoe ready to go on board. For freight or paſſage, apply to MASON and HARTLEY, at their ſtore, oppoſite the Old Ferry, or ſaid Maſter on board, near Arch-ſtreet wharff.

To be ſold at ſaid ſtore, a quantity of Rice, with a variety of European and Eaſt-India Goods, ſuitable to the ſeaſon. §

FOR NEWRY,

The SHIP MINERVA, FRANCIS FEARISS, MASTER;

WILL ſail with the firſt Flaxſeed Veſſels, and has excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the MASTER on board, at WILLIAM ALLEN, Eſquire's Wharff. *Nov. 7.*

FOR LONDONDERRY,

THE BRIG BOSCAWEN, GEORGE MARSHALL, MASTER;

WILL ſail with the firſt Flaxſeed Veſſels, having a great Part of her Cargoe already engaged. For Freight, or Paſſage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the MASTER on board.

Captain MARSHALL has a few Barrels of choice Iriſh Beef, and Herrings, to diſpoſe of. *October 26, 1772.*

FOR BELFAST,

THE SHIP FRIENDSHIP, WILLIAM M'CULLOCH, MASTER;

IS a remarkable faſt ſailing ſhip, and has good accommodations for paſſengers; as great part of her cargoe is engaged, ſhe will ſail with the firſt flaxſeed ſhips. For freight or paſſage, apply to JAMES STUART, in Second-ſtreet, or ſaid MASTER on board, at Samuel Mifflin, Eſquire's wharff. *N. B.* Imported in ſaid ſhip, from Cork, a few barrels of beſt cargoe BEEF, to be ſold as above. *Tbc.*

FOR NEWRY,

The SHIP PHOEBE and PEGGY, DAVID M'CULLOUGH, MASTER;

IS a ſtout new ſhip, has extraordinary accommodations for paſſengers, and will ſail with the firſt flaxſeed veſſels, having the greateſt part of her cargoe already engaged. For freight or paſſage, apply to REESE MEREDITH, DAVID and WILLIAM DUNCAN, or ſaid Maſter on board, at Samuel Mifflin, Eſquire's wharff.

N. B. There are a few barrels of beſt Iriſh beef to be ſold, on board the ſaid ſhip *November 16.*

FOR LONDONDERRY,

The Ship WALLWORTH, CONOLLY M'CAUSLAND, COMMANDER;

WILL ſail in about three weeks, having the greateſt part of her cargoe engaged. For freight or paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, at Stamper's wharff, or to *Carſan, Barclay*, and *Mitchell*, who have for ſale a few FIRKINS of IRISH BUTTER. 5w.

FOR LONDONDERRY,

The Ship ALEXANDER, JAMES HUNTER, COMMANDER;

A STOUT new veſſel, with excellent accommodations for paſſengers; will ſail in about three weeks, having the greateſt part of her cargoe engaged. For freight or paſſage, apply to the Captain on board, at Stamper's wharff, or to *Carſan, Barclay*, and *Mitchell*. 5w.

FOR BRISTOL,

The SHIP BETSEY, SEYMOUR HOOD, MASTER;

IS a good veſſel, well accommodated for paſſengers, and expected to ſail about the Firſt of December. For freight or paſſage, apply to THOMAS CLIFFORD, and SONS, or ſaid Maſter on board, at their wharff. The times of a few indented SERVANT BOYS, juſt arrived in ſaid veſſel from Briſtol, to be diſpoſed of, apply as above.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

December 9, 1772. NUMB. 2294

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By Captain JENKINS, *arrived at Boſton, in ſix Weeks from London, we have the following Advices, viz.*

VIENNA, September 16.

NOTWITHSTANDING the Conferences are broken up between the Ruſſians and Turks, a certain Period was to be allowed (40 Days, if we remember right) before Hoſtilities commenced on either Side; ſo that it is poſſible Matters may ſtill be compromiſed without much Bloodſhed.

We hear that the chief Articles the Parties could not agree upon, are the following three: Firſt, the Independency of the Crimea; ſecondly, her Imperial Majeſty would build a Fortreſs on the Dardanelles, for the Aſſurance of the free Navigation in the Black Sea, and a free Paſſage into the Mediterranean; and thirdly, to have Walachia and Moldavia for a Mortgage, till the Sum of Money is paid which the Porte is to give her Majeſty, by Way of Indemnification for the enormous Expences of the five Years War.

LONDON, *September* 28.

We hear that on Friday the Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland, with their Dutcheſſes, ſet off from Pall-Mall for Stowe, in Buckinghamſhire, on a viſit to Lord and Lady Temple.

On Thurſday laſt the remains of the Earl of Litchfield were carried from the Hot-wells, Briſtol, to be interred at Dichley, near Woodſtock, in Oxfordſhire.

Sept. 29. It is ſtrongly reported that, at the meeting of Parliament, a new regency will be appointed, in order to hinder the two Brothers in diſgrace from having any ſhare in the Adminiſtration.

Yeſterday a Court of Huſtings was held at Guildhall, when Mr. Alderman Oliver, and Mr. Alderman Lewis, were ſworn into their office of Sheriffs for the city of London, and county of Middleſex.

Sept. 30. Yeſterday being Michaelmas Day, and the anniverſary election of a Lord-Mayor of this city for the enſuing year, there was a very numerous appearance of the Livery at Guildhall for that purpoſe.

The Lord-Mayor, attended by ſeveral Aldermen, the two Sheriffs, the Recorder, and City Officers, aſcended the Huſtings at about a quarter paſt one o'clock, when the Common Cryer, as uſual, having opened the occaſion of their aſſembling, the Recorder came forward, and in a very plain, ſenſible addreſs, acquainted the Livery, "that this being the day appointed for their election of a Lord-Mayor, that part, which the conſtitution allotted to them, was to chooſe two perſons out of a number of reſpectable names, which would be read to them, one of which was to be approved of by the Court of Aldermen. He then deſcanted very properly on the dignity and importance of the office, and concluded, by hoping they would be governed in their choice by temper, candour and impartiality, which he hoped the event would juſtify."

This addreſs was received with very ſtrong marks of applauſe; after which a motion was made, "that the thanks of the Livery be given to the late Sheriffs, Wilkes and Bull, for the watchful and ſteady diſcharge of their office," which was unanimouſly carried. Another motion was then made, "that the ſaid thanks be recorded in the Town-Clerk's office," which was likewiſe carried.

After this all the Aldermen, who had not paſſed the chair, were ſeverally put in nomination, when there appeared a large majority of hands for Aldermen Wilkes and Townſend, as there were hiſſes and groans for Bankes, Halifax, Shakeſpear, Kennet, Eſdaile, &c.

This the Sheriffs immediately declared, which declaration was received with burſts of applauſe. At the ſame time a poll was demanded for Sir Henry Bankes, Aldermen Halifax and Shakeſpear, and alſo for Aldermen Wilkes and Townſend.

When the poll was reported to the Livery by the Common Serjeant, the Sheriffs deſired him to announce the propoſers, which he accordingly did; whom the Livery complimented with groans and hiſſes.

Yeſterday both Houſes of Parliament met, purſuant to the laſt prorogation; and were, by a commiſſion from his Majeſty, further prorogued till the 17th of November.

Orders are iſſued for the Subaltern officers in each regiment to attend their duty with the utmoſt exactneſs.

The Windſor, of 60 guns, and the Preſton, of 50, now at Portſmouth, are ordered to be rigged and fitted out for ſea immediately.

October 1. *Yeſterday both Houſes of Convocation met, purſuant to their laſt prorogation, and were further prorogued to Wedneſday, the 18th of November next.*

October 2. *The Cabinet-council did not break up yeſterday till after four o'clock: It is rumoured it was in conſequence of ſome intentions againſt Denmark.*

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Sept. 25.

"*Letters received here from Hamburgh adviſe, that the late revolution in Sweden has excited the attention of the Court of Peterſburgh; and a report prevails, that the Empreſs of Ruſſia has given orders for* 25000 *men to march immediately into Finland; but the motives which have induced her Imperial Majeſty to take this ſtep, remain a myſtery.*"

Yeſterday arrived a mail from New-York, brought by the Lord Hyde Packet-boat, Captain Goddard, to Falmouth, in 23 *days.*

The King of Pruſſia has taken poſſeſſion of the diſtrict of Great Poland, ſituate between the Drage and the Netze, as well as of the country of Pruſſia and Pomerania on both ſides of the Viſtula, which the crown of Poland has hitherto held under the name of Poliſh Pruſſia, except the cities of Thorn and Dantzick.

The Lords Lyttleton, Temple, and Camden, have been obſerved to have courted each other's Company lately with uncommon Aſſiduity. Their Lordſhips, particularly the two former, have often very long Conferences together.

Lord Mansfield has interceded very ſtrongly with a Great Perſonage in Favour of the Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland; and his Lordſhip's Endeavours to reconcile the Family Differences, now ſubſiſting, have been ſeconded by ſeveral Perſons of great Influence with his Majeſty.

It is reported that the Duke of Mecklenburgh, alarmed at the Progreſs of the Swediſh and Daniſh Troops, which ſurround his Dominions, has applied to the Courts of London and Peterſburgh, for their Performance of the Guarantee Treaty, ſubſiſting between them.

Oct. 3. It is ſaid that a very conſiderable Naval Force will, towards the End of next Month, depart for America; Part of which is to cruiſe on the Banks of Newfoundland, and the other Southward, as far as the Gulph of Florida.

It is ſaid that Application has been made to a Great Perſonage, that no Engliſh Subjects may be permitted to join the Colony to be ſettled on the Miſſiſippi.

Oct. 5. Three great evils now threaten the nation: 1. Europe being on the eve of a general war: Great-Britain, notwithſtanding Lord North's prophecy, muſt be drawn into the general vortex.

2. The Eaſt-India Company, by the jobbing of the Directors, muſt break, and, in the language of the eloquent Mr. E. Burke, cut off one of the nation's hands.

3. The Livery of London, regardleſs of the liberty of the preſs, and conſequently of general liberty, begin to forget what they owe to Alderman Wilkes. Till their charter is invaded, and their magiſtrates impriſoned, they will not ſtir. With what face can they henceforward preſent remonſtrances, or complain of corruption in the Lower Houſe? The acceptance of a bribe of five guineas from a Pruſſian barber, renders them totally contemptible.

The congreſs at Foczani is broke up. France has gained her end, and Europe is returned to the very ſituation, in which it ſtood at the beginning of the negotiation with Spain. Sweden will take up arms againſt Ruſſia; Pruſſia, Poland, and France, will join the Confederacy, and the Turks will once more lift up their heads. Auſtria, Ruſſia and Pruſſia, foreſeeing this event, have ſeized upon parts of Poland, in order to make them, during the war, ſerve the ſame purpoſe as Saxony did, in the laſt war, with the King of Pruſſia.

The French and Spaniards are prepared to ſtrike a blow in both Indies. The former have not yet withdrawn their 8000 men from the Mauritius, nor the latter their fleet from the Havanna. Bengal and Jamaica are both in jeopardy; the one from its defenceleſs ſituation, and the diſcontent of the Negroes; the other from the rapine of the Company's ſervants, and the gambling of the Directors.

Oct. 7. It is reported that Lord Howe will ſhortly be appointed to the command of a Squadron of Obſervation, to be ſtationed on the coaſts of France and Spain.

We hear that a Great Perſonage has ſignified an inclination of permitting the Queen of Denmark to viſit this kingdom, but Lord *M.* ſtill urges the impropriety of it.

We hear a certain illuſtrious Heir Apparent was in diſgrace a few days ago, for wiſhing, as he declared he did from his heart, that Wilkes might be Mayor.

By Advices from Berlin we learn, that the Pruſſians are indefatigable in building fortreſſes, and putting garriſons in every place of conſequence in Poliſh Pruſſia.

The 2d inſt. arrived at Plymouth, 8 tranſports from the Downs, to take on board the 6th regiment, bound for the Weſt-Indies.

On Friday laſt a journeyman taylor began to walk, for a large wager, 1000 miles, which he is to perform in 1000 hours, at only one mile an hour, on a ſpot of ground marked out for the purpoſe near Tyburn Turnpike.

It is reported, that Capt. Walter Nugent, a near relation of Lord Clive, was killed in a duel a few days ſince in Ireland.

Oct. 8. They write from Copenhagen, that the King has advanced 50,000 crowns, without intereſt, to the projectors of a ſcheme, for erecting a foundary in Norway for cannon and mortars, and has agreed to take all that ſhall be caſt, even at a higher price than the propoſer demanded.

The contents of the budget for the enſuing year, are expected to give the greateſt ſatisfaction, as, we hear, Lord North is aſſiſted in forming it by ſome of the firſt perſonages in the kingdom.

A number of perſons of rank and fortune are now making application to government, for grants of lands near the Miſſiſippi.

An Ambaſſador Extraordinary is ſoon expected here from Warſaw, where ſome important negociations are ſaid to be on the carpet, for ſupporting the political balance in the north of Europe.

On the 29th of laſt month died, at his houſe in Dublin, Lord Lambart, Earl of Cavan, who is ſucceeded in his title and dignities by his couſin german, Major General Richard Lambart, of the foot guards, now Earl of Cavan.

St. James's, Oct. 9. His Majeſty has appointed the Right Hon. Simon Earl of Harcourt, Lieutenant-General and General Governor of his Majeſty's Kingdom of Ireland.----The Right Hon. Lord Viſcount Stormont (now at the Court of Vienna) to be his Ambaſſador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the Court of Verſailles.

ISAAC BARTRAM,

HAVING cloſed his partnerſhip with MOSES BARTRAM, is now moved into Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, two doors below the Sign of the Bunch of Grapes, and oppoſite RICHARD HOCKLEY, Eſq; where he has erected ſuitable conveniences for carrying on the DRUGGIST and APOTHECARY's Buſineſs, in a large and extenſive manner; and has now for ſale, a large aſſortment of DRUGS, chymical and galenical MEDICINES, of the freſheſt and beſt kinds, imported from London, in Captain Oſborne, and are to be ſold, wholeſale or retail, at the loweſt prices. Among a variety of Drugs, he has a general aſſortment of Patent Medicines, imported from the original Warehouſes, ſuch as Turlington's balſam of life, Britiſh oil, Bateman's drops, Fraunces's female elixir, Walker's Jeſuits drops, James's fever powders, Anderſon's, Lockyer's, and Hooper's female pills, Greenough's tincture for the teeth and gums, elixir balſamicum, Godfrey's cordial, &c. ſaffron, antimony, flour of ſulphur, cream of tartar, Epſom and glauber ſalts, green and white phials, in ſorts, nipple ſhells, and glaſſes with crooked pipes, furniture for Doctors ſhops, pocket inſtruments, and lancets, three in a caſe, crooked needles, in ſhagreen caſes, Pruſſian blue, white lead, red lead, black lead, prepared for ſtoves, Frankford and ivory black, Venetian red, yellow oker, vermilion, rotten ſtone, and a variety of water colours.

ISAAC BARTRAM further informs his Friends, that due attendance will be given, at all hours, at his MEDICINAL STORE, in Third-ſtreet; where orders will be received from Phyſicians and Store-keepers, and will be faithfully executed, on the ſhorteſt notice; alſo preſcriptions will be made up for Phyſicians, or for family uſe, in the moſt ſafe and careful manner. ¶

JAMES POUPARD,
ENGRAVER, JEWELLER, and GOLDSMITH,
FROM LONDON,

BEGS Leave to inform the PUBLIC, that he hath opened SHOP, in Front-ſtreet, two doors from Cheſtnut-ſtreet, on the bank ſide; where he intends to follow his buſineſs, in its ſeveral branches----MAKES and SELLS all ſorts of Jeweller's and Goldſmith's work in general, in the neateſt and neweſt faſhions, and at the moſt reaſonable rates; engraves all ſorts of ſilver and copper plates; alſo arms, creſts, cyphers, &c. on ſeals, in gold, ſilver, copper, or ſteel; likewiſe makes and engraves mourning rings, with the utmoſt expedition; alſo tips, in the neateſt manner, in gold or ſilver. He gives the utmoſt value for old gold and ſilver. †

Philadelphia, Twelfth-Month 9, 1772.

INDIGO, madder, logwood, braziletto, ground red-wood and fuſtick, allom, copperas, brimſtone and ſalt-petre, ſhot and bar lead; ſingle refined loaf, lump, and muſcovado ſugars; rice, coffee, chocolate and tea; nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon, pepper, alſpice and ginger; Weſton's and this country ſnuff; timothy and clover ſeeds; a few bales of excellent cotton; Crumb-creek, Engliſh rag, and grind-ſtones; bottling corks, in ſmall bags, or by a ſingle groce; and divers other articles, to be ſold by

BENEDICT DORSEY,
In Third ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Work-houſe. ¶

ROBERT COUPAR,
At his Shop, in Second-ſtreet, the 3d Door below Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the Friends Meeting-houſe,

HATH for Sale, a neat Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, which he will ſell on the loweſt Terms; among which are, a neat Aſſortment of Ladies rich Sattin and Brocade Shoes, of all Colours; Stuff Shoes, of all Prices; Girls Ditto; a neat Aſſortment of Scotch Kentings, and fancy Gauzes. ¶

Philadelphia, December 9, 1772.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, That, in Purſuance of an Act of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for veſting certain Eſtates in Pennſylvania, New-Jerſey and Maryland, belonging to the Proprietors of a Partnerſhip, commonly called The Pennſylvania Land Company, in London, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*, on the tenth Day of June next, at eight o'Clock in the Morning, will be expoſed to Sale, to the higheſt and beſt Bidder, by Public Cant or Auction, at the Old Ferry-houſe, kept by JOHN HYDER, in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Mulberry-ſtreets, in this City, the following PLANTATIONS or Tracts of LAND, in Miſpillion Hundred, in the County of Kent, viz.

A Plantation or Tract of Land, containing about 450 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Carpenter.

A Tract, containing about 14 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of the Heirs of Chriſtopher Sipple.

A Tract, containing about 115 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of the Heirs of Benjamin Brown.

A Tract, containing about 99 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Edward Cox.

A Tract, containing about 89 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Moſes Clampit.

A Tract, containing about 123 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of James Craig.

A Tract, containing about 122 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Nahur Goddin.

A Tract, containing about 148 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Turbeth Cottenham.

A Tract, containing about 71 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Barker.

A Tract, containing about 130 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Barker.

A Tract, containing about 109 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Henry Sap.

A Tract, containing about 88 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Thomas and Mary Williams.

A Tract, containing about 488 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Alexander M'Donald.

A Tract, containing about 8 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Edward Elliot.

A Tract, containing about 8 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Phineas Banning.

A Tract, containing about 47 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Joſeph Calloway. And,

A Tract, containing about 153 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Thomas Barker.

Perſons deſiring further Information reſpecting the Premiſes, are deſired to apply to the Subſcribers, in this City.

JACOB COOPER,
SAMUEL SHOEMAKER,
JOSHUA HOWELL,
} ATTORNIES of the Truſtees.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, containing 400 acres, ſituate and lying in Chanceford townſhip, York county, in Pennſylvania, a few miles from ſeveral Ferries on Saſquehanna, where there is a good market for grain, 20 miles from York-town, 16 miles from Lancaſter-town, on the road that leads from Lancaſter to Baltimore-town, and from York-town to Nelſon's Ferry, a few miles from ſeveral merchant-mills; the whole of ſaid plantation is good land, ſuitable for farming, and is well watered and timbered. On ſaid plantation are a dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, good double barn and ſtables, good orchard, and a quantity of timothy meadow, 160 acres of clear land, under good fence. Whoever inclines to purchaſe ſaid plantation, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, who will make a clear deed for the ſame,

¶ FRANCIS HOULTON.

LUDWIG LAUMAN, of Lancaſter,

TAKES this opportunity of acquainting the PUBLIC in general, and his Friends and Cuſtomers in particular, that he has removed to his new houſe, built by the late John Cameron, adjoining to the houſe in which ſaid Cameron formerly kept his ſtore; where he has juſt opened a freſh and quite new aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, which he will ſell on the very loweſt terms; he hath alſo a quantity of ſuperfine, fine, middling, and coarſe boulting-cloths, which he will likewiſe ſell very cheap. He thinks it unneceſſary to particularize his goods, as it is well known that he always keeps the greateſt and moſt compleat aſſortment in the place; and that he ſells them at the loweſt prices, is likewiſe very well known, to the ſatisfaction of all his CUSTOMERS; and thoſe who have not yet experienced it, may eaſily acquaint themſelves, by trial; as his utmoſt endeavour ſhall be exerted to give general ſatisfaction, he therefore flatters himſelf, that he will meet with the encouragement of the public. ¶ 3*M.*

CAME to the ſubſcriber a young Engliſh or Iriſhman, and offered a ſorrel HORSE, with Saddle and Bridle, very cheap, for ſale; and when the ſubſcriber told him, that he thought he had ſtolen the horſe, he changed the colour of his face, and went off, leaving the horſe. Said horſe is 13 hands high, paces, and is about 12 years old. Whoever can prove his property to ſaid horſe, may have him again (paying charges) in Berks county, ſeven miles below Reading, on the road leading to Philadelphia. ABRAHAM STINE. ¶

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the Fourth Page.*]

LONDON.

Oct. 9. Yesterday morning, at eleven o' clock, a Court of Hustings was held at Guildhall, for the purpose of declaring the poll for Lord-Mayor for the ensuing year.

The Sheriffs, attended by their officers, ascended the Hustings a little after eleven, and afterwards sat down to cast up the poll, which took up about two hours. When the poll was cast up, the Common Serjeant came forward, and declared the numbers, as they stood at the close of the poll,

For Mr. Alderman Wilkes, - - -	2301
Mr. Alderman Townsend, - -	2278
Mr. Alderman Halifax, - - -	2126
Mr. Alderman Shakespear, - -	1912

The poll being thus declared, Mr. Wilkes came forward, and addressed the Livery in the following Speech.

Gentlemen, and Brother Liverymen,

" I want powers to express the deep sense I have of the distinguished honour you have done me, by a majority of your free suffrages. I find you are now, on the most frivolous pretexts, to be harrassed by a Scrutiny; but I know the event will only confirm the justice of the poll, and demonstrate the fairness and honour of the proceedings of my friends, during the whole election.

" The present Sheriffs, Gentlemen, in the course of this election, have maintained a firmness and impartiality, which are the most pleasing omens of a patriotic conduct for the whole year of their Sheriffalty.

" During the present contest, a remarkable paper has been published, relative to the liberty of the press, one of the great bulwarks of all our liberties. I find it authenticated by one of our own body, a Freeman of Pater-noster-row, Mr. Thomas Evans. In that paper we are told, that a Gentleman came into this city, and threatened the Printer, in consequence of his having published their minutes, that if he did not give up the person or persons, who favoured him with the proceedings of that Committee, the House of Commons would proceed against him with the utmost severity. I rejoice, Gentlemen, that the honest Printer has not been frightened by so insolent and illegal a menace; and I here declare that he, and every other fellow-citizen, shall have the most spirited legal support from me, both for his own private protection and security, and for the effectual punishment of every violater of the laws of our country, and the franchises of our city. While God continues me health to do my duty among you, the powers, with which you have armed me, shall be exerted against every attempt of violence and injustice, even from the highest usurped authority. Our right, as constituents, to be fully informed of the proceedings of our Representatives in Parliament, has been clearly demonstrated; but the force of truth is not likely to prevail against men, lost to all sense of shame, even so atrociously wicked, beyond the example of the most barbarous nations and times, as to corrupt the great fountain of public justice, by erasing a judicial record, till that hour held almost sacred in every civilized country. I congratulate you, Gentlemen, that you possess several excellent Magistrates, who, in a good cause, have the fortitude to meet the rage of a senate, composed chiefly of hirelings and slaves. I wish I could rank your present Chief Magistrate among that number; but as we have among us Magistrates of ability, firmness and intrepidity, real and warm friends of the people, I am persuaded that our liberties and franchises are safe against every hostile attack. The event must be happy; the defeat of despotism, the victory of the constitution.

" I can never, Gentlemen, sufficiently acknowledge the honour you have done me, by the unanimous resolution of your entire approbation of my conduct during the past Sheriffalty. Permit me likewise, on this occasion, thus publicly to return thanks to my late colleague. Through the whole course of the last year he has given repeated proofs of his steady attachment to the cause of liberty, and to the duties of his office. He has shared with me the various fatigues and difficulties inseparable from our late charge. I have regularly experienced from him the most obliging readiness to lessen the weight of whatever was painful or oppressive, and to cooperate in every measure for the common welfare, and the good of this capital. Your private feelings, Gentlemen, will, I am sure, justify me in this public tribute of the gratitude I owe to so worthy a friend, and excellent a magistrate, as Mr. Alderman Bull."

To this speech was echoed an universal shout of applause; after which Mr. Bull came in, and addressed the Livery in a modest sensible speech.

The Common Serjeant then declared, that a scrutiny was demanded by each candidate separately against the rest, which the Sheriffs had granted, and which would commence on the 24th instant.

As the scrutiny is like to be the topic of conversation and debate for some time, we hope the following extract from Mildmay's elections will not be disagreeable to our readers.

" Within six days after the poll, the Sheriffs must deliver true copies of the poll to the candidates. The scrutiny must be proceeded upon within ten days after the delivery of the list, to which day the Common Hall must be adjourned, and must be finished within fifteen days, Sundays excepted. The Sheriffs must make the declaration within four days after the scrutiny is finished."

So the declaration will be made on the 18th of November, unless any reference should be made to the Court of King's Bench.

The reason why the Parliament is to meet earlier the approaching session than usual is, that the affairs of the East-India Company, which are now almost at an entire stop, may be discussed without loss of time.

Lord North now enjoys the greatest honours any Commander ever possessed in this kingdom, as he is a Knight of the Garter, Chancellor of the first University in Europe, and Minister of State.

It is remarkable that Lord Chatham, Lord Dartmouth, Lord Suffolk, and Lord North, were all educated at the little college of Trinity, in the University of Oxford.

It is much expected that Lord Camden will be soon appointed to some important office in the administration, for he has lately been honoured with two visits from Lord North.

A gentleman lately arrived from France says that, during the time he was at St. Maloes, no less than 12 Vessels arrived there with flour from North-America.

Yesterday the Rev. Dr. Fothergill, Provost of Queen's College, Oxford, was installed Vice-Chancellor of that University.

Oct. 10. Something more than common takes up the attention of the great people at the west end of the town. At this time all the Officers of State seem in commotion.

It is plainly enough to be seen, that a most vigorous war threatens Europe, from the North to the South; by which the States of Holland find themselves highly embarrassed.

There are letters from Gibraltar, by his Majesty's ship the Scorpion, which give an account, that a very strong fleet of Spanish men of war was arrived there; that they had landed within sight of the garrison 5000 soldiers; and that it was apprehended they had some design upon that place.

Yesterday morning the Lord Mayor issued out precepts to the Clerks of the several Livery Companies, to make out by Monday next, the 12th instant, a list of all the persons on the Livery, and the time of their admission, and they are to deliver it upon oath to his Lordship, on the above day. The clerks who took the poll are busy in making out lists of the electors, and the Company each Liveryman swore himself to belong to, that the scrutineers may compare it with the list, that is to be delivered to his Lordship; so that every necessary step is taken by the Lord Mayor to finish the scrutiny, in a shorter time than can be well expected, and, in all probability, time enough for the Lord Mayor for the year ensuing to be sworn in on the usual day.

Oct. 12. It is a truth beyond contradiction, that there remained upwards of four hundred staunch Wilkites, who had not polled at the end of the poll. By this it is plain to a demonstration, that the popular cause gains ground daily.

The committee at the Paul's-head are incessant in their labours, and they have made some very important discoveries, particularly a body of no less than 25 voters for Halifax all in a lump, who will be disqualified.

On Friday the Earl of Harcourt kissed his Majesty's hand, on being appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in the room of Lord Viscount Townshend; and he afterwards took the usual oaths before the Privy Council.

Oct. 13. On Saturday it was strongly reported that there has been a revolution in another northern kingdom, and that the Potentate is absolutely deposed.

Extract of a Letter from Smyrna, August 22.

" This day a terrible fire broke out here, and continued burning all the next day. Three thousand houses, which made three parts of the city, were destroyed; from 3 to 4000 shops, 16 mosques, 12 carravanseras, 7 bagnios, 9 synagogues, and 8 public markets, have all been consumed; a large quantity of corn, 2000 sacks of rice, and 150 bales of coffee, have been lost in the conflagration. The whole loss is computed at twenty millions of dollars. It did not affect the English quarter."

Extract of a Letter from Hamburgh, October 5.

" We have just received advice in this city, from Copenhagen, that the Queen Dowager is just delivered of another political scheme, to advance her son Frederic to the throne; she has got it propagated, that the King is insane, and therefore it is very improper to trust him with the reins of government any longer, and wants her son Frederic to be appointed Regent, till the King is restored to his senses. However, we further learn, that at the King's own desire, he is to be examined with regard to his insanity, and I doubt not but it will prove groundless; and I think he cannot better show it, than by banishing her and her son out of the kingdom, which is the only way of restoring peace and tranquility to that unhappy country,"

The Earl of Bute, we are told from very good authority, is now on a visit to Lord Camden, at his seat, at Chiselhurst, in Kent, where he has been for some days.

All the latest advices from Spain agree, that all the Spanish settlements in the South Seas are putting into a state of defence with all possible dispatch.

Advice is received, that the King of Prussia has taken possession of Cracow, and placed a garrison of 5000 men there, to defend it for the King of Poland against his rebellious subjects; but the same advices say, it is apprehended that he has other designs in view.

Advices are said to be received from Lisbon, that the castle of Estremadura, in Spain, had revolted, and had murdered the Governor thereof, and that a body of troops had marched to prevent any further ill consequences.

Betts were on Thursday last laid by a great man, at the Smyrna, that our assistance, either by land or sea, would be demanded by four different powers on the continent.

On Thursday last died at Richmond, in Surrey, Thomas Hanway, Esq; one of the Commissioners of his Majesty's Navy.

Mr. Wilkes, it is said, has been promised no less than three setts of horses, by three different Noblemen, for his state coach, should he be chosen Lord Mayor. Those intended for him by Lord T---le, are supposed the most valuable, being purchased for the immense sum of 240 l.

When a Great Personage heard of T-----'s intended generosity towards Mr. Wilkes, he smiled, and said, " Poor T-----; is his party so weak, that he is reduced to the necessity of drawing in supporters with horses?"

Oct. 14. A correspondent observes, that the ambitious views of the King of Prussia seem to indicate, that a general war is not at any very great distance, except the powers of Europe become tame spectators, while this petty Monarch dismembers the great and once flourishing kingdom of Poland. He wishes, for the peace of Europe, that this common disturber of mankind may be most heartily humbled; and that instead of Poland, which seems at present to be deserted by all the powers of Europe, the dominions of this haughty Prince may become the subject of partition amongst the contending parties, which will be the only means of securing to Europe the sweets of a lasting peace.

We are informed, that the Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer has actually resigned, and tho' it was expected he would be succeeded by Mr. Baron Smythe; yet we are now told the Attorney-General will succeed him, and that Mr. Wedderburne will be appointed Attorney-General.

It is the general opinion of all the discerning, that Poland cannot be dismembered, without a continental war.

October 15. Many wagers are now laid, that the Court will use their prerogative of a negative, should the Court of Aldermen choose Mr. Wilkes Lord-Mayor.

Extract of a letter from a Merchant at Dantzick, dated September 19, 1772.

" The King of Prussia took possession of this unhappy province the 15th instant. The Prussians at the same time (to convince us of the King's sincerity in declaring this a free town) took possession of the harbour, and do not permit any ship to come in or go out, without paying a new duty to them; they have even orders to compel by force any ships to pay it, who should refuse; and in consequence of these orders, they yesterday stopt an English ship, which refused to submit to such imposition; and to-day they stopt a Dutch ship on the same account. If your Court, and the other Powers of Europe, do not interfere immediately and effectually, this town will be forced to give up to the King of Prussia.

From the Public Advertiser, *September 23, 1771.*

PLEASE to acquaint the Public, that the Address lately presented to the Earl of H---------b by a pretended Committee of American Merchants, was a most infamous and clandestine Proceeding; that those few, who carried it up to his Lordship, did it in a secret and shameful Manner; that the most considerable and respectable Merchants, trading to America, were neither consulted in it, or made acquainted with the Measure; and that those who signed and presented the Address, are very fearful of having their Names made known; that they are a Sett of prostituted Tools of Despotism and Contract-Hunters; that they may be made to appear as such, the Moment they are particularly and personally pointed out; that the principal Merchants, trading to that Country, have the most contemptible Opinion of Lord H--------b's Abilities, and detest his anti-commercial and despotic Principles.

I am astonished that the American Merchants do not justify themselves, by publicly declaring that they, and their Correspondents, hold directly opposite Sentiments; for however the Merchants in America may be divided in their Interests, or Modes of Proceeding, with respect to Laws of Revenue, they all agree in execrating and deriding the Name of H--------b, and the System of his Politics.

I hope those insolent and prostituted Tools, who have thus daringly insultea the whole Body, by stiling themselves a Committee of the American Merchants, may be dragged forth to the Bar of the Public. Their Insignificancy conceals them, or their Deeds should long since have been brought into Light.----

I now conclude with one Anecdote, which may tend to delineate the Character of their Idol, the Earl of H---------b. He had deceived and betrayed poor General Lyman, till Falshood and Lies could no longer serve to shield him. Pushed into inextricable Difficulties, this honest Statesman (after declaring the Sense he had of his Merit and Sufferings, and promising him his unabated Patronage and Friendship) tells the General that Lord Albemarle, Generals Amherst, Monckton, Keppell, and the whole Class of his Friends, had, after due Consideration, come into the Resolution of subscribing One Hundred Pounds each, towards relieving him from his present Difficulties, and getting him over to his Family in America; that he, the Earl of H-------b, would assuredly provide for him though at a Distance; that he begged to make one of the Number, who should have the Pleasure of assisting him, and accordingly gave him One Hundred Pounds.

The poor old Man, struck with the Generosity of the Proposal, and the Impropriety of making Objections to what, all his Friends had agreed should be the Line of his future Conduct, after some Hesitation and modest Refusal, accepts of the Money, being assured that Lord Albemarle, and eight other Gentlemen, would also assist him with the like Sum. Waiting some considerable Time, for it was a tender Subject for him to mention, he at last had some Hint of it made known to Lord Albemarle. His Lordship was much surprised, and declared his total Ignorance of the Affair. The General having been repeatedly deceived before, suspects the whole to be a Lie, declared it without Reserve to all the other Parties. They each denied having the least Knowledge or Idea of such a Scheme, and each damn'd H---------b as an infamous S ------l. Unfortunately the old General had made Use of the Cash---was now unable to return the Purse with the Insult; but declared aloud in the Presence Chamber, and in the Hearing of his Majesty, " that Hell itself was not so deceitful as the Earl of H---------b." The good old Man is resolved to transmit the 100l. the Moment he has it in his Power, with Language becoming the Indignity. The Public may easily believe that the 100l. might have been brought to Account of Secret Service Money, *but the Shallowness of the Expedient may mark the Character of the late American Secretary of State, and call up our Wonder for the Day.*

ATTICUS.

WILLIAMSBURG, November 26.

Last Sunday Night the Letter Box, placed at the Raleigh Tavern by Captain Robert Necks, of the Ship Lunn and Lloyd, bound to London, for the Convenience of the Merchants, now in this City, to receive their Letters for Great-Britain, was taken away by some evil disposed Person; and next Day several of the Letters were found open in the Street, with the Invoices and Bills of Exchange that were therein, some gone, and others destroyed. A Reward of TWENTY POUNDS is offered for the Detection of the Person, or Persons, concerned in this villainous Transaction, that a Crime of so detestable and pernicious a Tendency may not escape the Punishment it so justly deserves.

The Schooner Hansford, Captain Wilson, arrived at Norfolk from Antigua, on the 18th ult. in Lat. 19, Long. 60, W. fell in with a Guineyman, the Crew of which had been murdered by the Negroes. Captain Wilson, in attempting to come near, was fired at with Muskets; but as he had neither Boat nor Arms, and had been dismasted some Days before, was obliged to leave her. She appeared to be a New-York built Brig, with yellow Sides, black Bends, a white Bootop, black Stern, and red Mouldings, had a green Stroke all round her below the Top of the Gunwale, a Kind of a Billet Head, with an Image on it, painted green, and had a square Tuck, with a very large Boat on Deck.

BOSTON, *November 26.*

A violent Storm happened about the 25th of September, and a Number of Vessels were lost on the Coast of England; among which was a large Ship of 300 Tons Burthen, Name unknown, supposed to be laden with Corn or Flour, bound from Baltimore to Dublin: She was seen to drive on the Banks of Arktow, with many People on board, and in a few Minutes after disappeared, and all perished.

The Chantelop, Captain Tobin, from the Grenades, was totally lost on the Devonshire Coast. The Captain and all the Crew, except one Man, perished.

In the Papers of September there are many Pieces in Vindication of the Character of Lord Hillsborough, against the Abuses that have been cast upon him *since* his Resignation.---" It is proved by Facts, not Party-clamour, that every Charge hitherto advanced against his Lordship was vague, was idle, ill-founded, or absurd. When in Office, we may suppose Envy, and a Desire of supplanting his Lordship, might be the principal Motives for thus bespattering him; but, *after* Resignation, after acting with a Consistency seldom to be met with amongst Ministers, after retiring, sooner than depart in the smallest Tittle from Patriotism, Rectitude and Honour, *after* this there is a Cruelty, beyond Expression, in any Writer to attack a Nobleman, whose Mind is Virtue in human Form." *Thus writes an Advocate for Lord Hillsborough.*

On the 28th of September Messrs. Wilkes and Bull addressed the Liverymen of the City of London, on the Expiration of their Sheriffalty.

In Captain Jenkins, from London, a Person came Passenger, who carried on the Button-making Business, and has brought over the Materials for making all Sorts of gilt Buttons----A Manufacture not known by any in America.

NEW-YORK, December 7.

The Earl of Halifax Packet, Captain Boulderson, sailed with the Mail for Falmouth last Thursday.

Captain Prince, from Cayenne, in his Way touched at Barbados, which Place he left the 27th of October, and acquaints us, that the Slaves in a French Brig, belonging to Martinico, from Africa, had killed the Crew on the Passage, took Possession of the Vessel, were cruizing to Windward of the Islands, and had fired upon several Ships, &c. that had arrived in the West-Indies; and that two Sloops were gone in Search of her: That a Ship, belonging to Liverpool, with 350 Slaves on board, was lately brought into Barbados, by another Guineyman, after a warm Engagement of four Hours, the Slaves having killed all the Whites on board, but one little Boy: And that a Number of the Indians at St. Vincents had laid down their Arms, and delivered themselves up to the Governor.

On Thursday last, in this City, departed this Life, in the 42d Year of her Age, Mrs. JOANNA NICOLL, Wife of WILLIAM NICOLL, Esq; of Islip, and one of the Representatives of Suffolk County. She was esteemed and acknowledged by all who knew her, to be one of the best of Women.

On Friday last the Governor's Guards, Grenadiers, Light Infantry, Rangers, &c. (being the Independant Companies of this City) were, for the first Time, publicly reviewed.------His Excellency Governor TRYON, *and the other superior Officers, with a splendid Assembly of the principal Ladies and Gentlemen, appeared in the Field. The Officers of the several Companies performed their Parts, in their respective Departments, with great Skill and Regularity; and the Men went through the different Exercises and Manœuvres, with an Order and Dexterity, which did them much Honour. In fine, the Neatness of their Uniforms, the Readiness and Grace, with which the various Evolutions were performed, and the Propriety observable on the whole, gave much Satisfaction to the numerous Spectators, and must be agreeable to every one who wishes to see a well disciplined Militia amongst us. After the Business of the Day was concluded, a splendid Entertainment was given to the Officers, by their worthy Commander the Governor.*

PHILADELPHIA, *December 9.*

Captain Blewer, from South-Carolina, on the 28th ult. in Lat. 38:3, Long. 75, spoke a Ship, Captain Dunlap, from Glasgow for Virginia, out 8 Weeks; and on the 29th, off Chincoteague, he spoke the Ship Carolina, Captain Loxley, from this Port for Charles-Town, out two Days, all well.

Captain Osman, from Portsmouth, on the 25th of last Month, in Lat. 37:56, Long. 67, spoke a Brig, from Whitehaven for Virginia, and a Sloop, Captain Rudolph, from Rhode-Island for Jamaica, out three Days.

Captain Johnson, from Cowes, informs, that a Number of Vessels were lost on the English Coast, in a hard Gale of Wind, on the 22d and 23d of September; and that a large Danish Ship, from Norway, was brought into Cowes by some of their Pilots, which they found without any living Person on board; but he heard that her Captain, and three Men, were drowned, and that the rest of her Crew had got into Dover.-----He further informs, that the Brig Morning Star, Captain Dempster, arrived at Portsmouth from Rotterdam, a few Days before he sailed; that she was intended for this Place; and that his Majesty's Ship the Portland, Captain Stirling, and the Renown Frigate, arrived at Spithead from Antigua, the 22d of September.----On the 20th of October, in Lat. 50:29, Long. 20:7, he spoke the Snow Prince George, Captain George Gamble, from Galway for this Port, three Weeks out, all well.

Captain Green, from Bourdeaux, on the 25th ult. in Lat. 32:7, Long. 69, spoke a Sloop, Captain Robinson, from St. Croix for Bermuda, out 23 Days.

The Ship Chalkley, Captain Spain, from this Port for Bristol, was spoke with, on the 26th of October, 10 Leagues West of Scilly, by Captain Lewis, from Bristol, arrived at New-York.

Captain Cheevers, arrived at New-York from Liverpool, on the 24th of November, spoke a Ship, from London for Virginia, out 38 Days; and on the 30th, he spoke a Schooner, from Virginia for this Port.

On the 28th ult. Mr. James Mathers, jun. of Chester, coming

to this City, was ſlung from his Horſe, and ſo violently hurt, that he died in three Hours after being carried back to Cheſter.

ARRIVALS.

From Philadelphia. Captain M'Culloch, at Cork; Paſhby, at Graveſend; Weſt, and Davis, at St. Chriſtophers; and Captains Correy and Allen, at Barbados.

At St. Chriſtophers. Captain Robertſon, from Virginia; Seymour, and Blake, from New-York; ---------, from New-London, with Oxen; Captain Shearman Lewis, from New-Haven; and Captain Martin, from Boſton.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS,

On peruſing the Papers of a late Gentleman of this City, noted for his curious Enquiries into the Works of Nature, I met with the Letter I now incloſe you; and as I thought it might be agreeable to many Readers of your intelligent Paper, I expect you will give it a Place therein. As Mr. FRENCH, *who wrote the Letter, as well as the ſeveral Gentlemen named therein, were Perſons of the firſt Rank in New-Caſtle County, for Credit and Reputation, I preſume there cannot be any Doubt of the Truth of the Relation.*

I am yours, S. P.

DEAR SIR,

IT remains now to give an Account of our wonderful Tree. One Jonas Wright, a Carpenter, riding along the King's Road, was ſurprized to obſerve Rain plenteouſly to deſcend, when the Sky was both fair and ſerene, and not ſo much as one Cloud to be ſeen therein; but much more ſo when he found, that it fell no where elſe, ſave under a ſmall Black-oak Sappling, which ſtands at the Corner of the Fence of one Henry Land, on the Land of John Granthum, deceaſed. After he had viewed the neighbouring Trees, and found them as uſual, and only the Rain to deſcend from the Sappling, he ſmothered the Secret till he, and ſome of his Acquaintance, took the Opportunity of digging under it, expecting no leſs from ſuch a Diſcovery than a whole Cheſt of Money (a Notion as fruitleſs as common here.) Nothing being found but Earth and Sand, he divulges the Secret to his Neighbours, who flocked thither to ſee ſo unuſual a Thing, and in a few Days drew ſome Hundreds thither, who were all convinced of the Truth thereof, and reported the Story variouſly.

Upon Monday, the 10th of this Inſtant, the Day being clear, and very hot, Mr. Yeates, Mr. Hallywell, Mr. Gordon, Mr. Houſton, Mr. Sweat, and Self, went thither, about Mid-day, to ſatisfy ourſelves of the Truth thereof, and indeed were wonderfully ſurprized to ſee, feel and taſte, Drops of perfect Water, deſcending upon a Sappling, about 19 Inches round. Our Curioſity led every of us to ſtand under it, and we all returned wet on both Hands, Face and Clothes, with the Drops, which fell under it. A Boy was ſent up to the Top thereof, who, extending his Arms above the higheſt Boughs, received Rain from the Sky on his Hands and Face. I took my Penknife, and opened the Bark, but nothing uncommon was to be ſeen there, nor indeed about it. It ſtands upon the Road's Side, being one of the marked Trees of the Road, in a dry ſandy poor Soil. From the Time it began, or rather it was found, which was the Third Day of October, to the Seventeenth (when it was cut down by a drunken Villain) it never ceaſed, but rather increaſed in the Nights. The Wonder ceaſed with the Tree; for after it was fallen, it was no more ſeen. It is upon a level Ground, no Spring near it. Peoples Opinions, in relation thereto, are as different as on any other Subject. For my own Part, I muſt confeſs, I never was able to pleaſe myſelf, with any Notion I could form thereof. The Thing is unqueſtionable, being to a Demonſtration true; but what the Cauſe thereof may be, or what it may portend, I leave to ſounder Judgments. And take Leave to ſubſcribe myſelf,

Dear SIR,

Your moſt obliged humble Servant,

New-Caſtle County, JOHN FRENCH.
Oct. 25, 1715.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Friendſhip, J. Blewer, and Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, from S. Carolina. Brig Charming Sally, J. Brown, N. Carolina. Schooner George, S. Adams, Maryland. Sloop Betſey, V. Wightman, R. Iſland. Sloop Succeſs, W. Lawrence, Miſſiſippi. Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bunner, Georgia. Sloop Betſey, R. Newlon, Grenades. Snow Sally, G. Gilbert, Honduras. Brig Peggy, P. Brown, Falmouth. Ship Sally, J. Oſman, Portſmouth. Ship Hope, G. Johnſon, Cowes. Ship Mercury, J. Steel, from Barbados.

OUTWARDS. Ship Crawford, C. Thompſon, for Cadiz. Ship Arundel, T. Manſon, Leghorn. Sloop Betſey, V. Wightman, R. Iſland. Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, S. Carolina. Schooner Hetty, S. Benezet, Hiſpaniola. Schooner George, S. Adams, for Maryland.

CLEARED. Sloop Hannah, J. Woods, to St. Vincent. Sloop Three Brothers, R. Gardner, Schooner Phœnix, J. Beard, and Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Sloop Triton, W. Haydon, N. England. Brig Molly, J. Lightburne, Barbados. Schooner Rebecca, J. Holden, Schooner Peggy, G. Crombie, Brig Dunmore, R. Maxwell, Brig Becky, J. Harper, and Sloop Sifters, J. Corrie, Virginia. Brig Betſey, T. Cragg, and Sloop Hopewell, J. Smith, Dominica. Schooner Suſanna, W. Nicholls, Ship Margaret, R. Spier, and Sloop Ann, J. Watt, Jamaica. Schooner Lovely Laſs, J. Stephen, Maryland. Schooner Margaret, J. Freeman, Halifax. Ship Charming Sally, J. Cooper, Liverpool. Sloop Dove, D. Ferguſon, N. York. Sloop Suſanna, W. Wyar, Piſcataqua. Sloop Patty, J. Harris, N. London. Ship Betſey, S. Hood, Briſtol. Ship Britannia, J. Souder, St. Kitts. Ship Friendſhip, W. M'Culloch, Belfaſt. Brig Hope, W. Lang, Antigua. Brig Henry, J. Vickary, Montſerrat. Brig Prince of Wales, W. Moore, S. Carolina. Brig Wilmington, J. Patterſon, and Sloop Two Brothers, N. Ming, N. Carolina. Brig Two Friends, P. Bruſter, Liſbon. Sloop Beveridge, R. French, to St. Euſtatia.

THIRTY POUNDS Reward.

WHEREAS on the morning of the fourth inſtant, between the hours of three and four o' clock, the CUP, which contained the OIL, in one of the PUBLIC LAMPS, ſtanding in Front-ſtreet, next to South-ſtreet, was taken away, by ſome evil-diſpoſed perſon or perſons; and, about two weeks before, another CUP was taken out of the ſame LAMP, and one out of a LAMP, at the north end of the New Market, in Second-ſtreet. The WARDENS of the CITY do hereby offer a reward of THIRTY POUNDS, for the diſcovery of the perpetrators of the above offences, or TEN POUNDS for each CUP, to be paid upon conviction of the offenders.

Philadelphia, December 7, 1772.

TWENTY POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, November 9, 1772, two convict ſervant men, viz. JAMES FIELD, by trade a Taylor, is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, is of a fair complexion, and has ſhort light coloured hair. WILLIAM HAWK, of a ſwarthy complexion, has black eyes, ſhort black hair, and is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high: Had on, and took with them, a light coloured red German-ſerge coat, a dark bear-ſkin frock, with white metal buttons, a pair of blue ſergedenim breeches, a pair of ſnuff coloured broadcloth ditto, with gold baſket buttons, an old caſtor hat, a new furred ditto, two fine white ſhirts, and ſundry other things unknown. It is ſuppoſed they have alſo taken with them two horſes, one of them a dark bay, about 14 hands high, ſix years old, well gaited, and is branded on the near ſhoulder E. I. The other is a bright ſorrel, with a blaze face, about 13½ hands high, ſix years old, and is branded on the near ſhoulder O. Whoever apprehends and ſecures ſaid ſervants, ſo that the ſubſcribers may get them again, ſhall have EIGHT POUNDS for each, and FORTY SHILLINGS for each of the horſes. WILLIAM SELMAN, JOHN SHIPLEY. ¶ 3*M.*

Philadelphia, December 1, 1772.

Qui Viſum Vitam Dat.

Homines ad Deos nullâ Re propiùs accedunt, quàm Salutem Hominibus dando. CIC.

THE infinitely wiſe Author of Nature has aſſigned to the EYES and EARS the moſt uſeful and important Offices of Life: The Structure of thoſe delicately tender Organs, is ſo exquiſitely minute, the Mechaniſm and Properties of their various Parts ſo admirably curious, that they may be ſtiled, with Propriety, the Miracles of Nature. The great Variety of Dangers and Diſeaſes, manifeſt and occult, to which thoſe precious Senſes are expoſed; the little Attention that hitherto has been paid to the Improvement of this noble Science; and ſo few, properly qualified, have engaged in its Practice, that to ſtudy them in any Degree ſuitable to their Importance, is full Buſineſs for Life.

The ineſtimable Bleſſing, and great Advantages, which attend a perfect Enjoyment of the Sight and Hearing, are obvious to all; but the deplorable and truly pitiable Condition of the Blind and Deaf, is attended with ſuch ſolitary Diſcomfort, ſuch gloomy Ideas, and conſtant Uneaſineſs of Mind, as no one can be truly ſenſible of, who has not, in ſome Meaſure, experienced it himſelf.-----How noble therefore, how deſerving of the niceſt Cultivation muſt that Art be, that can reſtore Sight to the Blind, Hearing to the Deaf, Speech to the Dumb, and keep in Order the Springs of thoſe Maſter-pieces of creative Wiſdom! That Art muſt needs be divine, becauſe, thus aſſiſted, our Minds are inſpired with the grandeſt Apprehenſions of Almighty GOD!

To the INHABITANTS *of* BRITISH AMERICA,

DR. GRAHAM, *Oculiſt* and *Auriſt*,

MOST reſpectfully offers his beſt Services, and acquaints them, that he may be conſulted at his Houſe, the Corner of *Fifth* and *Market-Streets*, in all Diſorders of the EYE, and its Appendages; and in every Species of Deafneſs, Hardneſs of Hearing, Ulcerations, Noiſe in the Ears, &c. Thoſe Perſons who have had the unſpeakable Misfortune of being born deaf and dumb, and thoſe who labour under any Impediment in their Speech, by applying perſonally, will probably be aſſiſted. Thoſe Perſons likewiſe, whoſe Eyes are utterly periſhed, or ſunk in their Heads, may have the Deformity removed by artificial Eyes, ſo curiouſly fixed and adapted to the Orbits, as to have, in Appearance, the Beauties, Motion, &c. of a natural Eye, in its healthy State.

Medicine and Surgery have always been his favourite Study; but the Structure and Diſeaſes of thoſe tender, ſympathetic, and nearly connected Organs, to which Nature has aſſigned the moſt important Offices of Life, have for many Years particularly engaged his Attention and Practice; whence, regardleſs of vague conjectural Hypotheſes, he hath deduced, on rational Principles, Methods of Cure, improved and confirmed by the moſt accurate Obſervations in a Courſe of Practice, the moſt extenſive, and, perhaps, the moſt ſucceſsful of any of his Cotemporaries in *Europe*, or on this vaſt Continent.

The candid and intelligent Inhabitants of theſe Parts of the *Britiſh* Colonies can readily diſtinguiſh true Merit from pretended Knowledge: To conciliate therefore their Favour, Doctor *Graham* begs Leave to aſſure them, that, with Tenderneſs and Moderation, even to the pooreſt Individual, his beſt Abilities ſhall at all Times be exerted to ſerve them; and as the Succeſs, which attends his Practice, is a better Teſtimony of his Skill, than any Thing he might advance in his own Behalf, let it ſuffice only to mention that, after ſeveral Years Study at the juſtly celebrated Univerſity of *Edinburgh*, he has travelled in Purſuit of Knowledge, in his favourite Branches, attending the Infirmaries and Hoſpitals, as well as the Lectures of the moſt eminent Profeſſors in *Europe*.------Since his Arrival in this City, in *November* 1771, upwards of Five Hundred Patients have been cured or relieved of the following Diſorders, many of which had been of long ſtanding, and deemed incurable by other Practitioners, even by Gentlemen, who otherwiſe do Honour to the Profeſſion, the Succeſs attending their Practice ſufficiently evincing, that they are worthy and capable of the great, the important Charge, with which they are entruſted. The chief Diſorders are as follow, *viz.* Total, partial and periodical Blindneſs; Weakneſs and Dimneſs of Sight; Squinting; Pain, Swelling and Inflammation of the Eyes; Spots, Specks, Pearls or Films, occaſioned by the Small-pox, Blows, or extraneous Subſtances; weak, watry, red, ſpongy and ulcerated Eye-lids; falling off of the Hairs of the Eye-laſhes; ſpaſmodic Twitchings of the Muſcles; involuntary Weeping of the Tears; Tumours and Excreſſences; *Fiſtulæ lachrymales*.---Total and periodical Deafneſs; Thickneſs of Hearing; Pain and Inflammations; painful Senſations, in Conſequence of loud Sounds; cracking, itching, continual and remitting Noiſes in the Ears; offenſive Runnings, occaſioned by Colds, Swelling, Swimming, Picking, and improper Applications, or by long and ſevere Sickneſſes; Inſects and extraneous Bodies getting into the Ears; Ulcerations, with Caries of the Bones, *Polypi*, &c. and ſeveral Perſons born deaf and dumb, who have made very conſiderable Advances in Speaking and Hearing, inſomuch that perfect Cures will probably be effected.

The *Doctor* purpoſes to leave this City in the Beginning of *May*, 1773. Thoſe, therefore, who have Occaſion for his Aſſiſtance, are deſired to apply as ſoon as poſſible.

*** The POOR, who apply properly recommended, will be aſſiſted *gratis*, with Advice, Medicines, and manual Operations, as their reſpective Caſes may require; and for that Purpoſe he will appropriate every Morning, *Sundays* excepted, between the Hours of Seven and Nine o' Clock.

New-Caſtle County, November 25, 1772.

The SUBSCRIBER takes this Method of informing his Friends, and the Public in general,

THAT he carries on the HATTER's BUSINESS, in all its various Branches, oppoſite George Hillier's Tavern, Chriſtiana Bridge, where all thoſe, who will pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on being ſerved in the beſt Manner, and on as reaſonable Terms as in the City of Philadelphia, and their Favours gratefully acknowledged, by their Friend,

JOEL LEWIS.

N. B. He gives the higheſt Price for Furs of all Sorts. ¶

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A VALUABLE plantation, in Colerain townſhip, Lancaſter county, containing 343 *acres, and the uſual allowances; whereon are a good dwelling-houſe, barn and ſtables;* 100 *acres cleared, all in good repair; there are* 30 *acres of fall crop in the ground,* 15 *acres of good timothy and clover meadow, well watered, and there may be* 50 *acres more made, at a ſmall expence, as there is a large ſtream of water that ſtands in the drieſt ſeaſons; there is a ſpring of very good water, very convenient to the houſe; together with a young orchard, of* 200 *good trees, that bear well; there might be a ſaw or fulling-mill erected at a ſmall expence, and there is a neceſſity for a fulling-mill, as there is none nigh it. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid place, may be further informed, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.* JAMES ROSS.

N. B. Was dropt, November 4, 1772, *between New-London Croſs-roads and Francis Madral's Tavern, a Silver Watch, with a China face, ſteel chain, and a flat ſteel ſeal, the number not certainly remembered; maker's name ſuppoſed to be Charles Reynolds, the chryſtal broke at the hinges, and the hinges of the chryſtal caſe broke, hard to be diſcerned, if not looked ſharply at, a paper in the outſide caſe, whereon was a name written on both ſides of it, Ralph Pendry. Whoever finds ſaid watch, and ſecures it for the ſubſcriber, ſhall have a reward of* Twenty Shillings, JAMES ROSS. ¶ 7*s* 6.

CAME to the ſhed of the ſubſcriber, at the Sign of the White Horſe, on Lancaſter road, in Eaſt-Whiteland, Cheſter county, the beginning of November laſt, a ſmall grey HORSE, about ſix years old, ſhod all round, ſome ſaddle marks. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. JOHN KERLIN. ¶

ALL Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Mr. JOHN WILCOCKS, late Enſign in the 18th Regiment, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts to

Tbc, 6 w. FRANCIS HOPKINSON, Executor.

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING, will be preſented, A NEW COMEDY *(ACTED BUT ONCE)* called

THE WEST-INDIAN.

Belcour, by Mr. HENRY,
Major O'Flaherty, by Mr. GOODMAN,
Mr. Stockwell, by Mr. MORRIS,
Captain Dudley, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Charles Dudley, by Mr. HALLAM,
Fulmer, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Varland, by Mr. PARKER,
Stukely, by Mr. WALL,
Sailor, by Mr. WOOLLS,
Lady Ruſport, by Mrs. DOUGLASS,
Louiſa Dudley, by Miſs STORER,
Mrs. Fulmer, by Mrs. HENRY,
Lucy, by Miſs RICHARDSON,
Charlotte Ruſport, by Miſs HALLAM.

To which will be ADDED,

THE DEVIL TO PAY;

OR, THE

WIVES METAMORPHOSED.

Sir John Loverule (with the Early Horn) by Mr. WOOLLS,
Jobſon, by Mr. HENRY,
Butler, by Mr. MORRIS,
Doctor, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Coachman, Mr. JOHNSON,------*Cook*, Mr. PARKER,
Footman, Mr. WALL,-----*Blind Fidler*, Mr. ROBERTS,
Lady Loverule, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Lucy, Miſs RICHARDSON,----*Lettice*, Mrs. WALL,
Nell, by Miſs STORER.

The Doors to be opened at Four, and the Play to begin exactly at Six o' Clock.---No Perſon, on any Account whatſoever, can poſſibly be admitted behind the Scenes.---Places in the Boxes may be taken at the Theatre.---Ladies and Gentlemen will pleaſe to ſend their Servants at Four o' Clock.-----TICKETS, without which no Perſon can be admitted, are ſold at the Bar of the Coffee-houſe.

BOXES 7*s*. 6*d*. PIT 5*s*. GALLERY 3*s*.

December 7, 1772.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 6th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Glouceſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JOHN MOORE, about 5 feet 10 inches high, between 18 and 19 years of age, of a browniſh complexion, has long black hair, clubbed, ſtammers in his ſpeech, and has a large fleſh mole in the corner of his left eye; had on, when he went away, a lightiſh brown upper cloth jacket, with cuffs, a red and white ſtriped under jacket, with lappels, and without ſleeves, an old lightiſh coloured ſurtout, a pair of old leather breeches, new ſeated, the left knee of which was much too ſhort, blue grey yarn ſtockings, calf-ſkin ſhoes, with odd buckles in them, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the above ſervant, ſo that his maſter ſhall get him again, or brings him to JOHN HIDER, ſenior, at the Old Ferry-houſe, Philadelphia, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN HIDER, junior.

N. B. *All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.* ‡

Wilmington, December 3, 1772.

RUN away laſt night, from the ſubſcribers, living in Wilmington, New-Caſtle county, two ſervant lads, country born, one named JAMES M'KEVER, about 18 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, ſtrong and well ſet, a little marked with the ſmall-pox, browniſh curled hair, of a churliſh ſour countenance, apt to ſpeak ſhort, and is an intolerable liar; had on, and took with him, a half-worn caſtor hat, a dark coloured cloth coat, lately turned, a cloth jacket, near the ſame colour, newly turned, a blue jacket, without ſleeves, a new coat of a rediſh brown, lately altered to fit him, and before altered was full trimmed, with buttons on the ſleeves, but now left off, &c. two new homeſpun ſhirts, the collars made two little, but now pieced on the button ſide, old fine ſhirt, buckſkin breeches, mended with a new piece between the legs, a pair of cotton-velvet ditto, one pair of ſtrong new ſhoes, and one pair of ſlim ditto, Pinchbeck ſhoe buckles and ſilver knee ditto, a yellow checked ſilk handkerchief, ſomewhat ſtained with red paint, 3 pair of yarn and worſted ſtockings. The other, named WILLIAM PATTERSON, about the ſame age and height of *M'Kever*, a Cooper by trade, long thin pale viſage, light coloured ſtraight hair, ſtoop ſhouldered, down look, ſeems ſimple, but is a very great rogue, having run away about two years ago, and was then away 16 months, at *York-town*, *Baltimore-town*, and divers other places; had on, a light coloured thickſet coat, with wooden buttons, nankeen jacket, white corded linen breeches, old red under jacket, rather too large for him, one old homeſpun ſhirt, the tail newly turned up, half-worn caſtor hat, rather too little for him, pale blue yarn ſtockings, newly footed with deep blue; he took with him a ſuit of blue and red ſuperfine broadcloth clothes, much too long for him, as they were made for another perſon, the breeches pretty much worn and dirty, alſo a ſilver watch, with a ſilver chain; the watch opens with a pin in the end of the key, a dent in the outſide caſe, old ſeal, the number and maker's name unknown: They alſo took with them a ſhort gun, ſome powder, ſhot and bullet moulds, and ſome bar lead; the ſhot-bag is made of old ſheepſkin, Engliſh dreſſed; they may forge a paſs, and change their names, as *M'Kever* writes a good hand. Whoever ſecures the ſaid lads, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward for *M'Kever*, and FIVE POUNDS for *Patterſon*, and the clothes and watch, or for the watch and clothes THREE POUNDS, and for him FORTY SHILLINGS, and if brought home reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN STAPLER, and HENRY REYNOLDS.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to carry them off or harbour them, at their peril. Any perſon giving information of their being harboured at any particular place, will be paid, as a reward, *Twenty Shillings.*

A JOURNEYMAN COOPER, if a ſingle man, will meet with good encouragement, by applying to *Henry Reynolds.* ¶ 10*t*.

New-Caſtle, November 26, 1772.

WAS STOLEN, out of Mr. John Vangezell's paſture, near New-Caſtle, on Wedneſday night, the 4th inſtant, a black Horſe, about 13½ hands high, ſhod before (his ſhoes, if any on, are very bad) cut not behind, long mane, of a ruſty or ſunburnt colour, hanging on his off ſide, ſhort ſwitch tail, trots and paces at pleaſure, ſuppoſed about ten years old, hath a remarkable lump on his near cheek bone, which ſeems to create uneaſineſs in chewing any kind of grain. Whoever ſecures ſaid Horſe, and ſends him home to me, in New-Caſtle, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ BENJAMIN VANGEZELL.

THE VOTES of the Honourable Houſe of REPRESENTATIVES of this Province, for the current Year, are now compleat, and to be SOLD, by

HENRY MILLER,

PRINTER, in RACE-STREET.

Where alſo may be had, thoſe of the preceding Year. ¶

TO BE SOLD, at the ORIGINAL COST,

On Account of the MANUFACTURERS, by

CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL,

THIRTY Pieces of ſuperfine and coarſe Broadcloths, and Twenty Pieces of Duffils and Coatings; alſo Linen and Sail Canvas, an Aſſortment of Woollen and Linen Goods, Cottons, Calicoes, *&c. &c.*

WANTS A FREIGHT, to any Part of Europe, A good ſtout VESSEL, now lying at Baltimore, will carry about 1800 Barrels, apply to SAMUEL SAM CARSAN, & Co. at Baltimore, or to CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL. 5w.

Blockley township, Philadelphia county, December 2, 1772.

RUN AWAY *yesterday, from the subscriber, a servant man, named* DANIEL M'GUIGIN, *born in Ireland, by trade a Weaver, about 30 years of age, dark complexion, curled hair, down look, and is about 5 feet 8 inches high; had on a brown coat and jacket, black breeches, patched shoes, and a felt hat: He is supposed to be gone in company with a certain* William M'Cowan *and* Patrick Lawson, *to Tuckahoe Neck, in Maryland. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so as his master may have him again, shall have* THREE POUNDS *reward, and reasonable charges, paid by* AARON HALL. ¶

DAVID PINE,

CLOCK and WATCH-MAKER,

BEGS Leave to inform the Public, that he carries on the Business of Clock and Watch-making, in the Village of Strasburg, in Lancaster County, at the House of Everard Gruber, Esq; where he makes and repairs all Kinds of Clocks and Watches, &c. &c. with Fidelity and Accuracy, at the reasonablest Rates. All Gentlemen and Ladies, who will be pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend upon his faithful Attendance, and strict Compliance with their Commands, by their most humble Servant, DAVID PINE. ¶

TO THE PUBLIC.

JOHN WILSON,

At the Academy in Newark, New-Castle County; has opened

A NIGHT-SCHOOL,

WHERE can be taught, English reading and writing, with propriety and elegance, geography, chronology, arithmetic, book-keeping, geometry, the construction of logarithms, plain and spherical trigonometry, mensuration of superficies and solids, gauging, dialling, fortification, architecture, navigation, surveying, the projection of the sphere, the use of the globes, conic sections, gunnery, algebra, the theory of pendulums, fluxions, &c. &c. by JOHN WILSON.

*** A young Man, well acquainted with the English tongue, might have a course of mathematical education, for attending some of the lower classes, in the Day-school, which said *Wilson* continues, at the same place, as usual. ¶

Lancaster, November 21, 1772.

WAS taken up two days ago, about two miles from Lancaster, on the road leading to Philadelphia, a likely bay COLT, about 3 years old, about 15 hands high, has a small star in his face, and a long switch tail, is a natural trotter, and seems to be of the English breed; when taken up appeared to have been very hard rode. The owner is desired to call upon CONRAD HOUZEL, in Lancaster, 4 doors from SLOW's tavern, prove his property, pay the charges, and take him away; or he will be sold for the same, the 10th of next month. ¶ 1*w.*

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STOLEN out of the stable of the subscriber, living in Amity township, Berks county, in the night of the 26th of November, 1772, a BAY MARE, 8 or 9 years old, near 15 hands high, has a star in her forehead, and a small snip on her nose, has no brand nor ear-mark, is shod before, paces natural, has a large mane and fore-top. Any person securing the above described mare, and giving notice to the subscriber, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by JUDITH JONES. ¶

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber, on Wednesday night last, a black HORSE, 3 years old, about 14 hands high, a natural pacer, shod before, his fore feet appear remarkably small, occasioned by a swelling between the hoof and fetlocks, his mane had been (what is called) hogged, but now grown so as to turn over a little to the off side. Whoever takes up the said horse, and brings him to the subscriber, or to Mr. JAMES DOUGLASS, in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, near Pequea creek, shall receive TWENTY SHILLINGS, and reasonable expences, from JOHN DOUGLASS, junior. ¶ *September 22, 1772.*

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN or STRAYED, from the subscriber, living near the Widow Cumming's Tavern, in West Nottingham, Chester county, on the 23d of October last, a black HORSE, *about 14 hands high, and about 10 years old, with a bald face, the white coming over his near eye, 3 white feet, a thin mane, with a little slit in one of his ears, shod before, paces and trots, but paces most, easy to catch, but apt to break fences. Whoever takes up the said horse, and brings him to the subscriber, shall have* TEN SHILLINGS *reward, and reasonable charges; but if stolen, the above reward for horse and thief, provided he can be brought to justice, paid by* ¶ GEORGE BRIGGS.

Dover, October 22, 1772.

WHEREAS the WIFE of the subscriber, MARY MEYER, alias MARY BLOOM, alias MARY SKRODER, hath eloped from him in an unlawful manner, and stolen upwards of Forty Pounds, in cash, as also a parcel of his most valuable goods. These are therefore to forewarn all persons from trusting her on his account, as he will pay no debts of her contracting, from the date hereof. ¶ rw. THOMAS MEYER.

Just published, and to be sold by HALL *and* SELLERS, *at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street, Philadelphia,*

POOR RICHARD's ALMANACK, for the Year 1773; containing, besides the usual astronomical Observations, The visible Eclipses of the Satellites of Jupiter.---The four Quarters of the Year.---Sowing Wheat-seed unprepared, much more beneficial than using prepared Seed; An experienced Method of sowing Clover on Barley, recommended to the Notice of Farmers; Manner of judging when Barley is fit to mow; Way of preventing Wheat Crops, sowed on dunged Land, from being over-run with Weeds; Benefit of harrowing a foul Crop of Turnips; Easy Method of increasing the Milk of Cows; Useful Directions in Regard to Peach Trees, to make them bear fine Fruit.---The Requisites necessary to render the Married State happy.-----An Antidote against mispending Time.-----Excellent Proof of Wisdom.---A valuable Secret communicated.---A most important Lesson.---The Married Man.---Love and Friendship.---The Lover's Invocation on Old Time.---Wisdom and Health.---Real Beauty.---Maxims in Love.---Receipts from some of the most eminent Physicians, viz.---For Want of Appetite.---For Costiveness.---For the Ear-ach.---For Eyes disordered.---For a Giddiness.--For the Head-ach.--For Hysterics.--For the Measles.--For Retention of Urine.---For a Vomiting.---Cures for Disorders in Horses, and for Diseases in Cattle, viz.---For the Glanders.---To carry off any Grease or Foulness in the Body.---For Cracks or sore Heels.---For the Gripes.---For a Strain or Bruise.---For any inward Disease in Cattle.---To kill Worms.---For a Looseness or Bloody Flux.-----Anecdotes--Jests--Epigrams--Wise Sayings---Tables of Interest, at Six and Seven per Cent.---Friends Yearly Meetings, Courts, Fairs, Roads, &c. &c.

WANTS a PLACE,

A WET NURSE, from the Country, with a good Breast of Milk, can be well recommended. Enquire of the Printers.

Chester-Town, Maryland, September 22, 1772.

STOLEN from the subscriber, about a fortnight ago, a middle sized bay GELDING, five or six years old, paces a slow travel, has been used to a carriage, large flat hoofs, and branded on the near buttock (if not on both) with the letter W. Whoever secures said horse, so as I get him again, shall receive, if taken out of the county, TWENTY SHILLINGS, if out of the province, FORTY SHILLINGS, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by ¶ 7/6 ANTHONY BANNING.

Philadelphia, October 30, 1772.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Second-street, last night, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, and about 8 years old; she hath neither brand nor ear-mark, but has had a lump under her near shoulder, which, however, is now so far gone that it is not observed, but by the skin being looser at that place than the rest. She is a genteel creature, and a natural pacer. Whoever takes up the said mare and thief, so that the owner may have the mare again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward of SIX POUNDS, and for the mare alone THREE POUNDS, and reasonable charges, paid by me GEORGE SLOSSER. *Ts.*

THE PROPRIETORS of the BORDEN-TOWN and BURLINGTON STAGE-WAGGONS, do hereby inform the Public, that the high Price of Grain, lays them under a Necessity of raising the Fare of Passengers, going to and from South-Amboy, and that from the First Day of this instant December, a Passenger must pay Five Shillings, to or from Borden-Town, and Six Shillings, to or from Burlington.

JOSEPH BORDEN, JOSEPH FOLWELL.

Philadelphia, November 30, 1772.

STRAYED or STOLEN, last night, out of Jacob Shoemaker's pasture, near the Center-house, a likely sorrel MARE, about 14 hands high, 8 or 9 years old, neither brand nor ear-mark, a star in her forehead, a thin mane and tail, and appears as if she was with foal, a natural pacer, and shod before. Whoever takes up the said Mare, and brings her to the subscriber, living in White-horse-alley, shall receive THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶ JONATHAN SHOEMAKER.

Kensington, November 22, 1772.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, out of the subscriber's stable, on Saturday night, the 21st instant, a very likely large BAY GELDING, full 15 hands and an inch high, 3 years old last spring, has a long tail, which may be made short, a small star in his forehead, round nose, some white on one of his hind feet, has a small scar on one of his buttocks, near the tail, supposed to be made by the horn of a cow, and may be easily discovered; he is about half blooded, and has no other gaits than walk, trot, and gallop. Whoever secures the said horse, so that the owner may have him again, shall have FIVE POUNDS, and for the thief FIVE POUNDS more, paid by me WILLIAM PEARSON. ¶

For CHARLES-TOWN, in SOUTH-CAROLINA,

The BRIG FRIENDSHIP,
JOSEPH BLEWER, MASTER;

HAVING genteel Accommodations for Passengers, and will sail with all convenient Speed. For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master, at his House in Southwark, or on board, at Joseph Sims's Wharff; or to DANIEL ROBINSON, at his Store on said Wharff, who has for Sale, Carolina Goat-Leather, new Rice, and Lignumvitæ. ¶

For LONDONDERRY,
THE SHIP
JUPITER,
ALEXANDER EWING,
MASTER;

WILL sail in TWO WEEKS, having Three Fourths of her Cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight or Passage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the Master on board, at William Allen, Esquire's Wharff. *December 2, 1772.*

FOR LONDONDERRY,

The Ship ALEXANDER,
JAMES HUNTER,
COMMANDER;

A STOUT new vessel, with excellent accommodations for passengers; will sail in about three weeks, having the greatest part of her cargoe engaged. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board, at Stamper's wharff, or to *Carsan, Barclay*, and *Mitchell*. 5w.

FOR LONDONDERRY,

The Ship WALLWORTH,
CONOLLY M'CAUSLAND,
COMMANDER;

WILL sail in about three weeks, having the greatest part of her cargoe engaged. For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board, at Stamper's wharff, or to *Carsan, Barclay*, and *Mitchell*, who have for sale a few FIRKINS of IRISH BUTTER. 5w.

FOR NEWRY,

The SHIP MINERVA,
FRANCIS FEARISS,
MASTER;

WILL sail with the first Flaxseed Vessels, and has excellent Accommodations for Passengers. For Freight or Passage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the MASTER on board, at WILLIAM ALLEN, Esquire's Wharff. *Nov. 7.*

THE Vestry of *St. George*'s Parish,

in *Baltimore* County, desire to inform any CLERGYMAN of the CHURCH of ENGLAND, who may incline to engage in discharging the Office of a Curate, That they will give him yearly THE SUM OF ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, Currency; and that they doubt not but the Parishioners will, by ready Subscription, increase that Sum, in Proportion as, on Trial, he shall give Satisfaction. ¶6w.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Cæcil county, North Susquehanna Hundred, Maryland, the 15th of November last, an indented Irish servant man, named WILLIAM HAMILTON, alias WILLIAM HAMLON, came from Ireland in the ship Pennsylvania Farmer, Capt. Robert Johnston, in June 1771; he is about 26 years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, slim made, pale hair, thin beard, apt to swear, has large lumps on his great toes, and walks somewhat splaw-footed: Had on, when he went away, an old grey surtout coat, and a close-bodied claret coloured drab cloth coat, without lining, a spotted flannel jacket, with horn buttons and long skirts, a pair of old fustian breeches, a pair of old black stockings, newly footed, new shoes and iron buckles, a felt hat, and wears a silver breast buckle. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, giving intelligence to me, so that I may get him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by CHARLES PORTER.

N. B. Strayed away, in June last, from the plantation of *Robert Haughey*, in New-Castle county, St. George's Hundred, a dark bay MARE, six years old past, middle sized, with a star in her forehead, shod before, paces and trots. Whoever takes her up, so as I may have her again, shall have Five Dollars reward, paid by ¶ 7/6. CHARLES PORTER.

Dumfries, Virginia, October 30, 1772.

RUN away from the subscriber, on the 7th instant, three indented servant men, viz. JOHN ELISHA, an Englishman, PETER DREW, and JOHN PARSONS, Irishmen. *John Elisha* is a Bricklayer, about 35 years of age, 6 feet high, pale complexion, short dark hair, a little pitted with the small-pox, and had two of his left hand fingers contracted, and bent in his hand; had on, when he went away, a grey cloth coat, with metal buttons, black jacket, leather breeches, and yarn stockings. *Peter Drew* is a Sawyer, 25 years old, about 5 feet 8 inches high, well made, ruddy complexion and full faced, cut or curled wig, and much pitted with the small-pox; carried with him a variety of clothes, particularly a suit of light blue, a fustian coat and red jacket, and had several ruffled shirts. *John Parsons* is a Labourer, 20 years of age, 6 feet high, pale complexion, slender made, a little pitted with the small-pox, and straight black hair; had on, when he went away, 2 coats, blue and light coloured, red jacket, leather breeches, and a pair of ribbed yarn stockings. The said servants were imported three weeks ago, in the James, Captain Steel, from London, and stole, from the mouth of Quantico, a small boat, which (after landing in Maryland) they set adrift; they were seen ten days ago, in a small vessel, near Blackstone's Island, in Patowmack river, and from the Bricklayer's being well acquainted to the northward, I suspect they are gone to the Eastern-shore, in Maryland, and from thence to Philadelphia; as they all can write well, it is probable they may forge passes. Any person that secures the said servants, and delivers them to me here, shall receive a reward of TWENTY POUNDS, Virginia currency, and in proportion for any of them. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

at Church-hill, in Queen-Anne's county, Maryland, on MONDAY, the 15th day of December inst. to continue from day to day until the whole is sold; the following mill, lands, tenements and chattels, lately assigned to trustees, by William and John Ruth, for the discharge of certain debts due from them.

A GRIST or MERCHANT-MILL, and TRACT of LAND, containing 15 acres, ten acres thereof meadow, situate at Church-hill, on the south-east branch of Chester river, within four miles of the ships channel, and about a mile from the landing, where shallops load and unload, in a plentiful wheat country, 42 miles water-carriage to Baltimore-town, 25 miles from Dover, and 28 miles from Duck-creek, where a number of great roads meet, from the Lower counties, on Delaware, to Philadelphia, to Chester-town, on Chester river, to Annapolis, &c.---The mill and dam are in good order, and easily kept in repair, the stream very constant, and plenty of water in dry seasons, accommodated with two pair of stones, double geared, bolting-cloths and hoisting-gears, all go by water, &c. Also a Cooper's shop adjoining; near the mill, on the same tract, and to be sold with it, are a frame dwelling-house, two rooms on a floor, with three fire-places, a kitchen, stable, chair-house, &c.

One hundred and three acres of LAND, called *Ruth's Purchase*, situate at and adjoining Church-hill, very convenient for any public business.

A LOT, situate on Church-hill, containing one acre and an half, with a large frame dwelling-house thereon, two stories high, and four rooms on a floor, well finished, with a cellar under the whole, a good kitchen and chambers, with a piazza between the house and kitchen, a granary, that will hold 1500 bushels of wheat, a stable for eight horses, a chair-house, smoke-house and oven, a garden, fenced in with plank, rents for £ 45 per annum.

Two acres and three-quarters of LAND, called *Ruth's Island*, in the south-east branch of Chester river, near the aforesaid mill.

Eight acres of woodland, part of a tract called *Brotherhood*, nearly adjoining Church-hill, on the great road leading from Annapolis to Philadelphia, &c. being a good stand for a tradesman.

Four acres and three-quarters of LAND, called *Beginning*, near Church-hill.

Thirty-three acres of good and well timbered LAND, called *Smith's Outrange*, within three miles of Church-hill, in the forks of the roads leading to Duck-creek and Head of Chester.

Seventy-five acres of good woodland, part of a tract called *Cloud's Adventure*, within a mile of Church-hill.

One hundred twelve acres and an half of very good LAND, adjoining to and part of said tract, called *Cloud's Adventure*, about one half cleared, 10 or 11 acres thereof good meadow, an orchard of 175 apple-trees, a dwelling-house, 20 feet by 18, 1½ story high, with good brick chimnies, well finished, except plaistering and glazing, a kitchen, 28 feet by 20, a story and an half high, with a brick chimney, a smoke-house 14 feet square, a corn-house, 20 feet by 7, well boarded, paled garden, and yard.

Fifty acres of LAND, called *Spread Eagle*, near Church-hill.

Also, horses, cows, oxen, a waggon, plows and gears, corn harrows, a quantity of new axes, plow-shares and colters, bolts, clevises, hooks and staples, several setts of ox clevises, bolts and keys, several setts of sharp pointed harrow teeth, a quantity of grubbing and weeding hoes and spades, two anvils, two bellows, two vizes, and a quantity of other smith's tools, a Dutch fan, an eight day clock, several feather beds and bedding, walnut tables, a large looking-glass, a desk, pots, andirons, gridirons, &c. &c.

Time will be given for great part of the purchase money for the real estate, paying interest, and giving security, the chattels to be paid for in eight months from the day of sale, with interest and security, if required. Attendance will be given at the time and place aforesaid by

LODOWICK SPROGELL, Attorney to the Trustees.

TO be SOLD by the Subscriber, in Baltimore county, in the province of Maryland, 216½ acres of patent LAND, about 30 acres of which are lately cleared, and under good fence, the remainder remarkably well timbered and watered, there being sundry fine springs on the same; the soil is good for tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, rye or other grain; several acres of fine meadow may be made at small expence; there are two small tenements thereon, and some peach-trees; the said land lies within ten miles of the flourishing town of Baltimore, and on the great road leading thereto. Any person wanting to view the land, may be shewn it, by Mr. William Ede, living near the premises, and for further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, living about two miles from Nottingham Forges, and five miles from Joppa.

Sept. 5, 1772. JOHN HOWLAND. ¶ 10*w.*

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, living in Frederick county, Maryland,

A Valuable TRACT of LAND, containing about 1700 acres, lying on Conecocheague creek, about 80 miles from Baltimore, 30 miles from Frederick-town, and 6 miles from Huger's-town. There are several good improvements on the said tract, on one of which the subscriber now lives, whereon is a good new stone dwelling-house, new stone kitchen, good new grist-mill and saw-mill (the mill-houses built of stone) an extraordinary good orchard, that produces 60 hogsheads of cyder yearly, there are already 80 acres of good meadow made, and in very good order, and 200 more may easily be made, about 200 acres of upland cleared on the said plantation, it lies in a populous part of the country, and is well situated for any public business; the land is well known, and needs little to recommend it; the soil is rich, well watered with springs, and extremely well timbered; it commands a beautiful prospect of Conecocheague creek, being nearly surrounded by it; it is well situated to divide in 4 or 5 plantations. Terms of sale may be known, by applying to the subscriber, who will give an indisputable title to the purchaser, free from any incumbrance, with the quitrents paid up to the day of sale. ISAAC BAKER. ¶ 8*w.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

December 16, 1772. NUMB. 2295.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

LONDON, *September* 19.

A LETTER from Stockholm, dated Auguſt 25, brought by the Holland Mail, which arrived yeſterday, contains the following SPEECH of the King of Sweden, addreſſed to the Counſellors of State, aſſembled there on the 21ſt of laſt month.

GENTLEMEN,

"Filled with the greateſt uneaſineſs on account of the actual ſituation of the nation, and obliged to ſet forth the truth in its fulleſt light, the moment that the kingdom is on the brink of the precipice, I now receive you, and you ought not to be ſurpriſed, if it is not with the tranſports of joy, which my heart felt when you were aſſembled before my throne. My heart does not permit me to conceal any thing from you. Two different times have I ſpoken to you with all the frankneſs which my vocation required, and with all the ſincerity requiſite to true honour. This ſincerity ſhall this day direct my words, ſince the buſineſs is to call to mind the paſt, in order to amend the preſent. A melancholy truth it is, yet a general one, that hatred and diſcord ſap the foundation of the kingdom. Long ſince has the nation been divided into parties, which united only in the project of annihilating their country. They know that this diviſion begets rancor, rancor revenge, revenge perſecution, perſecution freſh revolutions, and finally a periodical malady, that attacks and deſtroys the whole body of the ſtate. Theſe violent concuſſions have ſhaken the kingdom, merely through the ambition of ſome individuals. Hence the torrents of blood ſhed ſometimes by one party, ſometimes by another, and ſtill the people were ſure to be victims of diſſentions, which did not in the leaſt concern them; diſſentions, whoſe unhappy conſequences fell immediately upon them, and cruſhed them in the end. To ſtrengthen this violence was the work and the ſole aim of thoſe who adviſed. All were to ſuffer by it; oftentimes it was at the expence of the citizens, and always to the detriment of the kingdom. When the laws were clear, a contrary ſenſe was ſubſtituted to them. If the matter required to ſupport the laws, they were ſuppreſſed. Nothing is ſacred to a party given up to hatred and vengeance. Things were even carried ſo far, that it was publicly declared, a plurality of votes were above the law, and that it had no other rule but opinion.

"In this manner liberty, that jewel among the rights of humanity, degenerated into an inſupportable ariſtocratical deſpotiſm, in the hands of a faction which ſuggeſted the expedients. Nothing has been done in the new aſſembly of the kingdom; and, far from having thought about the means of providing for the affairs of the crown, each party conſidered nothing, but how they ſhould ſecure a majority of votes, to guard againſt the illegal enterprizes and violence of their opponents. A ſimilar interior ſituation of the kingdom had nothing ſurpriſing in it, if we conſider that without. I muſt forbear ſpeaking of it. It muſt needs be impoſſible for me, who am born a Swede, and am King of Sweden, to believe, that foreign views could have made ſuch an impreſſion on the minds of Swediſh men, eſpecially when they make uſe of the baſeſt means to effect their purpoſe. They know my thoughts, and I ſpare them the pain of judging to what a degree of contempt and diſgrace their diſſentions have expoſed the kingdom. Such is the conjuncture in which I found myſelf, when, by an effect of Providence, I received the Swediſh Sceptre. They know that I have ſpared no pains to unite them; I have exhorted them, both from the throne, and at other times, to agree together, and to conduct themſelves conformably to the laws. I ſacrificed my private concerns, and whatſoever might be deareſt to me in quality of King. No engagements, no ſteps were painful to me, provided I could but obtain an end, ſo ſalutary to the whole country. If any there are amongſt them, that diſavow this truth, let them boldly ſtand up; I give them Leave.

"I did expect, but in vain, my efforts would have diſengaged them from the ſhackles, prepared for them by foreign gold, inteſtine hatred, and voluntary violence; and that the dreadful examples of other countries would have been a leſſon to them. I was abandoned, partly by their conductors, and partly by themſelves. Every fence, as I may ſay, was broken down, every obſtacle deſpiſed; violence took wing, and gained ſtrength by oppoſition. The moſt virtuous, the moſt worthy, and the principal men among the citizens, are ſacrificed; men in place, advanced in years, known by their capacity and long faithful ſervices, are degraded; whole bodies of the magiſtracy diſmiſſed from their employments; the forced complaints of the people are conſidered as rebellion; and liberty at laſt is converted into an ariſtocratical yoke, which no Swede can bear. God himſelf ſeems to have manifeſted his wrath againſt the iniquitous conduct of theſe regencies. The earth refuſes to produce her fruits, and a ſcarcity deſolates the whole country. Far from haſtening to apply a remedy in time, whilſt myſelf inſiſted that they ſhould, they ſeemed to me to be more attentive to exerciſe their animoſity, than attend to the vigilance of thoſe, whom they had inveſted with full powers. When at laſt neceſſity obliged them to take meaſures to eaſe the people, it was too late. Thus has a whole year glided away, under the holding of a Dyet, burtheniome to the country, without the leaſt utility.

"After that all my repreſentations had produced no effect, and that all my labours had proved fruitleſs, I waited, touched with grief for the calamities of my dear country, but with a peaceable attention to what the nation would think of the conduct of her plenipotentiaries, of my perſon, and of herſelf. One part of the nation had borne the yoke, ſighing and bewailing, but without ſpeaking, not knowing who to addreſs themſelves to for deliverance, nor what means to put in uſe. In one province of the kingdom, deſpair having ſeized on their minds, they had taken up arms.

"In ſuch circumſtances, and when even true liberty and ſecurity were expoſed to the greateſt of all dangers, without conſidering that which threatened my life, I ſaw no other alternative but to ſeize, with the aſſiſtance of heaven, the means which ſaved from an inſupportable violence and oppreſſion other free nations, and Sweden herſelf, under the ſtandard of Guſtavus Vaſa. God has bleſſed my work, and I have ſeen, on a ſudden, revive in the hearts of my ſubjects, for their country, the ſame ſentiments that heretofore animated Engelbert and Guſtavus Erickſon. All has ſucceeded, and I have freed myſelf, and my kingdom, without the concurrence of any citizen. Thoſe who ſhall believe that I have ſought any thing beſides liberty and equity, will be groſly deceived. This vow is the more holy as it is voluntary; and what has paſſed now ſhall not divert me from a deſign, which is not founded in neceſſity, but on conviction. Far from any intention to abridge liberty, I had, on the contrary, no other object but to aboliſh violence, and change the whimſy that governed the kingdom, into a regular and permanent regency, ſuch as it was upheld by the antient law of Sweden, and in the manner in which this kingdom was governed under my illuſtrious predeceſſors. The end that I propoſe to myſelf, in all that I have now undertaken, is to render firm a juſt liberty, that may make all my worthy ſubjects happy; ſecure all their poſſeſſions under the protection of the laws; maintain them in the free exerciſe of their lawful profeſſions; make them experience an adminiſtration of juſtice, exempt from partiality; enforce good order in the towns and the country; labour carefully for the advancement of the public good; procure the peaceable enjoyment of it; and finally, to promote the fear of God with a pure conſcience, without fanaticiſm and ſuperſtition.

"Nevertheleſs, all this cannot take place, unleſs the kingdom is governed by an immutable law, without wreſting the ſenſe of it; a law, that equally binds the King and the States, and that cannot be abrogated or changed, but by a free re-union of the one and the other, which permits a King, zealous for his country, to deliberate thereon with the States, without their regarding him as a terror, of whom they are afraid; and, finally, that between the King and the States there be but one common intereſt for the good of the kingdom. Such a law, of a reciprocal obligation for me and for them, is what ſhall be read to them immediately.

"From all that I have now ſaid, they will eaſily underſtand that, far from having had on my ſide the leaſt private view, all has been done for the love of the country. Beſides, as I was obliged to ſet forth the truth in its fulleſt light, I have laid it before them, without the leaſt acrimony; but with tokens of my inclination for their real good. Therefore I do not doubt but they will accept the whole with gratitude, and eſtabliſh jointly with me their true proſperity and liberty, on a ſolid and unſhaken foundation.

"Great Monarchs, whoſe memory will be ever immortal, have ſwayed the ſceptre I this day hold. Certainly I ſhall want ſomething more than boldneſs to equal them in any ſort. Nevertheleſs, I will with them redouble my attachment and love; and if they have but one heart for the country, I hope that the Swediſh name will recover the honour and eſteem, which it had acquired in the days of our anceſtors. The Supreme Being, before whom nothing is hidden, knows this moment the bottom of my heart! May he vouchſafe life, to ſhower down his graces and bleſſings on the accompliſhment of his decree!"

CHARLES-TOWN (*in South-Carolina*) *November* 18.

The Reply of RAWLINS LOWNDES, *Eſq; Speaker of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of South-Carolina, to ſome Reflections upon his Conduct, in the Governor's Speech, on the* 10*th Inſtant.*

Mr. POWELL,

HIS Excellency the Governor having been pleaſed, in the moſt public Manner, before the General Aſſembly, in his Speech at the Diſſolution, to arraign my Conduct, as Speaker of the Commons Houſe, without hearing what might be ſaid in my Behalf, it becomes neceſſary for me to apply to your Paper, in order to vindicate myſelf from the Imputation of "*having acted in an unprecedented Manner*," which his Excellency lays to my Charge.

I mean not to enter into a Diſcuſſion of the Point, whether "*the Commander in Chief of this Province, has a Right, at all Times, to inſpect the Journals of the General Aſſembly.*"---The Governor thinking proper to ſay ſo, does by no Means aſcertain the Right, or make it indiſputable: But, however that may be, ſurely, it does not preclude the Speaker of the Houſe from peruſing and inſpecting the Journals alſo; they are properly and neceſſarily under his Direction, to correct Errors, ſupply Omiſſions, and prevent Miſtakes: Beſides, it is abſolutely incumbent on him, to be particularly attentive to the Courſe and different Stages of the ſeveral Matters depending before the Houſe, that he might, with more Clearneſs and Regularity, in their due Order, lay them before the Houſe.---The Neceſſity therefore, of a frequent Peruſal of the Journals, is apparent to every Man of Conſideration. I had been but two Days in the Chair, at the Time the Governor refers to. It was proper for me, at my firſt Entrance into Office, to obtain all the Helps I could, towards enabling me to diſcharge my Duty: The Poſſeſſion therefore of the Journals, for one Afternoon only, ſurely, cannot be deemed ſo high an Offence, as to operate and contribute to the Diſſolution of the General Aſſembly.

That my Conduct was not either improper or unreaſonable in taking with me the Journals, after the Houſe had adjourned for the Remainder of the Day, for the Purpoſe above-mentioned, need not, I think, to be further inſiſted upon.------That it was "*unprecedented*," (as charged upon me by the Governor) I abſolutely deny. During my being Speaker formerly, I frequently did it; and, I preſume, every Speaker before, and ſince that Time, has done the ſame.---I do not ſee how he can qualify himſelf, for the Duty of his Station, when a Variety of Buſineſs is depending, without a very cloſe and frequent Reference to the Journals.

That the Governor "*wrote to me, to demand the Journals, and "could not procure them until the next Day*;" a few Circumſtances explained will exculpate me, I hope, from any Blame on this Head alſo.-----When the Governor's Note was left at my Houſe, I was from Home; it was brought me by my Servant at a Friend's Houſe (where I was engaged for the Evening) pretty late, I believe Nine o'clock, juſt going to Supper; too late, I apprehend, for an immediate Compliance with his Excellency's Demand: I muſt have returned Home, and then carried the Journals myſelf to him, not having any other proper Means of Conveyance. The next Morning I roſe early, purpoſely ſooner than uſual, carried the Journals myſelf to the Clerk's Houſe, and deſired they might be ſent to the Governor. The Clerk was ill in Bed; and I ſuppoſe it was from that Accident the Journals were not ſooner conveyed to his Excellency. Theſe Facts and Obſervations, properly attended to, I flatter myſelf, will ſhew that the Governor's Cenſure of me was miſapplied. My Idea is, and my Sentiments are known to many Gentlemen, that if the Governor has a Right to inſpect the Journals, it is below the Dignity of the Houſe, or its Speaker, to uſe any Shifts or Evaſions to keep them from him; if he has no Right, his Claim ought to be diſputed upon its proper Grounds. What I did, was of my own mere Motion; I had no Authority or Sanction of the Houſe for it. I am,

Your humble Servant,

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Perſons indebted, by Bond, Note, Book-account, or Groundrents, to John Miller, late of the Borough of Lancaſter, Inn-keeper and Blackſmith, deceaſed, that they come and make Payment forthwith; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts, to JOHN HUBLEY, and CHRISTOPHER HAINEY, Adminiſtrators. *Dec.* 10. 3*M.*

This Day is publiſhed, and ſold by R. AITKEN, *Bookſeller, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe, in Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia,*

AITKEN's GENERAL AMERICAN REGISTER, and the GENTLEMAN's and TRADESMAN's complete ANNUAL ACCOUNT BOOK, and CALENDAR, for the POCKET or DESK; for the Year of our LORD, 1773.

The Contents of the Annual Account Book and Calendar.

Fifty-two double pages, ruled, for entering the receipts and payments of money; ſpaces for daily memorandums; the age, place, riſing, ſetting, ſouthing, full and change of the moon, and place of her nodes; the ſun's riſing and ſetting; aſpects of the planets; riſing and ſetting of the ſtars; immerſions and emerſions of Jupiter's ſatellites; remarkable days, general tide table for America, &c.

Of the General American Regiſter.

A table of the kings and queens of England; Genealogical liſt of the royal family of Great-Britain; The number of peers, peereſſes in their own right, archbiſhops and biſhops in England, Scotland and Ireland; Kings of Scotland, and the time they began to reign; Lord lieutenants of Ireland ſince the union; His majeſty's conſuls abroad for the protection of trade; Births, marriages and iſſue of the ſovereign princes of Europe; A conciſe chronological account of events in America, from the firſt diſcovery thereof; General and civil eſtabliſhment of North-America; Eſtabliſhment of the cuſtoms for the continent, the Bermuda and Bahama Iſlands; The ſtaff of the army, general poſt-office; Rank of the navy and army; His majeſty's order concerning the power of the civil governors over his forces in America; Rules for determining the rank and precedence to be obſerved between the officers of the army and the civil governors, &c. *Public Officers, &c.* in Pennſylvania, New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, Maryland, New-Jerſey, New-York, Rhode-Iſland, Connecticut, Maſſachuſetts-Bay, New-Hampſhire, Nova-Scotia, Newfoundland, Saint John's Iſland, Canada, Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia, Eaſt-Florida, and Weſt-Florida. 4 *W.*

To be SOLD, *or* LETT *for a term of years, on reaſonable terms, and may be entered on the* 25*th of March next,*

A MESSUAGE or TENEMENT, and TRACT of LAND, containing about 60 ACRES, ſituate in Lower Chicheſter townſhip, in the county of Cheſter, on the great road leading from Philadelphia to New-Caſtle, which has been a noted Tavern for many years paſt, and is now kept as ſuch, known by the Sign of the Horſe and Groom; there are near 20 acres of good meadow, a good old orchard, and a young one, of grafted fruit, lately planted, and a few acres of good timber land on the premiſes; there are alſo a good barn, ſtable, and ſheds, ſuitable for that buſineſs; the place runs down to the river Delaware, in the town of Marcus-Hook, and has a fine front, and commands a beautiful proſpect on the river.

Alſo to be ſold, or lett, another meſſuage, and large brick malthouſe, in good repair, with about an acre of ground thereto belonging, ſituate in Chicheſter aforeſaid, about half a mile above the town of Marcus-Hook, on the great road leading from thence back to the country, with a good pump, and other conveniencies for the malting buſineſs. For terms, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living in the town of Cheſter. ELISHA PRICE ¶ 4*w.*

To be SOLD, by

DAVID OWEN,

Living in Uwchland, Cheſter county,

A CERTAIN LOT, ſituate on the north ſide of Pewter-platter-alley, near the Market-houſe, containing 38½ feet front, and 30 feet 9 inches deep, having two wooden tenements thereon erected, one of which now rents for Twelve Pounds per annum, the other for Six Pounds; being ſubject to a groundrent of £ 1:18:4 a year. For terms, apply to DAVID OWEN, or to JOHN YOUNG, Sadler, in Second-ſtreet.

Likewiſe a LOT, in Germantown, ſituate in Carvel's Lane. Enquire as above directed. ¶

Philadelphia, December 10, 1772.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

A BURGLARY.

WHEREAS a Number of evil diſpoſed Perſons, in the Night, between the 9th and 10th Inſtant, burglariouſly and felonioufly, broke open the Gallery Door of the THEATRE, tore off, and carried away the Iron Spikes, which divide the Galleries from the upper Boxes; and had they not been detected, and put to Flight by the Servants of the Theatre, who dwell in the Houſe, would, there is Reaſon to imagine, have compleated their malicious Deſigns. In order, therefore, that the Perpetrators may be brought to Juſtice, the above Reward is offered, to whoever will diſcover any of the Perſons concerned in the ſaid Burglary, to be paid on their Conviction.

DAVID DOUGLASS.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS ROBERT RAMSEY, of the townſhip of Tinicum, and county of Bucks, did aſſign over unto THOMAS DILLON, all his right and claim, in and to a certain BOND, againſt MICHAEL LIGHTCAP, of the townſhip of Nockamixon and county aforeſaid, of Fifty Pounds, obligated for the payment of Twenty-five Pounds, dated April 22, 1772, payable November 27, 1772, which bond the ſaid Ramſey hath ſince obtained by fraud. This is to inform the public, that my right and property in and to that bond is good, and I am determined to vindicate the ſame.

December 7, 1772. THOMAS DILLON. ¶

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, at Chriſtiana Bridge, New-Caſtle county, on the 27th of November laſt, at night, a bright bay HORSE, 4 years old, 13½ hands high, with black mane and tail, ſhod before, neither brand nor earmark, his hind legs ſomewhat crooked, a natural pacer. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward; or, for the horſe only, FOUR DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by GEORGE ADAMS. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Gwynedd, and county of Philadelphia, ſome time in November, 1772, Three CALVES, ſuppoſed to be about 6 or 7 months old; one a brindle, with a white face; one brown; and the other black. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them awa

¶ THOMAS EVANS.

C A I R O, *July* 18.

WE begin to be uneaſy concerning the fate of Egypt. A Prince of Saidi has taken up arms againſt Mehemet; it is ſaid that Ali Bey has ſent ſecret emiſſaries here, who are endeavouring to make a diviſion among the grandees of the country, many of whom are ſtill attached to him. The ſucceſs that Chiek Daher, his ally, has had in Syria, reanimates the hopes of the partiſans of the ancient Caimacan, and it is feared he will return with a ſtrong army. It is reported that he has remitted 30,000 ſequins to the Ruſſian Admiral in the iſle of Leſbos, to purchaſe his aſſiſtance.

Milan, Sept. 5. We are alarmed here with a report, that the Courts of Sardinia, Spain, and France, jealous of the immenſe power accruing to the Emperor from his new Poliſh territories, are going to make a diverſion againſt him, by attacking the Auſtrian dominions in Italy.

Copenhagen, Sept. 15. The preparations for war are carried on here with great ſpirit. The Admiralty has ordered 20 veſſels to be got ready with the utmoſt expedition, viz. 12 ſhips of war, 6 frigates, and 2 bombs.-----We are very ſuſpicious of our neighbours the Swedes.

Stockholm, Sept. 15. *On Saturday morning the King, accompanied by his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Oſtrogothia, went up to the Townhouſe, where the Magiſtrates, and the fifty elders of the Burghers, were aſſembled, when his Majeſty was pleaſed to thank them in the moſt gracious manner, for the loyalty and zeal which the Magiſtrates and Burghers had ſhewn, in aſſiſting the meaſures taken for their ſecurity, and that of the public.*

His Majeſty was alſo pleaſed farther to declare, that, in memory of the change procured by their ſupport, he had reſolved to permit, for the future, the officers of the corps of Burghers, as well out of ſervice as in ſervice, to wear gold laced hats, and yellow cockades; and likewiſe that, as a recompence for their loyalty, he had ordered medals to be ſtruck of gold and ſilver, in order to be diſtributed, the former to thoſe who had ſhewn the greateſt zeal on the occaſion, and the latter to thoſe who had not ſo great opportunities of teſtifying theirs: The golden medals to be worn at the button-hole, with the ſame ribbon as the orders of the ſword; and the ſilver medals with a white ribbon.

Warſaw, Sept. 16. *It is remarked, that the formidable alliance, offenſive and defenſive, concluded between three certain great powers, hath cauſed the greateſt conſternation and much diſcontent to the Court, and to the Miniſtry; on the other hand, it is manifeſt, that the inhabitants of this kingdom have received, with pleaſure, the news of the breaking off the congreſs.*

Field Marſhal Count de Romanzow hath ſent orders for eight regiments of infantry, and four of cavalry, which are now in Poland, to march immediately to reinforce the grand Ruſſian army.

Thorn, Sept. 16. The fate of Poliſh Pruſſia is at length decided; the Pruſſian troops preſented themſelves the 13th inſtant before Elbing, and ſummoned the Poliſh garriſon to ſurrender, which the latter refuſing, the gates were opened by cannon ſhot, in conſequence of which, the Polanders went out on one ſide, as the Pruſſians entered on the other, and took poſſeſſion; and the ſame happened at Langeforhr and Oliva. General Stutterheim, and ſome other general officers, have eſtabliſhed their quarters at Langeforhr, where there are very fine gardens, and that neighbourhood ſwarms with troops.

In the inſtant when there was all the reaſon to believe that the Confederates were annihilated, Marſhal Magoweicki has re-entered Poland with conſiderable ſums of money, and publiſhed a manifeſto, wherein he aſſures the Confederates, that a miſunderſtanding cannot fail of happening, ſooner or later, among the foreign troops which occupy that kingdom, and therefore that it will be the eaſier for them to ſucceed in their deſigns, and fight for their country.

Stockholm, Sept. 18. Yeſterday the King came to town to be preſent at the oath taken to the new form of government, by the troops lately arrived from Finland. They were drawn up on the Northern Market, and commanded by Lieutenant General Sprengport. After they had taken the oath, they fired ſeveral ſalvos of cannon and muſquetry, which were anſwered by the cannon of the ſhips in the harbour which brought them over. As ſoon as this was over the King returned directly to Eckholmſund, without going up to the palace.

Vienna, Sept. 19. We have received advice from Conſtantinople, that ſome freſh troops have lately arrived there from Aſia, which were immediately ſent off to the main army; and beſides there are 2000 men near Boſnia. Theſe advices add, that the Grand Signor often ſhewed himſelf in public, and teſtified great ſerenity and ſatisfaction; but that they were apprehenſive, from the heat of the ſeaſon, of the ſpreading of the plague, which had again broke out in ſome places.

Minſk, in Poland, Sept. 18. The Ruſſians, after the example of the Pruſſians and Auſtrians, have taken poſſeſſion of Poliſh Livonia and White Ruſſia; on the 21ſt of this month, the inhabitants of this new province are to do homage to the Empreſs of Ruſſia, and her ſucceſſors. The Courts of Juſtice are to remain upon the old footing. No new taxes are to be laid in this province, and cuſtomary revenues are already paid to the Ruſſians.

Wilna, Sept. 22. The Ruſſians yeſterday took poſſeſſion of the country aſſigned to them at the late diviſion, which is about a third of Lithuania, viz. beginning at the North, and following the courſe of the rivers Duna, Ula, Uſſa, and the Neiper, together with Poliſh Livonia, the Palatines of Potzk, Whitepſlock, Orſſa, Mociſlaw, Rohaczow, Rzeczica, to the River Dezna. This vaſt extent of country is divided into two grand governments: The firſt towards the North, the capital of which is Polockz, under General Kreczetnikow; and the ſecond towards the South, the capital of which is Mohilow, under Colonel Kokhowſki.

Letters from Dantzick inform us, that the Pruſſian Reſident had declared, by order of his maſter, that the new toll, eſtabliſhed on the Weſterdeip, or water of Dantzick, muſt continue to be paid, he being determined not to recede from his demand; in conſequence of which that city muſt aboliſh their own duty, as, by continuing it, they would entirely deſtroy their commerce.

L O N D O N.

Oct. 3. *Yeſterday a courier extraordinary arrived from Berlin, with ſome diſpatches, ſaid to be of a very intereſting nature.*

Letters from Stockholm mention, that his Swediſh Majeſty has given orders to the proper officers, to make out an exact liſt of all the perſons capable of bearing arms in his dominions.

By advices from Madrid we are informed, that the Court has come to a reſolution of ſuffering the impoſts laid upon tobacco from England, brought into Spain, to be taken off.

A report prevails, that the King of Pruſſia has very recently made ſome demands upon the Electorate of Hanover, which prove highly diſagreeable to this court.

A letter from Sweden, dated September 8, *concludes thus:* "*The King is quite firmly eſtabliſhed in his new form of government, nor can there be the leaſt expectation of a change, becauſe his Majeſty has not only the army, but the people in general on his ſide; which ſeldom happens on ſuch occaſions.*"

Orders were yeſterday diſpatched for two men of war to ſail immediately for the Mediterranean; their particular deſtination is not known.

To ſo low an ebb is the preſent caſh account of a certain great Company reduced, that the Bank of England has refuſed lending the directors any more money, till the preſent debt is firſt liquidated; and it is in conſequence of this refuſal, that the conference for a loan is begun with government, through the interference of Lord North.

Oct. 5. Yeſterday the Earl of Harcourt had a conference with his Majeſty, at St. James's; and we hear, that his Lordſhip's departure for Ireland is fixed for the 22d inſtant.

Majors Williamſon and Buchanan, and Captain Bowater, are appointed Aid de Camps to Lord Harcourt; and Col. Blaquire will hold the offices of Secretary, and Maſter of the horſe, to that Nobleman.

Oct. 6. We hear from Madrid, that an account has lately been received of another dangerous inſurrection in the iſland of Luconia.

Advices are received, that the French are drawing together a conſiderable force on the coaſt of Brittany, and are arming ſeveral ſhips for ſea.

We learn from Dantzick, that the King of Pruſſia has lately made ſome very great regulations there; and by moderating ſome of the impoſts, that bore heavy on the poor, and laying them on the rich, has in ſome meaſure reſtored peace to that city.

We hear from the Hague, that the treaty now going forward, between the States General and the Court of Madrid, in reſpect to the Algerines and Moors, will ſhortly be ratified by both parties.

A Meſſenger was ſent off from St. James's on Sunday night laſt, with advices for the Court of Peterſburgh.

It is ſaid, that two regiments of foot are ordered to hold themſelves in readineſs to embark, on the ſhorteſt notice, for Minorca.

The King of Pruſſia has given orders for raiſing fifteen new regiments, five of which are filled up from the ſupernumeraries of his other regiments. They were all to be compleated by the beginning of this month, in order to take poſſeſſion of his new acquiſitions in Poliſh Pruſſia.

Colonel C------- has reſigned, in conſequence of his being forbid the Court, as he is an attendant of a diſgraced Duke.

The following is his Swediſh Majeſty's Speech, on the diſſolution of the Dyet, on the 9th of September.

Noble, Honourable, Learned, Worthy, and Good Swedes,

"As I this day diſſolve the Dyet, which diſſolution undoubtedly will be very remarkable in the univerſal hiſtory, I cannot diſmiſs you without renewing my gratitude and thankfulneſs to Heaven, who very viſibly ſhewed its particular grace, and ſaved this oppreſſed country, and its afflicted inhabitants, from their inſupportable yoke of ſlavery. This Dyet began under the mourning of your moſt beloved King, mine and your moſt tender father; whatever was concluded upon in this Dyet, was done in diſpute, partiality, hate, ſelfiſhneſs, and other foul an unchriſtian-like views. It ſeems as if Providence itſelf would preſerve our poſterity from thoſe grievances, which have oppreſſed their anceſtors, during a time of an hundred years; and ſuch a preſervation could not have been acquired, without expoſing the views and black intentions which guided the legiſlators, before the eyes of the public, which at laſt, inſpired by a ſpirit of true patriotiſm, nothing but a revolution could have been the conſequence of it. I repeat it, and ſay, nothing but a revolution, ſent by the hand of Providence, could have deſtroyed the moſt wicked ſcheme, which had been carried on theſe laſt hundred years, in a time when every navigable country has flouriſhed in proſperity, and our bleſſed country came day after day in greater diſtreſs, poverty, and in a moſt deplorable ſtate. Nothing but the preſent form of government could have reſtored the liberty, independance, freedom, and power of a mighty nation. In ſuch hopes I receive now the nation in its moſt corrupt ſtate, but in the future liberty ſhall be re-eſtabliſhed; the laws confirmed; unity and concord promoted; and the national ſleepy, or rather dying, ſpirit revived.

"You can very eaſily imagine in what a tender ſenſation I ſee you now aſſembled before my throne; theſe few days which have paſſed ſince this great and important change happened, gave me a moſt clear and moving example of your love, and entire confidence placed in me. It is an infinite pleaſure to me, to ſee that virtue and greatneſs of ſoul, which honoured the time of your anceſtors, and lay hidden in your hearts, guarded to a time of opportunity, now ſhining moſt glorioufly by your deeds! your man-like courage, reſolution, ſteadineſs; your indefatigableneſs, devotion, attachment towards your King and country; by which marks the ancient Swediſh Knights were known; how happy I am now to ſee all theſe virtues renewed, and ſet in motion in my reign.

"I ſeparate myſelf from you this day with great eaſineſs of mind, with a grateful and thankful heart, after your having ſupported me in the cauſe of reſtoring the Swediſh ancient liberty, now founded upon unmoveable grounds and foundation, and to its preſervation you confirmed with me the new ſyſtem of government. Thus we depart from one another with the greateſt hopes that proſperity will crown the future, and we ourſelves (pleaſe God) will be perſonally witneſſes of the good and bleſſed fruits of it.

"I do aſſure you that all my thoughts, my unbounded induſtry, ſhall be only to ſtrive to gain my ſubjects hearts, by their own welfare and proſperity; for which (you are witneſs) I have hazarded my crown, my dignity, nay, my life!

"Would you in the future remain in the ſame virtue you are now in, be aſſured, that we, very ſoon, ſhall attain the end of our wiſhes; namely, to ſee the Swediſh nation in a moſt flouriſhing ſtate.

"And ye noble, honourable, learned, worthy, and good Swedes, if you will remain united, mild, ſoft, and tender hearted towards your brothers, faithful in ſupporting the welfare of the nation, peaceable and quiet, then I ſhall aſſemble you again, after ſix years, as it becomes a true, happy, united, free, and independent nation's Repreſentatives.

"I wiſh you a happy return each to his ſeat and home, &c. &c. remaining with my royal grace inclined and affected for you."

A letter from Stockholm, dated Sept. 12, ſays, "This day, about noon, the ending of the ſeſſions of the ſenate was proclaimed by an herald, under the ſound of drums, when his Majeſty ordered the Rev. Doctor Berſtern to preach a ſermon before the new ſenators, and to take his text from the 147th Pſalm, verſe 6th, "The Lord lifteth up the meek, he caſteth the wicked down to the ground."

Oct. 7. The preſent King of Sweden is univerſally ſaid to be a Monarch of great abilities, ſecret in his councils, deciſive in his deſigns, and perſevering in their execution. He has undoubtedly entered into a ſtrict connexion with the Houſe of Bourbon, who has encouraged him in his deſign of rendering himſelf abſolute; ſupplied him with money, and afforded him the ſtrongeſt aſſurances of their ſupport. He will have the pretext for maintaining his army by invading Norway, great part of which he pretends he has been robbed of by the Danes. The King of Pruſſia, there is the greateſt reaſon to believe, has embraced his intereſts, as well as thoſe of France and Spain. The conſequence of this alliance or combination muſt be obvious to every ſenſible reader, it will not only affect the independency of Great-Britain in particular, but that of all other powers in Europe.

By advices from Bruſſels we learn, that a German Nobleman of ſome diſtinction has lately been ſeized there by the Emperor's order, and confined in the Chatuau de Olivorech.

A letter from Stockholm ſays, "This nation, we are informed, will make a diverſion in favour of the Turks early in the ſpring, by attempting to recover part of Finland, formerly in our poſſeſſion."

The force that is deſigned to be kept for the future on the Antigua ſtation, will amount to ſix ſhips of the line, beſides frigates, &c.

In conſequence of an order publiſhed in the Daniſh Chapel, a few days ago, for all the ſailors of that nation to return home, upwards of ſixty ſailed down the river yeſterday, in a veſſel bound for Elſineur.

Orders have been ſent to Portſmouth and Plymouth, to take an additional number of ſeamen into the King's ſervice, and to diſtribute them among the guardſhips, till they can be draughted off.

Oct. 14. An Engliſhman having remarked on the general depravity of the age, and inſtanced in the particular depravities, which mark the conduct of all degrees of people, from the Peer to the Pickpocket, concludes, that we ſhall ſoon be ripe *for the tyranny of man, or the vengeance of Heaven.*

Extract of a letter from Tripoli, in Barbary, July 31, 1772.

"A courier is arrived here from Cairo, diſpatched by Mehemet Aboudaab, and Sidi Muley Ali, with advice, that a great revolution had happened in Egypt, in favour of Ali Bey.

We hear, that the Grand Signor is to ſend 12,000 men to Egypt againſt Ali Bey, and that a number of veſſels are already preparing for the purpoſe."

Oct. 15. Yeſterday the ſtatue of his Majeſty on horſeback, erected in the center of Berkely-ſquare, was opened; the horſe is ſtained to repreſent Bronze, and makes a fine appearance.

Private letters, received by the laſt poſt from Ruſſia, abſolutely confirm the report of a revolution there; and add, that a majority of the Miniſtry are to take up their winter quarters in Siberia.

Extract of a letter from Copenhagen, Sept. 29.

We receive every day more intelligence, relative to the diſturbances in Norway. Ever ſince our empire exiſted, it never was in ſuch diſtreſs as it is at preſent. A diſmemberment threatens it on all ſides; and what elſe could be expected? It is a neceſſary conſequence of an------King, a female Regent, and a wretched Miniſtry.

Yeſterday a proclamation was iſſued out, by order of his Majeſty, for the Parliament, which ſtands prorogued to the 17th of November next, to meet on Tueſday, the 24th of the ſaid month, for the diſpatch of divers weighty and important affairs.

Atteſted copies of the poll books for Lord Mayor were delivered for the inſpection of the Scrutineers, on each candidate paying 100 l.

The late advices received from Denmark ſhew very plainly, that that kingdom will ſoon experience a capital revolution, which will not terminate 'till the puſillanimous Chriſtian be ſupplanted by the ambitious Frederick. The Queen Dowager will not ceaſe from her machinations till ſuch an event be accompliſhed, to which the degradation of the unfortunate Caroline Matilda was but a neceſſary prelude, whoſe innocence nothing yet has tranſpired to indicate ſo much as the change of affairs juſt intimated.

The diſmemberment of Poland, the revolution in Sweden, and that ſuppoſed to have already happened, or that will ſoon happen in Denmark, form an aſſemblage of events ſo critical, as have not been equalled in the world before. In this juncture of affairs, will Lord North promiſe a ten years peace to Great-Britain?

This morning orders came to the Tower, for the piquet guard to hold themſelves in readineſs to march at a minute's warning, in caſe they ſhould be wanted to quell any diſturbance which the ſailors may raiſe.

This afternoon ſeveral of the riotous ſailors were committed to Clerkenwell Bridewell.

Quere, If any inſtance can be produced of a Lord Mayor, fairly choſen by the citizens, being refuſed by the Barons of the Exchequer?

Laſt night thirty guineas were laid to ten, at a great tavern in this city, that there would be no Scrutiny.

Oct. 16. His Majeſty's Conſuls at Tripoli and Tunis are to be recalled, and no others to be ſent for the future.

A letter from Dantzick mentions, that the tax upon French wines is ordered to be doubled.

Letters from Leghorn adviſe, that the Senate of Venice have openly declared war againſt the Knights of Malta.

They write from the North of Ireland, that the inſurrections formed by the Hearts of Steel are now happily ſuppreſſed, and that every thing is again in a ſtate of tranquility. But the ſame accounts add, that emigrations to America were never ſo frequent, and that the principal gentlemen are uſing every poſſible means to keep their tenants reſident on their eſtates.

We are aſſured that the late tranſactions in Denmark, relative to the Queen, will be laid before the Parliament the enſuing winter; and it is thought a war between the two nations will be the conſequence of it at laſt.

We are aſſured that Captain Jones is not only out of Newgate, but has received a free pardon. Our intelligence affirms, that he has appeared in the Park, Playhouſe, and other public places (rather indeed incog. but not in any great degree ſo) and that ſeveral people of faſhion and conſequence have been ſeen to ſpeak to him, as familiarly as if he had never been charged with the hateful crime for which he was convicted; and ſome perſons, of no little conſideration, have even permitted his viſits.

When General Stutterheim arrived, on the 13th paſt, before Elbing, in Poliſh Pruſſia, he ſummoned the garriſon to ſurrender, in his Pruſſian Majeſty's name. The commanding officer, having received no orders from his Court to acknowledge the ſovereignty of his Pruſſian Majeſty, refuſed to obey: Upon which the Pruſſians immediately pointed their cannon againſt the gate, called St. Mary's gate, and for ſome time made an inceſſant fire upon it, both with artillery and ſmall arms. The garriſon, finding themſelves unable to ſuſtain the charge, ſubmitted, and were ſuffered to depart, under convoy of a Pruſſian Commiſſary, who had orders to direct their march.

Advices from the Danube aſſure, that the Porte is endeavouring to ſecure the Court of Vienna in her intereſt, by a tender of Belgrade and all Servia to the Empreſs Queen.

There is but little probability of Lord Camden's coming into office at preſent.

We hope, that ſince the Parliament is to meet on the 26th of November, for the diſpatch of buſineſs, it will be that buſineſs, which ſtands moſt in need of diſpatch, the reducing the enormous prices of every neceſſary of life. How ſtrange! that in ſo pious a reign, the complaints and miſeries of the poor ſhould be greater than in any former!---yet it is ſtranger, that not even an attempt is made to relieve them.

Things are now come to ſuch a paſs, that the poor muſt either ſtarve, or ſteal, and be hanged. Conſider this, ye rulers and lawgivers of the land!

The ſailors who were preſent at the taking the Havanna ſay, that Lord Albermarle (lately deceaſed) has now received his full dividend.

Holland, which is a republic, and one of the moſt free ſtates in the univerſe, is perhaps one of the moſt arbitrary in its government. Many of thoſe popular exceſſes, which make an Engliſh Miniſter laugh, would be puniſhed with death, in any one of the ſeven provinces; and the following anecdote will ſhew the ſeverity with which the laws are executed. A man, who kept what was called the Engliſh coffee-houſe ſome time ago at Rotterdam, took in the Engliſh news-papers, one of which contained a caſual reflection on the conduct of the States. This circumſtance coming to the ear of the proper Magiſtrate, the coffee-houſe was inſtantly ſhut up, and the man apprehended, as the publiſher of a libel againſt government. Luckily for him he was much eſteemed, and ſome important people interceded for him; but he neither was ſet at liberty, nor allowed to reſume his buſineſs, till he had ſolemnly promiſed, that any reflection on the ſtate, which would come through any foreign print, ſhould be ſtruck out, before the paper was expoſed to the peruſal of his cuſtomers.

In a letter from a gentleman at Dunkirk to his friend in Edinburgh, dated September 22, is the following important article. "Within theſe two days, the frigate, called La Flore, came into this road, having on board the Chevalier Borda and Abbe Pingre of the *academie des ſciences*, from a voyage already upwards of eleven months, to make further trial of the watches for diſcovering the Longitude; two of them have ſucceeded wonderfully well; one of Le Roy's, and another of Monſieur Bertlour. I have been much with theſe gentlemen ſince they arrived here. Notwithſtanding the rough weather they have had, and the difference of climate, they aſſured me theſe watches have ever told the longitude within a minute of time, or a quarter of a degree, which, when upon the Equator, is about 15 miles. They have been at Cadiz, iſland of Madeira, Teneriffe, and Cape de Verd Iſlands, and croſſed the Atlantic to the iſland of Martinico, Antigua, and St. Domingo; from thence to St. Pierre and M'Quailor, near to Newfoundland; from thence to Ireland and Copenhagen, and took this place in their way to Breſt. Theſe watches, they aſſured me, were much ſimpler in their conſtruction than Harriſon's, and alſo go much truer; if ſo, great advantages may be expected from them, at leaſt for the King's veſſels.

From accounts from various parts of the town, the damage done by Mr. Wilkes's people on Tueſday night, is much greater than could have been conceived. The famous Quaker in Cheapſide, and Alderman Harley, ſuffered much; and the windows of thoſe Scotch tradeſmen, where the mob found no lights, they had no mercy on; in ſhort, there is ſcarcely a ſtreet where they did not leave ſome teſtimony of their patriotiſm, notwithſtanding the greateſt diligence of the inhabitants to comply with their requeſt. The terror and conſternation that many families were thrown into on the occaſion were alſo very great. If this be liberty, may heaven avert it. It muſt be the hearty wiſh of every real friend to his country, that the Legiſlature would take the matter into conſideration.

N E W - Y O R K, December 14.

The following remarkable Entry, lately made at the Cuſtom-houſe at Montreal, in Canada, from one Houſe there, of Goods ſhipped on board a Ship bound to London, may give us ſome idea

of the Importance of the Fur Trade from that Country, viz.---- 16019 Beaver Skins, 6990 Martens, 530 Minks, 2162 Otters, 363 Fishers, 9916 Raccoons, 420 Foxes, 1701 Bears, 8407 Pounds of dressed Deers Leather, 11302 Deer Skins in the Hair, 855 Elks, 2512 Musquash, 215 Wolf, 72 Cased Cats, 1237 Opened Cats, 3 Beaver Eaters, 394 Pounds of Castorum, 11½ Tons of Pot-ash.

A little after 12 o' Clock on Monday Night last, a Fire was discovered in the Sail-loft, occupied by Mr. John Wilson, near Beekman's Slip, but he being up, and near at hand, himself threw the Things, that had taken Fire, out of the Window, into the Street, where it was extinguished, without any other Damage than the Loss of a small Parcel of Cordage, and Part of an old Sail. Mr. Wilson himself has sent us a circumstantial Account of the above Accident, wherein he contradicts a Report, that the Fire happened in the Printing-Office, or through Carelessness in any Person; he supposes that when for a few Minutes he stepped out, the Needle, with which he was at Work, might have fallen on a Coal in the Stove, and that the Thread taking Fire, communicated it to the Sail, &c.

Saturday Night, the 5th Instant, the Goal at Poughkeepsie, in Dutchess County, was discovered to be on Fire near the Eave, supposed to be done designedly by some Villains, in order to facilitate the Escape of two Horse-stealers confined therein; but their Schemes were frustrated by the Activity and Care of the Goaler, and the Inhabitants that assembled on the Occasion, who happily extinguished the Fire, and prevented the Escape of any of the Prisoners.

Extract of a Letter from Demarara, dated September 10.

"On the 12th of August at Night, the Negroes on Hooff's, Calliardo's, and De Vries's Plantations, rose and murdered Hooff, his Wife, Koning, and three white Carpenters; they attempted to destroy all the Whites at the Hague, but the New House there was most bravely defended, by Clinton, and James Williams, and two or three more, for two Days, before they had any Assistance: This gallant Opposition, in all Probability, saved the Colony: God knows how far the Flame would have spread, if it had not been for this Check; for on the first Alarm most of the Whites on the Coast fled in great Consternation to the Rivers."

We have certain Advice from Surrinam, that a Party of 300 free Negroes, that were sent out to attack the rebellious Slaves at that Place, had, about the Beginning of October, taken one of their small Towns, with 40 Women and Children, and ten Men, Prisoners; our Informant having seen the Slaves at Surrinam the 15th of October.

PHILADELPHIA, *December* 16.

Captain Sheldon, arrived in Rhode-Island from London, on the 7th of November, in Lat. 35, Long. 41, spoke with Captain Davis, in a Brig, from Baltimore for Madeira, 15 Days out; Captain Davis had been sick, but was then recovering.

On Wednesday Morning, the 9th of this Instant, died, in the 50th Year of her Age, Mrs. CATHARINE LIVEZEY, Wife of Mr. JONATHAN LIVEZEY, of Lower Dublin. She was a Gentlewoman, remarkable for her humane and benevolent Disposition, and blessed with an Equanimity of Temper, scarcely to be paralleled. Her Loss can be better and more feelingly expressed by Numbers of poor People, who constantly experienced her private Charities, than described by the most conspicuous Encomiums in a News-Paper: However, it is but Justice to say, that her whole Life was one continued Course of Piety and universal Charity, which consequently makes her Death sincerely lamented by all, who had the Pleasure of her Acquaintance. In short, she was an Ornament to the religious Communion, to which she belonged, and a Friend to the Human Kind. She departed this transitory Life with that Serenity and Composure which became so good a Woman, after a short but painful Illness, which she bore with Christian Patience and Fortitude. Her Remains were next Day interred in Friends Burying-Ground, in Abington, and attended thither by a numerous Concourse of the most respectable Inhabitants of that Neighbourhood.

*** The MEMBERS of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY are requested to meet in their Hall, next Friday Evening, at 6 o'Clock, *on Business of Importance.*

¶¶ NOTICE is hereby given, that the MAYOR's COURT, for the City of Philadelphia, will be held at the Court-House, in said City, on Tuesday, the 5th Day of January next. JUDAH FOULKE, *Sheriff.*

§§§ NOTICE is hereby given, that the Honourable the Justices of the Supream Court of the Province of Pennsylvania have appointed the Court of OYER and TERMINER, and GENERAL GOAL DELIVERY, to be held at the State-House, in Philadelphia, for the City and County of Philadelphia, on Thursday, the 14th Day of January next.

JUDAH FOULKE, *Sheriff.*

PRICE CURRENT *of the following* GOODS *in* Philadelphia.

Flour 20s. 6d. Wheat 7s. 6d. Indian Corn 3s. 4d. Ship Bread 21s. Middling Ditto 32s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 10l. Barrel Ditto 3l. Hoghead Ditto 6l. Red Oak Ditto 5l. Irish Beef 3l. 10s. Country Ditto 3l. Pork 4l. 12s. 6d. West-India Rum 3s. 6d. New-England Ditto 2s. 3d. Pennsylvania Ditto 2s. 4d. Madeira Wine 50l. to 70l. Muscovado Sugar 45s. to 55s. Melasses 2s. Pennsylvania Loaf Sugar 11d. Pitch 14s. Tar 14s. Turpentine 17s. 6d. Rice 19s. Lisbon Salt 3s. Bohea Tea 4s. 3d. Hemp 6d. Cotton 16d. Bar-Iron 28l. Pig Ditto 8l. 10s. Flax-seed 10s.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Charlotte, J. Coburne, and Sloop Rachel, W. Undrill, from Virginia. Sloop Russell, N. Martin, Maryland. Sloop Nancy and Peggy, J. Nesbitt, N. Carolina. Schooner Delaware, B. Goodhue, Salem, N. England. Schooner Britannia, A. Trapan, and Schooner Friends Adventure, R. Follett, Piscataqua. Sloop Peggy, J. Barry, St. Eustatia. Ship Nesbitt, J. Green, Bourdeaux. Brig Dove, W. Allen, from Barbados.

OUTWARDS. Ship Newry's Assistance, R. Cunningham, for Newry. Ship Tyger, J. Robinson, Jamaica. Brig Betsey, D. M'Cutcheon, Newry and Belfast. Brig Betsey, D. Harrow, Hispaniola. Brig Chance, J. Craig, Grenades. Brig Peggy, P. Brown, Lisbon. Snow New Molly, W. Kerlin, Teneriffe. Sloop Peggy, J. Barry, for St Kitts.

CLEARED. Schooner Pennsylvania Packet, R. Schoolfield, to Maryland. Sloop Molly, E. Rodgers, Sloop America, N. Lamson, and Brig Sally, T. Davis, Boston. Sloop Young Henry, J. Goodwin, Brig Rachel, L. Simmons, and Ship Mercury, J. Steel, Barbados. Ship King of Prussia, W. Adamson, Lisbon. Schooner Patty, W. Shinns, N. Carolina. Schooner Lydia, P. Amiel, Hispaniola. Sloop Betsey, R. Nowlan, Grenades. Schooner Neptune, J. King, and Brig Ranger, S. Workman, Dominica. Sloop Sally. T. Alberson, N. York. Brig Friendship, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Schooner George, J. Adam, Maryland. Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bunner, Georgia. Snow Live Oak, R. Moore, St. Croix. Brig Industry, J. Savage, Drogheda. Sloop Tryal, T. Crippen, Jamaica. Ship Fame, H. Lisle, and Ship Wallworth, C. M'Causland, Londonderry. Brig Recovery, W. Lawrence, Mississippi. Brig Peggy, S. Wilson, to Cadiz.

A COMPLEAT ELEGANT LARGE

BILLIARD TABLE,

MAHOGANY FRAME, TO BE SOLD.

FOR Terms apply to me, at the Sign of the Buck, on the Moyamensing Road, near Philadelphia,

¶ DANIEL GRANT.

December 15, 1772.

TO BE SOLD, BY

COXE and FURMAN,

BOSTON MACKAREL, JAMAICA COFFEE, RAISINS in Kegs, JERSEY BEEF, BURLINGTON PORK, and PIPPIN APPLES. ¶

THE LAWS AND VOTES,

Of the LAST SESSION of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of NEW-JERSEY,

Are JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by

ISAAC COLLINS,

At his Printing-Office, in BURLINGTON. §

MOSES BARTRAM,

At the Old Medicinal Store, in Second-street, between Race and Arch-streets, three doors above Thomas Say's, and opposite Samuel Miles's, and Michael Hillegas's,

CONTINUES to carry on the DRUGGIST and APOTHECARY's BUSINESS, in all its various branches, as usual; where he hath for sale, a fresh and general assortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES, chymical and galenical preparations, of the best quality, by wholesale and retail. Orders from the town or country will be thankfully received, and punctually complied with. He likewise continues to sell the most genuine patent medicines, as also Painters colours, for either oil or water; shop furniture for practitioners, &c. Physicians prescriptions, or family receipts, put up in the most careful manner. *N. B.* Said *Bartram* wants to purchase a good smart Dutch LAD, of about 13 or 14 years of age. ¶

Philadelphia, December 7, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Thursday, the 17th of December inst. at 5 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-House, A certain messuage or tenement, and lot or piece of ground thereunto belonging, situate on the east side of Front-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 14 feet 1½ inch, and in length or depth about 150 feet, be the same more or less; bounded westward by Front-street aforesaid, northward by a house and lot of John Mifflin, eastward with a certain 30 feet street, and southward by ground of William Allen, Esq; Samuel Powel, Esq; and others; late the estate of John Morton; seized and taken in execution by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

Philadelphia, December 7, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Saturday, the 19th of December inst. at 5 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, Two certain brick messuages or tenements, and lot or piece of ground, situate on the east side of Front-street, continued southward beyond the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth north and south 26 feet three inches, and in length or depth east and west 60 feet; bounded by Front-street aforesaid, and by ground of John Faries, William Branson, and others; late the estate of William Huston; seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

A YOUNG NEGROE WOMAN, that has been brought up to all Kinds of House-work. She is a good Cook, and understands something of Pastry. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY NEGROE WENCH, about 17 Years of Age, with a Female Child, about two Months old. She has been brought up to House-work, and is very healthy. Also A NEGROE MAN, about 30 Years of Age, a very good plain Cook, and can do every Kind of House-work. They are sold because their Master has not Employment for them at present. For further Particulars, enquire of the Printers. 6w.

Philadelphia, December 11, 1772.

RUN away yesterday morning, from the subscriber, a servant LAD, named CHARLES GHEISELER, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, well made, of a fair complexion, wears his own hair; was born in Saxony, and arrived last week in the ship Sally, Captain Osman, from Rotterdam; had on, when he went away, a felt hat, a check shirt, a red silk handkerchief round his neck, a turned jacket, of a snuff colour, made of superfine cloth, too big for him, with rattinet sleeves, white cloth breeches, a pair of light coloured milled stockings, quite new, and a pair of half-worn double channelled pumps; he took with him a pair of white yarn stockings, and a check handkerchief; his ankles appear remarkably thick, but as they are sore, the thickness arises from bandages underneath his stockings. Whoever apprehends the said servant, and returns him to his master, shall have THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOSEPH WHARTON, junior. *Tf.*

Philadelphia, December 15, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's pasture, near this city, A SORREL HORSE, with a star in his face, about 15 hands high, his hind legs swelled with wind-galls, has a bushy switch tail, shod all round, paces and trots, and about 9 or 10 years old. Whoever takes up said horse, and discovers the thief, shall have the above reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the HORSE, and reasonable charges, paid by Mr. WILLIAM WEST, Merchant, in Philadelphia, or the subscriber, at the INDIAN QUEEN. ¶ JOHN LITTLE.

To be SOLD, or LETT,

And entered upon the Second of April next,

A MESSUAGE PLANTATION, and TRACT of LAND, situate in Whiteland township, in the county of Chester, 23 miles from Philadelphia, on the great road to Lancaster, known by the name of The Warren Tavern.---This tract is well wooded, and has at least 25 acres of fine watered meadow; there are on the premises, a good orchard, stone barn, stables, &c. The Tavern is large and commodious, having four rooms on a floor. For terms, enquire of LYNFORD LARDNER, in Second-street. *December* 14, 1772.

STRAYED or stolen, on the 30th of September last, from Isaac Jones, of the Northern Liberties of the City of Philadelphia, Shipwright, a slim black MARE, about 13 Hands high, a natural Trotter, and trots fast, about four Years old, no Brand or Ear-mark, a small Star in her Forehead, a Feather on each Side of her Neck, a long-dock'd Switch Tail, Part of her Mane grows on the wrong Side, and is shod before. Whoever takes up the said Creature, and brings her to said Jones, shall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

¶ ISAAC JONES.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A CERTAIN piece or parcel of LAND, situated in East-town township, Chester county, containing about 30 acres, with a good squared log house, 30 feet by 20, about 2½ acres of meadow made, and as much more may be made, about 20 acres cleared, the rest woodland, very convenient for a tradesman, lying on two public roads. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to THOMAS ELLIS, or JOHN JARVIS, at Newtown Square. *December* 14, 1772. ¶ 6 *W.*

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY, *last night, from the subscribers, living in East-Caln township, Chester county, two native Irish servant men, viz. one named* WILLIAM CRONEEN, *but will probably change his name to* GORDON, *20 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, well set, has black hair, grey eyes, of a brown complexion, somewhat pock-fretten, and speaks with the brogue; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a dove-coloured jacket, with cuffs and wooden buttons, a brown ditto, with short linen backs, but no sleeves, a light coloured ditto, a homespun hempen shirt, almost new, deep blue stockings, buckskin breeches, with a flap before, and new shoes, tied with strings. The other named* RICHARD FLEMING, *about 25 years of age, by trade a Taylor, thick set, 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, speaks tolerable good English, of a sandy complexion, has a scar over one of his eyes; had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old felt hat, light-coloured surtout coat, a close bodied ditto, and a jacket of the same, without sleeves, which has been turned, a new Mecklenburgh waistcoat, three silk handkerchiefs, two coarse shirts, one fine ditto, a pair of Russia drilling breeches, a pair of blue and white clouded stockings, and a pair of brown ditto, and old shoes, with one copper buckle; he also took a gun, with a piece put to the stock, which may be seen if closely examined, and had a piece cut out near the breech. Whoever takes up and secures said servants, so as their masters may have them again, shall have the above reward, or TEN DOLLARS for each, and reasonable charges, paid by THOMAS METEER, and JOSHUA WAY.* December 14, 1772.

All masters of vessels are forbid to harbour or carry them off. ¶

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING, will be presented, A TRAGEDY, called

ROMEO AND JULIET.

Romeo, by Mr. HALLAM,
Mercutio, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Capulet, by Mr. HENRY,
Fryer Lawrence, by Mr. MORRIS,
Escalus, by Mr. GOODMAN,
Paris, by Mr. WOOLLS,
Benvolio, by Mr. WALL,
Tibalt, by Mr. PARKER,
Montague, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Apothecary, by Mr. ROBERTS,
Lady Capulet, by Mrs. DOUGLASS,
Nurse, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Juliet, by Miss HALLAM.

With the FUNERAL PROCESSION,

And a SOLEMN DIRGE;

The *Vocal Parts,* by Mr. WOOLLS,---Miss STORER,---Mrs. MORRIS,---Mrs. HARMAN,---Miss RICHARDSON,----Mr. PARKER,---Mr. WALL, &c.

To which will be ADDED *(by Desire)*

THE OLD MAID.

The Old Maid, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Captain Cape, by Mr. MORRIS,
Cleremont, by Mr. WALL,
Mr. Harlow, by Mr. BYERLEY,
Mr. Heartly, by Mr. PARKER,
Mrs. Harlow, by Mrs. HENRY.

The Doors to be opened at Four, and the Play to begin exactly at Six o'Clock.---No Person, on any Account whatsoever, can possibly be admitted behind the Scenes.---Places in the Boxes may be taken at the Theatre.---Ladies and Gentlemen will please to send their Servants at Four o'Clock.----TICKETS, without which no Person can be admitted, are sold at the Bar of the Coffee-house.

BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

Philadelphia, December 11, 1772.

AN alteration in the late advertisement being necessary, for the better accommodation of purchasers, and the ACTING PROPRIETOR under a necessity of embarking with his family for England, on board one of the first Spring ships, without the least prospect of ever returning to this continent, PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the CHINA MANUFACTORY will be peremptorily sold, by auction, to the highest bidder, at the London Coffee-house, between the hours of five and eight, on Monday evening, the 21st instant, in two separate lots; the first to consist of a building, 3 stories high, besides garret, 80 feet in length, and 15 in depth, situate on Prime-street, with ground of equal breadth, extending 100 feet back, to a new street 32 feet wide, purposely laid out and called China-street, in which is an excellent new pump, for the general use of the contiguous lots; this building, with little expence, may be converted into four habitable tenements; the second lot, to consist of sundry strong and spacious buildings, containing three kilns, two furnaces, two mills, two clay vaults, cisterns, engines, and treading room, of the utmost utility to any person inclinable to enter upon the China or Potting business, in either of their most extensive branches; with little expence may be made extremely suitable for a Glass-house or Smalt-work, or sundry other mechanical branches. On Tuesday, the 22d, between the hours of one and four in the afternoon, will also be exposed to public sale, on the premises, sundry lots of ground, situate on Front and Prime-streets, adjoining the Manufactory; some of which are well improved: A plan of the whole to be seen at the London Coffee-house. And on Wednesday, the 23d, between the same hours, in the China-house yard, will be exposed to public sale, in various lots, all the moulds, models, laths, and wheels, together with a great quantity of painted and plain unglazed China-ware, two hand mills for grinding clay; also a Potter's mill, with several other matters too tedious for an advertisement. The whole may be viewed every day until the sale, and terms made known, by applying at the China-house. An indisputable title, and immediate possession, if required, will be given. 1 W.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE,

On Tuesday, the 29th of December instant,

ABOUT One Hundred and Thirty ACRES of LAND, situate and being in Leacock township, in the county of Lancaster, part of the plantation and lands late of Andrew Caldwell, deceased; to be taken off the east end of the 285 acre tract, known by the name of the Hat-Tavern, adjoining the lands of William Brisben, and Robert Young, and as nearly parallel with their line as can be, so as to include a small spring, which lies at about two perches southward of the great road. The said sale will be held on the premises, where attendance will be given, by JANE CALDWELL, Administratrix, and ANDREW CALDWELL, Administrator, &c. of the said Andrew Caldwell, deceased. The vendue to begin at 10 o' clock in the forenoon.

By order of the Orphan's Court in and for the county of Lancaster aforesaid, EDWARD SHIPPEN, Clerk. ¶

Lancaster, Dec. 8, 1772.

Philadelphia, December 14, 1772.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber, living in Southwark, about a month ago, a black MARE, about 15 hands high, 6 years old next spring, a natural trotter, and will canter when rode, shod all round, has a round forehead, with a star in it, and a Roman nose, her mane inclines to the near side, she has a white ring round one of her hind feet, with some black spots in it, and has had a cut on one of her fore feet, the scar plain to be seen. Any person that will secure the said mare, so that the subscriber may have her again, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS reward, and if stolen EIGHT DOLLARS for the mare and thief, with all reasonable charges, from me

¶ WARWICK COATS, senior.

ON the 4th of December instant, was left in the custody of the subscriber, Inn-holder, living in the township of Norriton, in the county of Philadelphia, and province of Pennsylvania, A BLACK MARE, 15 hands high, 6 years old, paces naturally, shod all round; also a saddle, bridle, and saddle-bags: They were left by a fellow, who calls himself Thomas Morgan, is about 40 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, slender built, has black curly hair, and mean apparel; and was committed to the goal of Philadelphia, by John Bull, Esq; on suspicion of having stolen them. The owner is requested to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.

¶ ARCHIBALD THOMPSON.

RUN AWAY *from the subscriber, in Leacock township, Lancaster county, the 11th of this instant December, at night, a native Irish servant man, named* JAMES CRYSTALL, *about 30 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, full faced, dark complexion, dark brownish bushy hair; had on, when he went away, a brown coat, a white jacket, and a frized sailor's jacket, black plush breeches, one white shirt, two check ditto, and one of them had white sleeves, light coloured worsted ribbed stockings, and one pair of white stockings, old half-soaled shoes, with brass buckles, and a wool hat. Whoever secures said servant in any goal, so as his master may have him again, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by* JAMES WILSON. ¶

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

WAS STOLEN, out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Maidenhead, Hunterdon county, New-Jersey, on the 4th of November last, a sorrel MARE, between 14 and 15 hands high, about 7 years old, she trots and gallops very well, has a white spot in her face, with a little white snip down from it, and a short switch tail. Whoever takes up said mare, so that the owner may get her again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by ANDREW M'GALLIRD. §

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by
JAMES HUMPHREYS, junior,
At the lower Corner of Black-horſe-alley, in Front-ſtreet,

THE UNIVERSAL ALMANACK, for the year of our LORD 1773; containing the equation of time for every day; the motions of the ſun and moon; the true places and aſpects of the planets; the riſing and ſetting of the ſun; the riſing, ſetting and ſouthing of the moon; the lunations, conjunctions, eclipſes; riſing, ſetting and ſouthing of the planets; judgment of the weather; feſtivals, and other remarkable days; tide table; table of the value and weight of coins; Quakers yearly meetings; fairs, courts, roads, &c. &c. Alſo a very uſeful PERPETUAL ALMANACK; rules and maxims for promoting matrimonial happineſs; religion, a poem; Flavella, an elegiac; the crooked ſtick, a tale; the bleſſings of life, by a lady; ſundry choice and experienced receipts; an experienced method of guarding againſt ſmutty crops of wheat; the unfaithful depoſitary; the ancient Romans receipt for eſtabliſhing true friendſhip, and the modern method; the induſtrious Roman; on calumny; jeſts; anecdote; on death; on faſhion; on the grave; to know whether it will be a long winter, and how the winter will be; an epigram, &c. &c. The calculations of this ALMANACK may be depended upon, as performed with the greateſt exactneſs and truth, being the performance of that ingenious maſter of mathematics, Mr. DAVID RITTENHOUSE, of this city, and it is the only Almanack publiſhed of his calculating. In order to render it more uſeful and neceſſary, he has been pleaſed to add a column more to every month, of the *equation of time*, for every day in the year.

N. B. Said *Humphreys* carries on the PRINTING BUSINESS, in the moſt general manner; alſo the STATIONARY BUSINESS, and now has for ſale, a neat variety in that way, as paper of all kinds, ſome very neat London faſhioned bladed penknives, common ditto, black lead pencils, ſealing-wax, wafers, Engliſh, Dutch and country quills, ink-powder, office and other blanks, &c. &c.

*** Said HUMPHREYS wants an APPRENTICE.

THIRTY POUNDS Reward.

WHEREAS on the morning of the fourth inſtant, between the hours of three and four o'clock, the CUP, which contained the OIL, in one of the PUBLIC LAMPS, ſtanding in Front-ſtreet, next to South-ſtreet, was taken away, by ſome evil-diſpoſed perſon or perſons; and, about two weeks before, another CUP was taken out of the ſame LAMP, and one out of a LAMP, at the north end of the New Market, in Second-ſtreet. The WARDENS of the CITY do hereby offer a reward of THIRTY POUNDS, for the diſcovery of the perpetrators of the above offences, or TEN POUNDS for each CUP, to be paid upon conviction of the offenders.

Philadelphia, December 7. 1772.

Wilmington, December 3, 1772.

RUN away laſt night, from the ſubſcribers, living in Wilmington, New-Caſtle county, two ſervant lads, country born, one named JAMES M'KEVER, about 18 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, ſtrong and well ſet, a little marked with the ſmall-pox, browniſh curled hair, of a churliſh ſour countenance, apt to ſpeak ſhort, and is an intolerable liar; had on, and took with him, a half-worn caſtor hat, a dark coloured cloth coat, lately turned, a cloth jacket, near the ſame colour, newly turned, a blue jacket, without ſleeves, a new coat of a rediſh brown, lately altered to fit him, and before altered was full trimmed, with buttons on the ſleeves, but now left off, &c. two new homeſpun ſhirts, the collars made two little, but now pieced on the button ſide, old fine ſhirt, buckſkin breeches, mended with a new piece between the legs, a pair of cotton-velvet ditto, one pair of ſtrong new ſhoes, and one pair of ſlim ditto, Pinchbeck ſhoe buckles and ſilver knee ditto, a yellow checked ſilk handkerchief, ſomewhat ſtained with red paint, 3 pair of yarn and worſted ſtockings. The other, named WILLIAM PATTERSON, about the ſame age and height of *M'Kever*, a Cooper by trade, long thin pale viſage, light coloured ſtraight hair, ſtoop ſhouldered, down look, ſeems ſimple, but is a very great rogue, having run away about two years ago, and was then away 16 months, at *York-town*, *Baltimore-town*, and divers other places; had on, a light coloured thickſet coat, with wooden buttons, nankeen jacket, white corded linen breeches, old red under jacket, rather too large for him, one old homeſpun ſhirt, the tail newly turned up, half-worn caſtor hat, rather too little for him, pale blue yarn ſtockings, newly footed with deep blue; he took with him a ſuit of blue and red ſuperfine broadcloth clothes, much too long for him, as they were made for another perſon, the breeches pretty much worn and dirty, alſo a ſilver watch, with a ſilver chain; the watch opens with a pin in the end of the key, a dent in the outſide caſe, old ſeal, the number and maker's name unknown: They alſo took with them a ſhort gun, ſome powder, ſhot and bullet moulds, and ſome bar lead; the ſhot-bag is made of old ſheepſkin, Engliſh dreſſed; they may forge a paſs, and change their names, as *M'Kever* writes a good hand. Whoever ſecures the ſaid lads, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward for *M'Kever*, and FIVE POUNDS for *Patterſon*, and the clothes and watch, or for the watch and clothes THREE POUNDS, and for him FORTY SHILLINGS, and if brought home reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN STAPLER, and HENRY REYNOLDS.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to carry them off or harbour them, at their peril. Any perſon giving information of their being harboured at any particular place, will be paid, as a reward, *Twenty Shillings*.

A JOURNEYMAN COOPER, if a ſingle man, will meet with good encouragement, by applying to *Henry Reynolds*. ¶10ſ.

New-Caſtle, November 26, 1772.

WAS STOLEN, out of Mr. John Vangezell's paſture, near New-Caſtle, on Wedneſday night, the 4th inſtant, a black Horſe, about 13½ hands high, ſhod before (his ſhoes, if any on, are very bad) but not behind, long mane, of a ruſty or ſunburnt colour, hanging on his off ſide, ſhort ſwitch tail, trots and paces at pleaſure, ſuppoſed about ten years old, hath a remarkable lump on his near cheek bone, which ſeems to create uneaſineſs in chewing any kind of grain. Whoever ſecures ſaid Horſe, and ſends him home to me, in New-Caſtle, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ BENJAMIN VANGEZELL.

TWENTY POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, November 9, 1772, two convict ſervant men, viz. JAMES FIELD, by trade a Taylor, is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, is of a fair complexion, and has ſhort light coloured hair. WILLIAM HAWK, of a ſwarthy complexion, has black eyes, ſhort black hair, and is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high: Had on, and took with them, a light coloured red German-ſerge coat, a dark bearſkin frock, with white metal buttons, a pair of blue ſergedenim breeches, a pair of ſnuff coloured broadcloth ditto, with gold baſket buttons, an old caſtor hat, a new furred ditto, two fine white ſhirts, and ſundry other things unknown. It is ſuppoſed they have alſo taken with them two horſes, one of them a dark bay, about 14 hands high, ſix years old, well gaited, and is branded on the near ſhoulder E. I. The other is a bright ſorrel, with a blaze face, about 13½ hands high, ſix years old, and is branded on the near ſhoulder O. Whoever apprehends and ſecures ſaid ſervants, ſo that the ſubſcribers may get them again, ſhall have EIGHT POUNDS for each, and FORTY SHILLINGS for each of the horſes. WILLIAM SELMAN, JOHN SHIPLEY. ¶3*M*.

December 7, 1772.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 6th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Glouceſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JOHN MOORE, about 5 feet 10 inches high, between 18 and 19 years of age, of a browniſh complexion, has long black hair, clubbed, ſtammers in his ſpeech, and has a large fleſh mole in the corner of his left eye; had on, when he went away, a lightiſh brown upper cloth jacket, with cuffs, a red and white ſtriped under jacket, with lappels, and without ſleeves, an old lightiſh coloured ſurtout, a pair of old leather breeches, new ſeated, the left knee of which was much too ſhort, blue grey yarn ſtockings, calf-ſkin ſhoes, with odd buckles in them, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the above ſervant, ſo that his maſter ſhall get him again, or brings him to JOHN HIDER, ſenior, at the Old Ferry-houſe, Philadelphia, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN HIDER, junior.

N. B. *All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.* ‡

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 16th day of December next, at 5 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe (if not ſold at any time before by private ſale)

A CONVENIENT good three ſtory brick HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, ſituate on the Bank of Delaware River, near Vine-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, now in the tenure of Thomas Barr, and rents for 30l. per annum, containing in breadth, on Front-ſtreet and Water-ſtreet, 15 feet, and in depth about 40 feet, ſubject to the Proprietaries thirds of One Shilling ſterling per foot, in breadth, per annum, and to the payment of Forty-five Shillings ſterling, per annum, ground-rent. The ſituation may ſuit either a Shopkeeper or Tradeſman, as it is near to the Slip or public Landing, where there is abundance of buſineſs carried on to great advantage, and commands the cuſtom of watermen. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may view the premiſes, and be informed of the title and terms of ſale, by applying to SARAH BONNELL, Executrix; THOMAS BONNELL, and PETER THOMSON, Executors. *Nov.* 23.

Eaſton, November 21, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Friday, the 18th of December, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the houſe of Valentine Opp, in Lower Saucon townſhip, Northampton county, a certain plantation, and two tracts of land, ſituate in Upper Saucon townſhip, adjoining the lands of Philip Trap, and Garret Seiſloff; containing about 80 acres; late the property of Chriſtian Fox, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

¶ PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff.

Eaſton, November 21, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 19th of December next, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the houſe of Simon Haller, in Plainfield townſhip, a certain plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in Hamilton townſhip, adjoining the lands of Frederick Shafer, and Jacob Brinker; containing about 150 acres; late the property of Lawrence Ramey, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff. ¶

Eaſton, November 21, 1772.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Tueſday, the 22d of December next, at 12 o'clock at noon, at Eaſton, in Northampton county, a certain plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in Allen's-Townſhip, adjoining Bethlehem land, the river Lehi, and land of Henry Shearer, and Henry Kritz; containing about 430 acres, whereof 80 acres are clear, and whereon are a good dwelling-houſe, barn, ſtable, and other out-houſes; late the property of John Jennings, Eſq; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by PETER KACHLEIN, Sheriff.

TO BE RENTED,
And may be entered upon immediately,

A CERTAIN GRIST-MILL, ſituate and being in St. George's Hundred, New-Caſtle County, within about three miles of Appoquinimink Landing, commonly known by the name of Vance's-mill, in a fine part of the country for wheat, and has a never-failing ſtream of water; ſaid mill is in good repair, for carrying on all kinds of country and merchant buſineſs. There is alſo to be LETT, with ſaid mill, a good commodious dwelling-houſe, garden, kitchen, ſmoke-houſe, hen-houſe, &c. alſo about 13 acres of good tillable land, clear and under ſufficient fencing. Any perſon inclining to rent, may have an opportunity of viewing the premiſes, and know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, on ſaid premiſes.

Nov. 3, 1772. ‖ JOSEPH ANDERSON.

Philadelphia, December 9, 1772.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, That, in Purſuance of an Act of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for veſting certain Eſtates in Pennſylvania, New-Jerſey and Maryland, belonging to the Proprietors of a Partnerſhip, commonly called The Pennſylvania Land Company, in London, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*, on the tenth Day of June next, at eight o'Clock in the Morning, will be expoſed to Sale, to the higheſt and beſt Bidder, by Public Cant or Auction, at the Old Ferry-houſe, kept by JOHN HYDER, in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Mulberry-ſtreets, in this City, the following PLANTATIONS or Tracts of LAND, in Miſpillion Hundred, in the County of Kent, viz.

A Plantation or Tract of Land, containing about 450 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Carpenter.

A Tract, containing about 14 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of the Heirs of Chriſtopher Sipple.

A Tract, containing about 115 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of the Heirs of Benjamin Brown.

A Tract, containing about 99 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Edward Cox.

A Tract, containing about 89 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Moſes Clampit.

A Tract, containing about 123 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of James Craig.

A Tract, containing about 122 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Nahur Goddin.

A Tract, containing about 148 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Turbeth Cottenham.

A Tract, containing about 71 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Barker.

A Tract, containing about 130 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Barker.

A Tract, containing about 109 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Henry Sap.

A Tract, containing about 88 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Thomas and Mary Williams.

A Tract, containing about 488 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Alexander M'Donald.

A Tract, containing about 8 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Edward Elliot.

A Tract, containing about 8 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Phineas Banning.

A Tract, containing about 47 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Joſeph Calloway. And,

A Tract, containing about 153 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Thomas Barker.

Perſons deſiring further Information reſpecting the Premiſes, are deſired to apply to the Subſcribers, in this City.

JACOB COOPER,
SAMUEL SHOEMAKER,
JOSHUA HOWELL,
} ATTORNIES of the Truſtees.

Imported on the moſt advantageous terms, and now for ſale at the *Warehouſe* of
JONATHAN ZANE and SONS,
At the Sign of the Handſaw, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, Philadelphia,

A NEAT and very large aſſortment of *Iron-mongery*, *Saddlery*, and *Braſs-wares*, conſiſting of a great variety of ſizes, patterns and prices, too numerous for a news-paper, together with the following articles, viz.---Pewter diſhes, plates, ſpoons, tankards, bed and cloſe-ſtool pans, powder, ſhot, and bar lead, allom, copperas, roll and flour brimſtone, magnes, red and white lead, Venetian red, Spaniſh brown and whiting, yellow oker, verdegreaſe, vermilion, umber, Pruſſian blues, antimony, ſalt-petre, madder, ground redwood, braziletto, logwood, fuſtick, argol, galls, Engliſh and American glew, camphire, mace, cloves, cinnamon, alloes, linſeed oil, ſlates and pencils, writing and ſheathing paper, ink-powder, Engliſh quills, Dilworth's ſpelling-books, 4 and 4½ lb. pins; Indian meal, ſand, milk and punch ſieves; wheat and oat riddles, and rhean ſieves; twine, bed cords, laces, plow and jack lines, ſacking-bottoms, oil and black flints, Benleather ſoals, wool combs and hitchells, houſe and horſe bells; 6 by 8, 7 by 9, and 8 by 10, Briſtol crown glaſs; ſurveyors chains; American red clover and timothy graſs ſeeds, &c. &c. &c. 6 W.

Philadelphia, November 30, 1772.

STRAYED or STOLEN, laſt night, out of Jacob Shoemaker's paſture, near the Center-houſe, a likely ſorrel MARE, about 14 hands high, 8 or 9 years old, neither brand nor ear-mark, a ſtar in her forehead, a thin mane and tail, and appears as if ſhe was with foal, a natural pacer, and ſhod before. Whoever takes up the ſaid Mare, and brings her to the ſubſcriber, living in White-horſe-alley, ſhall receive THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ JONATHAN SHOEMAKER.

Kenſington, November 22, 1772.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, out of the ſubſcriber's ſtable, on Saturday night, the 21ſt inſtant, a very likely large BAY GELDING, full 15 hands and an inch high, 3 years old laſt ſpring, has a long tail, which may be made ſhort, a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, round noſe, ſome white on one of his hind feet, has a ſmall ſcar on one of his buttocks, near the tail, ſuppoſed to be made by the horn of a cow, and may be eaſily diſcovered; he is about half blooded, and has no other gaits than walk, trot, and gallop. Whoever ſecures the ſaid horſe, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS, and for the thief FIVE POUNDS more, paid by me WILLIAM PEARSON. ¶

Philadelphia, October 30, 1772.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Second-ſtreet, laſt night, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, and about 8 years old; ſhe hath neither brand nor ear-mark, but has had a lump under her near ſhoulder, which, however, is now ſo far gone that it is not obſerved, but by the ſkin being looſer at that place than the reſt. She is a genteel creature, and a natural pacer. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may have the mare again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward of SIX POUNDS, and for the mare alone THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by me GEORGE SLOSSER. *Tf.*

THE PROPRIETORS of the BORDEN-TOWN and BURLINGTON STAGE-WAGGONS, do hereby inform the Public, that the high Price of Grain, lays them under a Neceſſity of raiſing the Fare of Paſſengers, going to and from South-Amboy, and that from the Firſt Day of this inſtant December, a Paſſenger muſt pay Five Shillings, to or from Borden-Town, and Six Shillings, to or from Burlington.

JOSEPH BORDEN, JOSEPH FOLWELL.

To the PUBLIC.

IT is hereby made known, for the relief of ſuch as labour under any phthiſical diſorders, or have a ſcald head, even of the moſt inveterate kind, whether children or adults, or ſuch as are afflicted with ſore breaſts, may hear of a perſon that cures the ſame, in the moſt ſafe, eaſy and perfect manner hitherto known, and in a ſhort time, without any pain to the patient, by enquiring at the ſign of the New Blue Ball, in Campington, in Second-ſtreet continued, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, of

Nov. 3, 1772. ‖ CHARLES HOFFMAN.

For LONDONDERRY,
THE SHIP
JUPITER,
ALEXANDER EWING,
MASTER;

WILL ſail in TWO WEEKS, having Three Fourths of her Cargoe ready to go on board. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the Maſter on board, at William Allen, Eſquire's Wharff. *December* 2, 1772.

FOR NEWRY,
The SHIP MINERVA,
FRANCIS FEARISS,
MASTER;

WILL ſail with the firſt Flaxſeed Veſſels, and has excellent Accommodations for Paſſengers. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to CALDWELL and WILSON, or the MASTER on board, at WILLIAM ALLEN, Eſquire's Wharff. *Nov.* 7.

THE Veſtry of *St. George's* Pariſh, in *Baltimore* County, deſire to inform any CLERGYMAN of the CHURCH of ENGLAND, who may incline to engage in diſcharging the Office of a Curate, That they will give him yearly THE SUM OF ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, Currency; and that they doubt not but the Pariſhioners will, by ready Subſcription, increaſe that Sum, in Proportion as, on Trial, he ſhall give Satisfaction. ¶6w.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Cæcil county, North Saſquehanna Hundred, Maryland, the 15th of November laſt, an indented Iriſh ſervant man, named WILLIAM HAMILTON, alias WILLIAM HAMLON, came from Ireland in the ſhip Pennſylvania Farmer, Capt. Robert Johnſton, in June 1771; he is about 26 years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, ſlim made, pale hair, thin beard, apt to ſwear, has large lumps on his great toes, and walks ſomewhat ſplaw-footed: Had on, when he went away, an old grey ſurtout coat, and a cloſe-bodied claret coloured drab cloth coat, without lining, a ſpotted flannel jacket, with horn buttons and long ſkirts, a pair of old fuſtian breeches, a pair of old black ſtockings, newly footed, new ſhoes and iron buckles, a felt hat, and wears a ſilver breaſt buckle. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, giving intelligence to me, ſo that I may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by CHARLES PORTER.

N. B. Strayed away, in June laſt, from the plantation of *Robert Haughey*, in New-Caſtle county, St. George's Hundred, a dark bay MARE, ſix years old paſt, middle ſized, with a ſtar in her forehead, ſhod before, paces and trots. Whoever takes her up, ſo as I may have her again, ſhall have Five Dollars reward, paid by

¶7ſ6. CHARLES PORTER.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

LATELY IMPORTED, BY
JAMES BRINGHURST,
From various parts of Great-Britain, and to be sold at his Warehouse in the Bank, on Front and Water-streets, below Walnut-street,

A LARGE and general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Japanned Ware, &c. &c. To enumerate the particulars would require too much room for a publication in this paper.

Also sheet glass, in crates; window glass, of various sizes, in boxes; diamonds for cutting glass; and a general assortment of painters colours, either dry or ground in oil; linseed oil, by the barrel, or smaller quantity; gold leaf, Dutch leaf, &c. &c. grindstones, of various sizes; likewise some of the best Gloucester cheese.---A quantity of Clover-Seed to dispose of. ¶

Just imported from LONDON, and to be SOLD by
DAVID SHAKESPEAR,
At Mr. SAMUEL DAVIS's, Hatter, the corner of Church-alley, In Third-street, Philadelphia,

ALL kinds of RIBBONS, which he will sell, for cash, at 65 per cent. on the sterling cost; also sundry other Dry Goods; Hardware, Jewellery, &c. and as he purposes to continue importing to sell by wholesale only, he hopes that the small advance put on them will recommend him to the custom of the city and country shopkeepers; which favour he will gratefully acknowledge. ¶

Philadelphia, December 1, 1772.

STOLEN, *out of a pasture, on Sunday night last, between the Upper and Middle Ferry, a black MARE, about 14½ hands high, about 12 years old, been used to draw, the collar has worn some of the hair off her neck, a large star in her forehead, remarkably grey about her head and under her mane, branded on the near buttock with three letters, two of them S. H. the other unknown, with a small switch tail, shod all round with steeled shoes, a natural trotter, but paces some. Whoever will discover the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, shall receive* FORTY SHILLINGS *reward for the Mare and Thief, or* TWENTY SHILLINGS *for the Mare only, paid by RICHARD SHEA, living near Mr. Hiltzheimer's stables, between Sixth and Seventh-streets.*

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away the 16th of November, 1772, from the subscriber, living in Rapho township, Lancaster county, a Scotch servant man, named JOHN GORDON, about 26 or 27 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, fair complexion, has a down look, and is knock-kneed; had on, when he went away, a light coloured coat and waistcoat, with white metal buttons, old leather breeches, with a pair of trowsers over them, a pair of old mixed yarn stockings, and good shoes, with steel buckles in them. It is thought he will change his name to DUNCAN GRANT. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by PATRICK HAYES. ¶

STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Lower Makefield, in Bucks county, on the 22d of November, 1772, a large black brown MARE, near 15 hands high, 14 or 15 years old, with a large white in her forehead, and goes smaller down to her nose, and has a large thick mane and foretop, a natural pacer, shod before. Whoever takes her up, so that the owner may have her again, shall have THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and for securing the thief, shall have THIRTY SHILLINGS more, and all reasonable charges, paid by WILLIAM WHARTON. ¶

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,
at the Head of Alloway's Creek, in the county of Salem, and province of New-Jersey,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION and TRACT of LAND, containing 250 ACRES, about 100 cleared, 40 whereof are good meadow; there is on said place, a good brick house, with barn, stabling, and other out-houses; likewise a good stream of water, and a saw-mill, lately rebuilt, the stream and conveniences very suitable to erect a grist or merchant-mill. Any person inclining to purchase, may apply to the subscriber, on the premises. ISAAC OAKFORD. ‖ 6*w.*

To be LETT, and entered upon immediately,

THE well accustomed STORE-HOUSE, in King's Town, in Queen-Anne's County, Maryland. This place is well situated for any branch of the mercantile business, having a well accustomed tavern, within 20 yards of said store-house, and a very public ferry kept from thence, across Chester river, to Chester-Town; there is but one store within 16 miles on that side the river, and that one 6 or 7 miles off; joining said store-house is a compting-house, granary, cellar, dwelling-house, with brick chimney and two rooms on the lower floor, a kitchen, with brick chimney, and a garden; all which are to be lett with or without said store-house. And also pasturage and stabling for one or two horses, and pasturage for one or two cows. For terms, apply to the subscriber, on the premises.
¶ EMANUEL KENT.

ON the 17th of November was taken up, at the Widow Davis's Tavern, between Hacket's Town and Greenwich Forge, in Sussex County, New-Jersey, a certain Person, on Suspicion of having stolen a Stallion in York County; but in taking him to a Magistrate, although his Hands were tied, he jumped off the Horse he rode, and made his Escape in the Woods, leaving behind him a small Bay Horse, and a Quantity of Dry Goods, which were taken back to the aforesaid Tavern. As they are supposed to have been stole, any Person proving Property to the Horse or Goods, may have them again, on paying Charges, by applying to the Subscriber, living near Durham, in Bucks County, ROBERT WILSON. ¶

Donnegall Township, Lancaster County, November 14, 1772.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on the 13th instant, from the subscriber, living in the aforesaid township and county, a Scotch servant man, named JOHN HAMMEL, about 20 years of age, a thick set fellow, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, of a fair complexion, has brownish coloured hair, tied behind, full faced, speaks broad Scotch, and walks strait; had on, when he went away, a whitish coat, home made, about half-worn, with white metal buttons, lined with light blue flannel, a black broadcloth jacket, a good deal worn, a shirt of about 7 or 800 cloth, nearly new, a fur hat much worn, and wears it generally full cocked, a pair of coarse tow trowsers, dark brown ribbed stockings, pretty well worn, old shoes, pieced on the heels behind, metal buckles, of a yellowish colour, with steel tongues and chapes. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by
§ SAMUEL WOODS.

STOLEN from EDWARD BARTHOLOMEW, late Inn-keeper, in Montgomery township, Philadelphia county, the 26th of November, 1772, a red roan MARE, left a Colt behind her, about 14 hands and an inch high, trots well, and paces a small travel, 9 years old; with an old saddle, green plush housings, and leather girth. Whoever takes up said Mare, so that the owner may have her again, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, or FOUR POUNDS for the Mare and Thief, paid by the subscriber, living in New-Britain township, Bucks county. SAMUEL WIER. ¶

LATELY IMPORTED from LIVERPOOL, and to be SOLD, at a low Rate, by
JOHN PARRISH,
Opposite the Golden Swan, in Third-street,

A QUANTITY of well polished CHIMNEY-PIECES, and a Variety of other STONES, suitable for Piazzas, Porches, Halls, Hearths, &c. ¶

IN Pursuance of a late Act of GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, intituled, "An Act for regulating, pitching, paving and cleansing the Highways, Streets, Lanes and Alleys; and for regulating, making and amending the Water-Courses; and Common-Sewers, within the inhabited and settled Parts of the City of PHILADELPHIA:" We the Subscribers, COMMISSIONERS, by the said Act authorised and appointed, with the Assent of the Mayor, Recorder and Aldermen of said City, have limited, directed and appointed, That no Vault, Well or Sink, hereafter to be dug and made in the several built Parts of the said City, for Privies, or Necessary-Houses, shall exceed the Depths under-mentioned. And all Persons whom it does or may concern, are desired to take due Notice thereof, and govern themselves accordingly, as it is in said Law enacted, "That if any Person or Persons shall dig, or cause to be dug, any such Vault, Well or Sink, for Privies, or Necessary-Houses, of any greater Depth than shall be limited and appointed by the Authority aforesaid, every such Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof legally convicted, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Pounds, and the Person or Persons employed in digging the same, shall forfeit the Sum of Ten Pounds."

In Penn-Street, on the West Side.

From Cedar-Street to Pine-Street, from or below the Level of Penn-Street, Ten Feet.

In Plumb-Street, on both Sides.

From the Level of the said Street, Six Feet.

In King-Street.

From Spruce-Street to Vine-Street, Six Feet.

In Front-street, on the East Side.

From Pine to Vine, below the Level of King-Street, Six Feet.

In Front-Street, on the West Side, Half-way Westward to Second-Street, from the Level of Front-Street.

From Vine-Street to Emlen's Alley, Eighteen Feet.
From Emlen's Alley to High-Street, Twenty Feet.
From High-Street to Walnut-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Walnut-Street to the Drawbridge, Fourteen Feet.
From Spruce-Street to Union-Street, Twelve Feet.
From Union-Street to Pine-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From Pine-Street to Cedar-Street, Eighteen Feet.

In Second-Street, on the East Side, Half-way Eastward to Front-Street, from the Level of Second-Street.

From Cedar-Street to Pine-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Pine-Street to Union-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From Union to an Alley between Brown and Fisher, Twelve Feet.
From said Alley to Walnut-Street, Fourteen Feet.
From Walnut-Street to Chestnut-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From Chestnut-Street to Vine-Street, Twenty Feet.

In Second-Street, on the West Side, Half-way to Third-Street.

From the Level of Second-Street (excepting in the hollow or low Ground, between Second and Third-Streets, and between Mulberry-Street and Church-Alley, in which they may be dug Sixteen Feet deep, to be measured from the Surface of the Earth there.)
From Vine-Street to Chestnut-Street, Twenty Feet.
From Chestnut to Union-Street, Fifteen Feet.
From Union to Cedar-Street, Eighteen Feet.

In Third-Street, on the East Side, Half-way to Second-Street, from the Level of Third-Street (excepting as before excepted.)

From Cedar-Street to Chestnut-Street, Fifteen Feet.
From Chestnut-Street to Vine-Street, Twenty Feet.

In Third-Street, on the West Side, Half-way to Fourth-Street, from the Level of Third-Street.

From Vine-Street to High-Street, Twenty Feet.
From High-Street to Chestnut-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Chestnut-Street to Cedar-Street, Fifteen Feet.

In Fourth-Street, on the East Side, Half-way to Third-Street, from the Level of Fourth-Street.

From Cedar-Street to Willing's-Alley, Fifteen Feet.
From Willing's-Alley to Chestnut-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From Chestnut-Street to High-Street, Fifteen Feet.
From High-Street to Mulberry-Street, Fourteen Feet.
From Mulberry-Street to Vine-Street, Twenty Feet.

In Fourth-Street, on the West Side, Half-way to Fifth-Street, from the Level of Fourth-Street.

From Vine-Street to Mulberry-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Mulberry-Street to High-Street, Fourteen Feet.
From High-Street to Chestnut-Street, Fifteen Feet.
From Chestnut-Street Southward, as far as Willing's-Alley, Eighteen Feet.
From thence to Cedar-Street, Fifteen Feet.

In Fifth-Street, on the East Side, Half-way to Fourth-Street, from the Level of Fifth-Street.

From Cedar-Street to Walnut-Street, Fifteen Feet.
From Walnut-Street to High-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From High-Street to Sassafras-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From Sassafras-Street to Vine-Street, Twenty Feet.

On the West Side of Fifth-Street, extending Half-way to Sixth-Street, from the Level of Fifth-Street.

From Vine-Street to Sassafras-Street, Twenty Feet.
From Sassafras-Street to High-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From High-Street to Walnut-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Walnut-Street to Cedar-Street, Fifteen Feet.

In Sixth-Street, both Sides, extending Eastward Half-way to Fifth-Street, and Westward Half-way to Seventh-Street, from the Level of Sixth-Street.

From Vine-Street to Mulberry-Street, Eighteen Feet.
From Mulberry-Street to Chestnut-Street, Twenty Feet.
From Chestnut-Street to Cedar-Street, Eighteen Feet.

In Seventh-Street, both Sides, extending Eastward Half-way to Sixth-Street, and Westward Half-way to Eighth-Street, from the Level of Seventh-Street.

From Vine-Street to High-Street, Sixteen Feet.
From High-Street to Strangers Burying-Ground, 18 Feet.

In High-Street, from Half-way between Seventh and Eighth-Streets, Westward to Broad-Street, in Center Square.

From that Part of High-Street Northward, Half-way to Mulberry-Street, Twenty Feet.
And from High-Street Southward, Half-way to Chestnut-Street, Twenty Feet.

JAMES STEPHENS, DAVIS BASSET,
JOHN DRINKER, SAMUEL ROBINSON,
ABRAHAM BICKLEY, JOSEPH MOULDER.

Gwynedd, or North-Wales, November 18, 1772.

STOLEN, last night, out of a pasture near the spring-house Tavern, a roan MARE, 14 hands high, branded on the near shoulder A. Z. between 6 and 7 years old, paces and trots. Whoever takes up the said mare and thief, so as the owner may have her again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and for the mare only, THREE POUNDS, and all reasonable charges, paid by
¶ WILLIAM JOHNSON.

Salem County, West New-Jersey, November 2, 1772.

I AM very sorry for advertising my Wife, it being done through the Heat of Passion and Inconsideration; which I now retract. † JOHN ELWELL.

To be SOLD, by way of PUBLIC VENDUE,
on the premises, on Tuesday, the 22d of December next,

A CERTAIN TRACT of LAND, lying in Baltimore county, in the Forks of Winter's Run, containing about 291 acres, being the plantation whereon John Morgan now dwells, to be sold by virtue of a deed of trust, assigned to me, bearing date the 17th of June, 1772. There are on said place, a dwelling-house, barn, stables, and a good orchard, about 6 acres of meadow cleared, and more may be made. The vendue to begin at 12 o'clock said day, where attendance will be given, and credit for part of the purchase-money, by
Nov. 19, 1772. § JOHN BOWEN.

East-Caln township, Chester county, October 19, 1772.

RUN AWAY *from the subscriber, a certain SUSANNA KENNEDY, about 5 feet high, a native of Ireland, who, by her craft and fraudulent insinuation, subtilly obtained her indentures, lately the property of Robert Parke (at the sign of the Ship, on Lancaster road) signed over to me, John Bing, for a certain sum of money in hand paid; had on, and took with her, one chints gown, stamped with blue, two short gowns, one red calicoe, the other a parkish stamped one, one black silken bonnet, surrounded with ribbands of the same colour, yellow brass buckles, carved and square, one silver pair, square and carved, one black calimancoe petticoat, another red and blue striped linsey, home made, one red and blue camblet ditto; she has a dark complexion, pleasant look, and quick motion, walks light, black eyes, face of a pale colour, lisps, and talks short, in some words very particularly. Whoever takes up and secures the said Susanna Kennedy, or brings her to the subscriber, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, with reasonable charges, paid by me* JOHN BING. ¶

TO BE SOLD, BY
CHRISTIANA JUSTICE,
Living with ANDREW DOZ, at PEEL-HALL,

ABOUT EIGHTEEN ACRES OF LAND, on Wissahickon Road, adjoining Mr. Henry Keppele, junior's Country-seat, fronting Schuylkill, of which it commands a very extensive Prospect. Likewise a Piece of excellent WOODLAND, containing 18 Acres, on the East Side of the said Road, nearly opposite the above, on which there is a Spring of good Water. The Purchaser may have a considerable Time to pay the Money.

Lancaster, October 9, 1772.

FIFTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the subscribers, living in the Borough of Lancaster, an indented Irish servant lad, called* ANTHONY DEVIR, *but will probably change his name, about 17 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, black hair, cut short on the fore part of his head, strong made, with round stooping shoulders, has remarkable thick lips, squint eyed, and has rather a bad countenance, some large marks of the small-pox in his face, especially one on his left brow, when spoke to or challenged, seems confused, looks of a sleepy disposition, and is very apt to laugh; as he was entrusted in a store, it is probable he may have some money with him, can read and write, and may forge a pass.---He went away in company with another Irish servant, by name* FOX, *a great thief, and was bought out of goal, a Blacksmith by trade, has small eyes, sharp nose, and brown hair; they were seen in company together in Philadelphia, the 28th ult. dressed in new clothes, intending to go to the Jerseys or New-York; as he has learned the prices of goods, he may want to be employed by some shopkeeper. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that his masters may have him again, shall receive the above reward, with reasonable charges.*
¶ JOSIAH and ROBERT LOCKART.

SPERMACETI CANDLES, warranted pure, Rhode-Island CHEESE, COFFEE, PEPPER, a few Hogsheads of dried CODFISH, two Tons of LIGNUM-VITÆ, and a Quantity of Halifax GRINDSTONES,
TO BE SOLD, BY
JOSIAH HEWES,
IN CHESTNUT-STREET.

Just imported in the Ship Anne, from BRISTOL,
COPPER, and INGOT BRASS,

WHICH, with former importations, compleats a very valuable and extensive Assortment; particularly, sheets and quarters of copper, of various dimensions, from the weight of 7lb. per sheet, at a regular advance of about 1lb. each, up to 100lb. also bottoms, from 14 inches diameter, at the intermediate sizes of about 1 inch per bottom, up to 66 inches: From which large stock, persons in want of copper, for all common uses, can scarcely fail of being supplied in the most convenient manner. The strong copper is now sold at 2s. 2d. thatch at 2s. 4d. and ingot brass at 21d. per lb. by
AMOS STRETTELL,
Who continues to sell borax, spelter, block-tin, copper bars, and copper kettles, without bails; also Weston's best snuff, by the cask, dozen, or bottle; at his new store, on the north side of Chestnut-street, midway between Front and Second-streets, and communicating with the same lot whereon his store was formerly kept, in Front-street, through which there is still a passage to his present store. ¶

N. B. He will sell a few ⅞ Irish linens, a quantity of buttons, and some other small wares, very cheap, to finish old accounts.

FOUR POUNDS TEN SHILLINGS Reward.

STOLEN, on Monday night, the 19th of October, 1772, from the subscriber, living in Charlestown township, Chester county, a black MARE, about 7 years old, about 14 hands high, paces fast, heavy bodied, bald faced, one white hind foot, shod before, neither brand nor ear-mark. Supposed to have been stolen by JAMES M'MACHAN, an Irishman, about 22 or 23 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, thick bodied, much pock-marked, fair short hair, and very talkative; his apparel, a brown broadcloth coat, green jacket, brown velvet breeches, rough beaver hat, and his other apparel not particularly known. Any person that secures the mare, so as the owner may have her again, shall receive a reward of THIRTY SHILLINGS, and for apprehending and securing the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, shall receive a reward of THREE POUNDS, paid by
‖ JENKIN DAVIS.

STRAYED from the subscribers, living at Cohansey-bridge, on the 24th day of September last, a bay HORSE, about 10 years old, a natural trotter, with some white spots on his back; also a white spot on his near shoulder, marked with the crupper on the back; bred in Amwell, Hunterdon county, about 15 miles above Trenton, and was seen going that way with a yoke on. Also went with him, a black yearling FILLEY, of a large growth, and a natural trotter. Whoever takes up said horses, so that the owners may have them again, shall be well rewarded, and reasonable charges paid, by ALEXANDER MOORE,
JAMES BOYD.

Allen-Town, New-Jersey, October 10, 1772.

THE subscriber takes this method to inform the PUBLIC, and his Customers in particular, that he has rented the FULLING-MILL in Allen-Town, and proposes carrying on the Fulling Business in all its various Branches in a more extensive manner than has been formerly done.---The Public may depend on having their Work done in the most speedy and neatest manner, as the said Mill and Works are all entirely new.

N. B. The subscriber proposes taking Wheat, Rye, Indian-corn, Buck-wheat, or Sifted Ashes, as Cash, at the Market Prices ¶ LUKE STOREY.

NOW OPENING, AT
RANDLE MITCHELL's Store,
In WATER-STREET, near WALNUT-STREET,

A General Assortment of European and India GOODS, imported in the MARY and ELIZABETH, Capt. SPARKS, and the last vessels from LIVERPOOL and BRISTOL, and daily expects more from HULL, which he will sell, on as low terms as they are generally sold for in the city, either for CASH, short or long CREDIT, as may best suit the purchasers; amongst which assortment are, nails, steel, frying-pans, bar lead, shot, gun powder, London and Bristol pewter, madder, pepper, mace, cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs, window glass, writing paper and pasteboards, ermine for cloaks, canvas, and crewels, &c. 6 w.

WE take this method of informing the Public, that a STAGE is now carried on, between Philadelphia and Baltimore, by the way of Wilmington and Charles-Town.---The advantages that will attend this stage, we hope will induce every person (that wants a quick dispatch to Baltimore) to favour us with their custom; as Wilmington is situated on Christine, 3 miles from Delaware river, and Charles-Town on North-East river, 8 miles from Elk river; we flatter ourselves, shall never be detained by contrary winds, as is too often the case with other Stages. FOUDREY and BUSH's Stage leaves the Billet Wharff, in Philadelphia, every Wednesday, and returns every Friday; PATRICK HAMILTON's Stage-waggon, every Thursday, and returns every Friday, and his Packet leaves Charles-Town every Saturday, and returns every Thursday. Passengers pay, from Philadelphia to Wilmington, *Two Shillings*; from Wilmington to Charles-Town, *Five Shillings*; from Charles-Town to Baltimore, *Four Shillings*.----Goods are received in Philadelphia, by Messieurs EDWARDS and MARIS, near Chestnut-street wharff. PATRICK HAMILTON,
August 24, 1772. ¶ FOUDREY and BUSH.

ALL Persons, who are indebted to the Estate of JOHN BIGHAM, late of Bart Township, Lancaster County, deceased, either by Bond, Book Account, or otherwise, are hereby desired to make immediate Payment, to the Subscribers; and those having any Demands are desired to make the same known, in order for Settlement, by JAMES MILLER, JOHN PAXTON, and JOHN HAIR, Administrators. ¶

TAKEN up by William Sinkler, in West-Caln township, Chester county, near the sign of the Waggon, a light sorrel horse, about 14 hands high, well built for the gears, and has been worked, and is branded on the far thigh with several remarkable marks. The owner is desired to come, describe the brand and marks, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. WILLIAM SINKLER. *October* 24, 1772. §

EIGHT DOLLARS REWARD.
STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber, on the second day of this instant, a black MARE, 4 years old past, about 13½ hands high, neither brand nor ear-mark, a natural pacer, hog backed, her mane trimmed on the far or off side. Whoever takes up the mare and thief, so that he be secured in any of his Majesty's goals in this proviace, and the mare brought to the subscriber, at Abner Cloud's, in East Marlborough, in the county of Chester, shall have the above reward, and for the mare alone FORTY SHILLINGS, paid by me
October 6, 1772. § JOHN M'KELLUP.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Wright's-town, in Bucks county, about two years ago last June, a red HEIFER, supposed then to be about two years old, marked with a small crop out of one ear, and two nicks the under side of the other. Any person proving his property, and paying charges, may have her again.
WILLIAM CHAPMAN.
N. B. She hath been advertised before. ‡

TO BE SOLD,
A PLANTATION, containing 479 acres, lying on Delaware, in Amwell, Hunterdon county, West New-Jersey, 20 miles from Trenton, and 34 from Philadelphia, 260 acres cleared, and in good fence; there is on said plantation, a good dwelling-house, barn, and a good young orchard. For further particulars, apply to the subscriber, living on Biles's-Island, two miles below Trenton. ¶3M. ASHER MOTT.

RUN away from the subscriber, on the 18th of October, a Negroe man, named JACK, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a scar under one of his eyes, is a strong well built fellow, talks very good English; took with him, when he went away, a blue cloth coat, cotton velvet jacket of the flowered kind, two pair of breeches, the one white plush, the other ticken, two check shirts, a pair of blue yarn stockings, one pair of new shoes, with silver plated shoe and knee buckles, a half-worn beaver hat, with a black silk band and silver buckle. Whoever takes up the said Negroe, and brings him to me, shall have Three Pounds reward, if taken up out of Philadelphia county, and reasonable charges, paid by
JOHN ZELLER, *distiller.*
N. B. As the said Negroe was born in Maryland, and purchased here from Zephaniah Bond, living in Maryland, it is supposed he is on his way to his old master, to see his father and mother. ‡

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber, living in West-Nantmell township, Chester county, the 15th of this instant October, a dark grey HORSE, about 15 hands high, neither brand nor ear-mark, shod before, and 9 years old. Whoever secures said horse, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS, and THREE POUNDS for the thief, if secured in any of his Majesty's goals, and reasonable charges, paid by
† SAMUEL CARUTHERS.

TO BE SOLD,
A LIKELY healthy NEGROE LAD, eighteen Years of Age, and Country born, hath been used to the Farming Business, and hath had the Small-Pox. Enquire of the Subscriber, at Point-No-Point, in the Northern Liberties.
¶ JOSEPH BALL.

TO BE SOLD,
A LIKELY HEALTHY NEGROE WOMAN, about 25 Years old, fit for all Kinds of House Work, has had the Small-pox, is sold for no Fault, only Want of Employment. Enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.
RUN away, the 14th of October, 1772, from the subscriber, living in Salisbury township, Lancaster county, an Irish servant GIRL, born in Dublin, named CATHERINE M'DONALD; had on, and took with her, a white linen bed-gown, one brown ditto, 3 petticoats, one light brown lincey, one flannel, the other tow linen, two coarse shifts, 2 or 3 tow aprons, a red cloak, and a large check linen handkerchief, has neither shoes nor stockings; she has a bold look, is about 5 feet 1 or 2 inches high, brown hair, full faced, full brown eyes, very talkative; she lived some time in the city of Philadelphia, with Mr. William Graham, at the sign of the Black Horse. Whoever takes up said servant, and confines her in any goal, shall have the above reward, and if brought home, reasonable charges, paid by HENRY COWAN. ¶

WANTED,
A SMALL PLANTATION, about 8 or 10 Miles from Philadelphia, good Land and well timbered, with a convenient House, suitable for a small Family; also a good Barn and Out-houses, &c. Whoever may have such a Place to dispose of, may hear of a Purchaser, by applying to the PRINTERS. ¶

WILLIAM SEMPLE
HAS just imported, in the Polly and Hannah, from Hull, in the Thomas and Lydia, from Liverpool, and in the St. Andrew and Magdalene, from Glasgow, a general Assortment of FALL GOODS, with BOOKS, as usual.

Philadelphia, October 19, 1772.

STRAYED away from Kensington, on the 3d instant, an iron grey FILLEY, three years old past, branded on the shoulder with a diamond, has a long switch tail and mane, she trots, and has been rode. Whoever takes her up, and gives information to the subscriber where she may be had, shall have TEN SHILLINGS reward. ROBERT TOWERS.

TO THE GENEROUS PUBLIC.
AS the subscriber has for many years carried on the tayloring business with good approbation, in all its useful branches, has now set up in Walnut-street, between Front and Second-streets, and nearly opposite Mr. Hugh Donaldson's, and has engaged a number of good hands for the season. Those of my acquaintance, and the thoughtful public, that are pleased to favour me with so much of their custom as they shall think proper, may depend on having their work done punctually, and well, equally well with any in the city; he also proposes keeping private lodgings by the week, month or year.
† ROBERT FULTON.

LAND-OFFICE, *October* 25, 1772.

THOSE who have taken up LOTS in the Town of SUNBURY, by the Terms of their Tickets, are to take out their PATENTS in Six Months from the Date of their Tickets. They are therefore to take Notice, that unless they take out their Patents in Time, the Lots will be granted to any Person who will apply for them.
JAMES TILGHMAN, Secretary of the Land-Office.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.
RUN away from the subscriber, living in Lebanon township, Lancaster county, on the 21st of August last, a Negroe man, named JACK, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, full faced, has a down look, talks very good English; had on when he went away, a new oznebrigs shirt and a new pair of oznebrigs trowsers, an old felt hat, a red waistcoat without sleeves, a pair of good shoes, tied with strings, and an iron collar about his neck. Whoever takes up and secures said Negroe, in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by ¶ *CURTIS GRUBB.*

FIVE POUNDS Reward.
STOLEN, last night, from the subscriber, at the sign of the Black Horse, in Martick township, Lancaster county, a dapple grey HORSE, branded on the near buttock (supposed to be) M, much marked with the collar, large hanging ears, a heavy thick stout made horse. The person supposed to have stolen him is a thick set fellow, with a surtout of a brownish grey colour, good buckskin breeches and boots, blackish hair, tied behind. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, so that the owner may have the horse, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the horse, and reasonable charges, paid by ROBERT DUNCAN.
The person above described was seen (a few days ago) having a likely brown mare, 12 years old, her hind feet white. Any person giving intelligence of the horse or thief, to said DUNCAN (by letter or otherwise) shall be satisfied for their trouble.
October 24, 1772. ¶

STRAYED, or STOLEN, from the subscriber, in Hemphill township, Lancaster county, on the 27th of August last, a black MARE, ten years old, her hind feet white, and a ratch down her face, that spreads over one of her nostrils. Whoever takes up the said mare, and secures her, so that the owner may get her again, shall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by MARY SCOTT.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber, living in Knowlton township, and county of Sussex, in West New-Jersey, Two sorrel HORSES, the one a dark sorrel, about 14 hands high, branded with I. C. on the near shoulder, a heavy well set horse, and natural pacer, with a small star on the forehead, and a snip on the nose. The other a bright sorrel, with a blaze down the forehead, a middling well set horse, about 13½ hands high, a natural trotter, branded with a stirrup iron on the near shoulder. Whoever takes up the said horses, and secures them, so that the owner may get them again, shall have THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by me JACOB CUMMINS. †

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,
A PLANTATION, situate in the township of Chester, in the county of Burlington, New-Jersey, lying on Rancocus-creek, about 2 miles from the mouth of said creek, 5 miles from Burlington, and 12 from Philadelphia, containing 180 acres of land, 20 whereof are rich mowable meadow, well banked in, besides 5 or 6 acres of clover meadow; there are on said plantation a good dwelling-house, with 4 rooms on the lower floor and 3 above, a good cellar, paved with stone, a kitchen adjoining said house, and a well of good water at the door, and also a good barn and stables, and other out-houses, a very convenient spring, with a milk-house over the same, very suitable for a dairy; a large bed of asparagus, a good garden and yard, boarded in, a young thriving orchard, containing 200 apple-trees; also a peach orchard, containing near 100 trees, besides a number of cherry and other fruit trees; about 70 acres of said land cleared, fit for the plough, and very convenient for raising market truck; the rest is woodland. It is thought the place is very suitable for a country seat, as the purchaser may have the advantage of attending it, either by land or water. There is a grist-mill and saw-mill, within a mile and half of the said land. For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, living on the aforementioned premises. JOHN ENGLE. ¶

STRAYED or STOLEN, but supposed to be stolen, from the subscriber, living in Duck-creek Hundred, in Kent county, on Delaware, August 26, 1772, a black HORSE, about 9 or 10 years old, natural trotter, shod before, but the shoes almost worn, no ear-mark nor brand, but hath a remarkable white ring about each of his ears, also if closely examined a little white ring on his near side, and a little white on his off hind foot, with a black spot in it, about 15 hands high. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, so that the thief be brought to justice, and the horse to the owner, shall have FORTY DOLLARS reward, and for the horse only, TWENTY DOLLARS, and charges, paid by me JAMES DICKINSON. ‡8W.

BENJAMIN ARMITAGE, junior,
PLANE-MAKER, in Spruce-street, between Front and Second-streets, near the DRAWBRIDGE,

MAKES and sells all Sorts of Carpenters, Joiners, and Coopers PLANES, having served a regular Apprenticeship with Samuel Caruthers, of this City. He will be greatly obliged to those, who shall please to favour him with their Custom; and they may rely on his best Endeavours to give general Satisfaction. Orders from the Country shall be carefully attended to, and punctually fulfilled. ¶

A WOMAN, with a good Breast of Milk, who can be well recommended, would be glad to take a Child into the House to nurse. And another, also well recommended, to go into a Family to nurse. Enquire at the Wheat-Sheaf, on the Bristol Road. ¶

Just imported, and to be sold, by
FRANCIS CASPAR HASSENCLEVER,
At his store, in Second-street, midway of Arch and Race-streets, Philadelphia,

A VERY large and general assortment of superfine, fine, middling, and coarse, warranted BOULTING-CLOTHS; where storekeepers and millers in the country, may be supplied, at as low a rate as ever any has been sold in this city; he receives them from the manufactory, consequently can give them a great deal cheaper than any other merchant; he engages that if the cloths should not turn out according to expectation, to exchange them, or return the money. ‖5 w.

THOMAS HALE,
CARPENTER, in Walnut-street, facing the State-House Gate,

CONTINUES to HANG BELLS, through all the Apartments of Houses, in the most neat and lasting Manner. ‡5s.tf.

CAME to the plantation of JOHN PEIRSOL, in West-Nantmell township, Chester county, about the 1st of June, Four Head of SHEEP. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.
October 10, 1772. ¶ MATTHEW BROWN.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.
RUN away, on the 2d instant, from the subscriber, living near Swan Creek, in Baltimore county, an Irish servant lad, named Welden Dunbar, a barber by trade, about 18 years old, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, has a remarkable long flat head; had on, when he went away, a new brown bear skin coat, with metal buttons, an old white flannel jacket, white Russia drab breeches, ozenbrigs shirt, a pair of blue yarn stockings, new shoes, with buckles, and old felt hat; he is an artful cunning fellow, this being the fourth time of his running away. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and, if brought home, reasonable charges, paid by
Nov. 9, 1772. JOSIAS WILLIAM DALLAM. ¶

CAME to the house of the subscriber, in Fourth-street, near Spruce-street, Philadelphia, on Saturday, the 7th of this instant November, a certain EDWARD WARREN, and hired a HORSE to go as far as Germantown, and no intelligence being since had of him, I hereby offer a reward of *Thirty Shillings*, to any person that will apprehend said *Warren*; he is a short well set man, of a black visage, came from Ireland, and passes for a Bricklayer; had on a light coloured cloth coat, a pair of blue stockings, and a pair of grey ditto drawn over them, his other clothes not known; the Horse is a dapple grey, between 13 and 14 hands high, a natural trotter, has a mark on his back, in the shape of a saddle, entirely white. Whoever secures said man and horse, shall have the above reward, and, if brought home, reasonable charges, paid by PHILIP WEINNHEIMER. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.
RUN away from us, the subscribers, near Princeton, East New-Jersey, two High Dutch servant men, viz. HENRY BERGER, and YERRY, alias GEORGE WORTMAN. *Henry* is about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, middling well set, he wears his own hair, bushy, and of a sandy colour; is about 27 years of age, can speak middling good English, and talk High and Low Dutch; had on an old brown jacket, an old homespun shirt, a felt hat, about half-worn, leather breeches, grey yarn stockings, thick half-worn shoes, tied with strings; he chews tobacco, and will get drunk when he can get liquor. *George* is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, slim built, can speak very little English, wears his own hair, of a sandy colour; has a half-worn felt hat, with a very large brim, wears a brown coat, with buttons all the way down, a large brown waistcoat, with sleeves, and has buttons all the way down; he took with him two red jackets, two pair of black leather breeches, one pair of grey yarn stockings, a pair of calf-skin shoes, with yellow square buckles, and a small tea-kettle. Whoever takes up and secures said runaways, so that their masters may have them again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, or FIVE POUNDS for each of them, paid by us, WILLIAM CLARKE, and ISAAC CLARKE.
*** All makers of vessels are forbid carrying them off. §

To be SOLD, by the Executors of SAMUEL SHIVERS, late deceased, and to be entered on the second day of April next ensuing,

ONE third part of a large tract of PINE LAND, well timbered, situate near Morris's River Bridge, on Menantico; also the one third part of a good Saw-mill thereon, and of all the appurtenances thereunto belonging; being formerly the property of Henry Dennis. For further particulars, apply to DANIEL COZENS, in Gloucester county, or JOSEPH SHINN, in Salem county. §

Lancaster, November 3, 1772.
JOHN EBERMAN, junior,
BEGS leave to acquaint his friends and customers, and the public in general, that he has moved out of the house where he formerly lived, into Queen-street, in the Borough of Lancaster, opposite the sign of the Black Bear; where he makes and repairs all kinds of CLOCKS and WATCHES, in the best and neatest manner. From the experience he has had, in working with a man whose abilities are well known, and a due attention to the commands of those, who may please to employ him, he hopes he shall merit their approbation, and that of the public, whose favours shall be most gratefully acknowledged, by their most obliged friend, JOHN EBERMAN, junior. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.
RUN AWAY *from the subscriber, living in Little-Britain township, Lancaster county, an Irish servant man, named DAVID CHAMBERS, about 5 feet 6 inches high, with red hair, cut short, and is much freckled, speaks thick and broad, is about 18 years of age; had on, and took with him, a dark coloured coat, and short lappelled jacket, both bound with tape, with hair buttons, without lining, a pair of leather breeches, two pair of stockings, one of light blue worsted, the other of coarse yarn, a pair of new shoes, made for whangs, two shirts, one of linen, the other of tow cloth, and trowsers of the same, a little felt hat, bound with tape. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may have him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by* CHARLES HARAH.
November 1, 1772. ¶

TO BE SOLD CHEAP,
THE valuable COCKOLAMUS MILLS, situate about 50 perches from Juniata river, 25 miles above Harris's Ferry, with 113 acres of land, of which 12 acres are cleared, and under grass and grain. The mill-house is built of stone, large and neatly finished, containing two pair of excellent mill-stones, two boulting mills and hoisting gears, all going by water, on a never failing stream, called Cockolamus Creek, in the county of Cumberland; and adjoining the same is a neat fast-going saw-mill, with a strong frame dam, 10 feet high, in a plentiful country for wheat and timber. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms, and view the mills, by applying to Messrs. James Gallaher, and Graft Goz, near the premises, or to the subscriber, at the farm, called Paradise, in Northumberland county, where I have sundry valuable tracts of land to dispose of.
§ WILLIAM PATTERSON.

December 23, 1772. NUMB. 2296.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

WARSAW, September 16.

MELANCHOLY gloom is viſible in every face at our Court, and there is great reaſon for it; the Imperial troops form a line from the Black Sea, Red Ruſſia, Pocutia, and the whole of the rivers of Bog and the Weiſel, on one ſide, while the Pruſſian troops, on the other, have poſſeſſion of the whole length of the river of Nida and Poliſh Pruſſia. Count Berger, the Imperial Miniſter for our Court, expected here every hour, is appointed Plenipotentiary Commiſſioner to take the oaths of allegiance from the Poliſh ſubjects to his Imperial Majeſty. Prince Frederick of Brunſwick has the ſame commiſſion from the King of Pruſſia. The day fixed for taking theſe oaths is the 12th of October, which is publiſhed in a declaration of both monarchs. Our Court has iſſued orders for every officer of the crown, treaſurer and œconomy, not to deliver a ſingle farthing to any foreign officer, but to make reſiſtance, if any attempts be made to take the public incomes by force. Every poſt of the Crown, Army, and the King's Guards, is augmented, ſince the publication of the abovementioned manifeſtoes. Even the preſent event of Sweden has a great influence in the preſent political affairs of Europe, and ſeems to be a great diſadvantage to the kingdom of Poland. We have reaſon to believe, that the two neighbouring monarchs were about to diminiſh the extenſive power of a mighty northern one, but the preceding war will not allow it.

Sept. 23. Advices from Cracow bring, that the field battalions of Auſtrians are returned from Moravia; and if we may conjecture from theſe movements, the execution of ſome enterprize ſeems at hand. The garriſon regiments of the ſame nation wait only the arrival of ſome Croats to put themſelves alſo in march.

Brandenburgh, Sept. 27. His Serene Highneſs Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick paid a viſit to the Queen of Pruſſia (his ſiſter) at Berlin, and had an interview with the King at Potſdam. We now learn, that the King has nominated him Viceroy of the Two Pruſſias, with 25,000 crowns appointment; and has ordered the arrearages of all his penſions (the Provoſtſhip of the Dome of Magdebourg excepted) to be paid him for ten years paſt, being the time ſince that Prince reſigned his employments.

Lower Elbe, Oct. 2. All officers and ſoldiers in the Daniſh ſervice, now abſent upon furlow, or leave of abſence, are ordered to join their reſpective regiments immediately; and the troops of the ſame nation, diſtributed in the Daniſh Holſtein, have been commanded to hold themſelves in readineſs to march.

A report is ſpread, that the Court of Copenhagen is ſeeking to form a loan of 400,000 marks; and that a body of Daniſh troops is to aſſemble immediately near Segeberg, in Daniſh Holſtein.

Hague, Sept. 15. The Prince Stadtholder of the United Provinces has publiſhed the following ordinance, viz. That having been informed that in his town and county of Leerdan, as well as in his barony of Acquoi, the inhabitants had to the preſent time followed, and carried to great lengths, the expenſive cuſtom, not only of ſerving wine and beer at interments, but alſo to give, on ſuch occaſions, mortuary repaſts, and mourning; to remedy this abuſe, his Highneſs forbids all matters of that ſort to be given in future, under the penalty of an hundred florins.

Conſtantinople, Sept. 23. There has been an order iſſued, that all unmarried people, and thoſe who have not very particular buſineſs, ſhould be ſent out of the Capital, and they are daily tranſporting numbers of people. One hundred and fifty of theſe had the misfortune to to be loſt in the Gulph of Nichomedia, three days ago, in a ſtrong gale of wind.

Warſaw, Sept. 23. The Ruſſians have evacuated the ſalt works at Wieliczka and Bothnia, as well as the caſtle of Wiſnitz. The crown troops who remained there on the part of the King of Poland, to guard the ſalt works, are alſo retired, and the inhabitants expect every day to be obliged to take the oaths to the houſe of Auſtria.

From the Viſtula, Sept. 23. The Pruſſians have planted officers near Dantzick and Thorn, who demand an exciſe on all goods that are carried thither, amounting to double what is paid in the dominions of his Pruſſian Majeſty. Dantzick had likewiſe a conſiderable revenue from their poſts, but the Pruſſians have taken all theſe into their own hands.

Warſaw, Sept. 30. The declaration of the neighbouring powers will occaſion a Senatus Conſilium to take place. The frequent conferences between the Miniſters of Vienna, Peterſburgh and Berlin, tend towards the aſſembling of a Dyet, in order to regulate definitively all the affairs of the kingdom.

Hamburgh, Oct. 6. They write from Stockholm, that the King of Sweden had actually in his poſſeſſion a copy of a manifeſto, which was intended to have been publiſhed on the 20th of Auguſt, by the States, when the Upland regiment was to arrive in that city, which was delivered to him by an eccleſiaſtic, a member of the ſecret committee, on the 17th at night. It is aſſerted, that this clergyman informed his Majeſty, that he was not only to have been ſeized, and ſent to the caſtle of Caſtenhoff, but that the committee had further reſolved to make out the proceſs by which they were to proceed againſt him, &c.

Copenhagen, Oct. 6. All our advices from the North have a warlike appearance. At Hamburgh, Altona, in the Holſtein, at Dantzick and Bremen, are Ruſſian, Auſtrian, Daniſh, Swediſh, and Pruſſian Officers raiſing recruits; and as trade is dead, and proviſions ſcarce, they meet with great ſucceſs. In Denmark and Sweden, as well as in Ruſſia, they are fitting out ſhips with the utmoſt expedition: The Duchy of Holſtein is likely to be attacked by Ruſſia, and Norway by Sweden, and his Pruſſian Majeſty will probably not be idle on this occaſion. In ſhort, ſome politicians think there will be a general war in Europe. The accounts we received by the laſt poſt are, that the courts of Ruſſia, Berlin, and Sweden, have made an alliance; Sweden makes pretenſions to Finland, and Pruſſia to Pomerania, but Pruſſia is to pay four millions of rubles to Ruſſia.

Extract of a Letter from Schwerin, in Mecklenburg, dated Sept. 28.

"The Pruſſian Alexander, the Legiſlator of Germany, the Scourge of his Neighbours, the Maſter of Politics of Europe, has at laſt reſolved to diſcover his Scheme, by ſending a large Body of Troops into the Duchy of Holſtein, namely, into that Part belonging to the Grand Duke. Our Merchants have the Commiſſion from the Agents for the Pruſſian Army to provide Magazines, of cheap kinds, neceſſary for a large Body of Troops in their March through this Duchy. Theſe Magazines are to be ſtationed upon different Roads in the Way to Holſtein; but as we ſee the Alliance between Pruſſia and Ruſſia concerning the affair of Poland, we rather believe that the neighbouring Provinces, as Daniſh Holſtein, Sleſwich, Gottorp, and Jutland, would have more Reaſon to prepare a warlike Reſiſtance, as theſe Provinces are in the Hands of the King of Denmark, from the Beginning to this preſent Moment, by an illegal Poſſeſſion.

From the NEW-YORK GAZETTE.

Charlotta Precinct, Dutcheſs County, November 26.

Mr. GAINE,

The following Narrative is of ſo intereſting a Nature, particularly to your Country Readers, that I make no Doubt you will oblige them by inſerting it in your next Paper. I am,

Your Humble Servant, J. B.

ABOUT two Months ago, two mad Dogs appeared in this Neighbourhood, and bit ſeveral Animals, of which the greateſt Number were ſoon after ſeized with the Symptoms of that peculiar Madneſs, and died. Among them was a Cow, belonging to one Mr. Jacklin: This unhappy Man, anxious to preſerve his Creature, and not apprehenſive of the Danger to which he expoſed himſelf, while the Symptoms of Madneſs were on her, made uſe of ſeveral Remedies for her Relief. And, particularly, in order to give her a Drench, he thruſt his Hand (upon which at that Time he happened to have an Ulcer) into her Throat, and graſped her Tongue, and after the Cow's Death, to ſave her Hide, had the farther Imprudence to flea her. From that time until Friday, the 6th Inſtant, he continued in his uſual Health, but on that Day he drooped, complained much of a general Uneaſineſs and Diſtreſs, and paſſed the ſucceeding Night with much Anxiety and Reſtleſneſs. On the next Morning, the Characteriſtic Symptom of the Canine Madneſs, the Hydrophobia (or Dread of Water) came on; within twelve Hours he became furiouſly mad, and on Sunday, about one o'Clock, he expired.

This (from many others which could be produced) is one unhappy Inſtance of the extreme Subtlety of the dreadful Poiſon, and of the great Danger there is in tampering with Animals, of whoſe being infected with it there is the leaſt Suſpicion. And the Publication of it is judged the more neceſſary, as from the Infrequency of this Complaint among us, and the general Ignorance of the Country People of the Danger to which they expoſe themſelves, the Owners of a favourite Dog, or other Animal, have frequently been led into very hazardous Attempts to preſerve their Lives; truſting, for their Security, to tying them up, or even ſuffering them to run at large, until they have done irreparable Miſchief.---It is hoped, therefore, that the Relation of this Fact will prevent ſuch a dangerous Security for the future; and that all Perſons, who ſhall become acquainted with it, will hereafter exert themſelves, on every Occaſion, to put a Stop to this dreadful Malady, by the timely Death of every Beaſt, in which the firſt Symptoms of Madneſs ſhall appear.

JUST PUBLISHED, and may be had of

JOSEPH CRUKSHANK,

At his Printing-Office, in Third-ſtreet, oppoſite the Work-houſe,

PRICE Four-pence,

A MITE caſt into the TREASURY,

OR,

Obſervations on SLAVE-KEEPING. ¶

Philadelphia, December 17, 1772.

THE CREDITORS of ISAAC DELYON, late of this City, Shop-keeper, are once more earneſtly requeſted to bring in their Accounts, duly proved, to the Aſſignees, before the 8th Day of January next, on which Day a Dividend will be made. Thoſe that neglect this Notice will be excluded their Dividend. PHILIP FRANCIS, THOMAS ASSHETON, EDWARD BATCHELOR, and JOSEPH DEAN, Aſſignees.

Philadelphia, December 17, 1772.

THE CREDITORS of JOSEPH ABRAHAMS, late of this City, Shop-keeper, are once more earneſtly requeſted to bring in their Accounts, duly proved, to the Aſſignees, before the 8th Day of January next, on which Day a Dividend will be made. Thoſe that neglect this Notice will be excluded their Dividend. DANIEL WILLIAMS, PHILIP FRANCIS, THOMAS ASSHETON, BENJAMIN GIBBS, and JOSEPH DEAN, Aſſignees.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, at his SHOP, in Market-ſtreet, 3 doors above Strawberry-alley,

FULLERS SHEARS, proved to be good, and made by John Griffith, in Cheſter county; likewiſe a large and general aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh only.-----All thoſe who are indebted to him, by bill, bond, or book debt, are hereby deſired to pay off their reſpective debts; otherwiſe they may depend on being proceeded againſt as the law directs, without further notice.

December 18, 1772. HUGH FRAZER. ¶

JOHN GILBERT,

PRACTITIONER in PHYSIC and SURGERY,

ACQUAINTS the Inhabitants of Philadelphia, and the neighbouring Places, that he has removed from Reading to Philadelphia, and at preſent lives in Market-ſtreet, the Corner of Fifth-ſtreet, in John Odenheimer's Houſe; where he has for Sale, a good and freſh Aſſortment of MEDICINES, which he will ſell at the loweſt Prices: Among them are Anderſon's Pills, Hooper's Pills, Godfrey's Cordial, Daffy's Elixir, and beſt Bitters. As he has travelled, and had much Experience in Phyſic, by Land and Sea, he undertakes the Cure of all Diſeaſes, internal and external, and will give the Poor his Advice gratis. ¶

Lower Penn's Neck, in Salem County, New-Jerſey, Dec. 16, 1772.

RUN away from his bail, in July, 1771, a certain man, named WILLIAM HOPKINS (but it is likely he has changed it to WILLIAM WOOD) a middle aged man, about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a dark complexion, wears his hair tied behind, ſhort fore teeth, ſtoop ſhouldered, and commonly followed ditching; had on, when he went away, a light coloured coat, leather breeches, and a half-worn caſtor hat. Whoever takes up the ſaid William Hopkins, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall have FIFTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN M'CUNE.

WAS COMMITTED to my cuſtody, on the 28th day of October laſt, one JOHN RUSSELL, who ſays he is a ſervant to William Baker, at Duck-creek, in Kent county, on Delaware. Likewiſe, on the 3d day of this inſtant, one WILLIAM GALLASPEY, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant. Their maſters are deſired to come, pay the charges, and take them away, within three weeks after this date, or they will be diſcharged, on paying their fees. ¶

Cheſter, December 23, 1772. JOEL WILLIS, Goaler.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

ALL that valuable FARM whereon he dwells, ſituated in the county of New-Caſtle, and in view of the village of Chriſtiana Bridge, bounded near 3 miles on the navigable waters of Chriſtiana creek, being in a beautiful ſituation, containing 500 acres of land, 230 of which are cleared, about 25 acres of embanked meadow, and about ten more to bank, ten ditto of upland meadow, and a conſiderable quantity more may be made; alſo an orchard, with above 100 bearing trees, the remainder very good woodland, the wood is eaſily conveyed to Philadelphia market by water, which makes it very valuable; there are on ſaid farm two good brick dwelling-houſes, with a wharff and frame ſtore thereon, 37 feet by 21, compleatly finiſhed, one of the brick houſes was built for a ſhallop man, with the ſtores, to carry on ſaid buſineſs, for which it has been noted many years; the dwelling-houſe of brick, 45 feet by 20, with a good kitchen, all neatly finiſhed, a writing-office and chair-houſe of brick; alſo a Negroe houſe, granaries, ſmoke-houſe, ſheds for cattle, cart-houſe, and ſheep-houſe, with other out-buildings. Likewiſe a large new frame barn, with ſtables adjoining, 64 feet by 20, covered and weather-boarded with cedar, all compleatly finiſhed; alſo a farm-houſe and barn near the middle of the land, beſides three other ſmall tenements, under rent, adjoining the dwelling-houſe, two neat gardens, and a pump of water very convenient, great part of the land is encloſed with poſt and rail fence, and about 200 acres of woodland paſture taken in; one great advantage attending the above deſcribed land, which is bounded all along the creek, is, a never-failing quantity of the beſt rich blue mud, for manure, which may be had with eaſy acceſs, by which means it may be made as rich as the owner pleaſes, or in fact into mowing ground. The title to the whole indiſputable; the purchaſer may have a term of years for the payment, by giving proper ſecurity, and paying intereſt. For further particulars, and viewing the premiſes, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on ſaid eſtate, or his ſon, Samuel Patterſon, at Chriſtiana mills, WILLIAM PATTERSON.

N. B. When the above premiſes are diſpoſed of, there will be ſold, ſeveral houſes, lots and ſmall tracts of land, lying in and near the ſaid village of Chriſtiana Bridge, on the above terms of payment, by ſaid *William Patterſon.* ‖ 6 W.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, near George Steuart's Tavern, at the Lower Croſs Roads, in Baltimore County, the 10th of December, 1772, an Engliſh convict ſervant woman, named MARY PARKER, about 23 years of age, pretty luſty and fat, marked with the ſmall-pox, of a freſh complexion, dark ſandy coloured hair, has a blemiſh on her right eye, ſo that it looks whitiſh; had on, and took with her, a chints gown, a brown worſted gown, a red ditto, a red plain worſted petticoat, a rediſh pennella ditto, a light coloured cloth cloak, a black ſilk bonnet, a black Barcelona ſilk handkerchief, a red flowered ditto, alſo a linen handkerchief, with St. Paul's church, and the various cries of London, ſtamped on it, a man's hat, red worſted ſtockings, red caſimancoe ſhoes, a pair of womens calf-ſkin ditto, a black hood, and ſeveral other kinds of head-clothes, ſome lincey jackets and petticoats, a wrought pocket-book, and ſilver ring, which it is probable ſhe will wear on her finger, two ſilver table ſpoons, one of which is marked W. T. Alſo a bay mare, about 14 hands high, with a white ſtreak in her face, very ſmall towards her noſe, and paces pretty faſt; an old ſide-ſaddle, covered with buckſkin. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant woman, if within this county, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges; and if out of the county FIVE POUNDS; and for taking up and ſecuring the mare only, FIFTY SHILLINGS reward, paid by WILLIAM THOMPSON. ¶

RUN away, on Sunday, the 13th of December, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, living in Cambridge town, in Maryland, an Iriſh ſervant man, named THOMAS SHERIDAN, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, between 19 and 20 years of age, of a rediſh complexion, with large eye-brows, has long ſandy coloured hair, combed up before, and wears it tied behind in a large club, talks loud, and is very apt to ſwear by his maker; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a ſnuff-coloured old ſurtout coat, an old cloth-coloured ditto, without ſleeves, a brown cloth jacket, with black horn buttons, old white breeches, grey ribbed worſted ſtockings, half-worn ſhoes, with large plated buckles, wears his hat cocked up behind, two old white ſhirts, and commonly wears a ſtock and ſtock-buckle. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN MANNING.

*** All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off. §

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away the 18th of December, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, living in Eaſt-Bradford townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named RICHARD HEASLIP, about 5 feet 8 inches high, lightiſh coloured curled hair, of a ſandy complexion, pock-marked; had on, when he went away, a cloth coloured upper jacket, with cuffs, the under one of ſtriped lincey, red blue and white, with metal buttons on each, the upper jacket not lined, a pair of light coloured cloth trowſers, a tow ſhirt, grey ſtockings, old ſhoes, and an old felt hat; he ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN TAYLOR. ¶

ALL perſons that have any demands againſt the eſtate of THOMAS TRESSE, late of Southwark, Houſe-carpenter, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts, duly proved, in order for ſettlement, to ELIZABETH TRESSE, Executrix, THOMAS PUGH, Executor. Likewiſe thoſe that ſtand indebted by bond, note, or book-debt, are deſired to pay forthwith, to prevent further trouble. *December* 19, 1772. ¶

New-Garden Townſhip, Cheſter County, Eleventh-Month 23, 1772.

STOLEN, in the night of the 14th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, on William Miller's land, a black MARE, about 14 hands high, ſhe could pace and trot, branded on the near ſhoulder with an I, and on the near buttock with an L, ſix years old laſt ſpring, ſhe had a ſmall ſaddle mark on her back, and a ſmall ſtar in her forehead. Whoever ſecures the thief, ſo that he be legally convicted thereof, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and TWENTY SHILLINGS for the mare, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, from

¶ JOHN CURLE.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the Fourth Page.*]

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, in the Province of PENNSYLVANIA.

My dear COUNTRYMEN,

THE Time is now arrived when you, who enjoy an inconteſted Birthright to civil and religious Liberty, may, by decent and ſuitable Petitions to your Delegates in Aſſembly, endeavour to obtain a Repeal of our juſtly deteſted EXCISE LAW---a Law, which had its Birth in Darkneſs and Secrecy, impenetrable to the unſuſpicious Eye of public Virtue.

It is moſt certainly a very alarming Conſideration, that whilſt Great-Britain is uſing every Art to deſtroy our Liberties, and in particular aiming a deadly Stroke at our invaluable Right of Trials by Juries, our own Repreſentatives, the only ſecure Bulwark we have againſt arbitrary Power, and its deſtructive Machinations, ſhould impoſe on us an Extenſion of our Exciſe Laws; of all Revenue Laws, the moſt odious and dangerous to a free People.

Can any FREEMAN read, without a virtuous Bluſh of Indignation, the Commiſſion of our ADMIRALTY VICE-ROY, which was publiſhed in the laſt Week's Journal? Or can it be read, without a Diſcovery of its great Reſemblance to our preſent Exciſe Law? They are both calculated to invade private Property, and perſonal Security, by the Eſtabliſhment of inferior petty Juriſdictions, to the Deſtruction of the common Law, and with it, our ſacred Right of Trials by our Peers. Theſe, my Countrymen, are evident and alarming Symptoms of an approaching Decay of our boaſted Liberties, and unleſs you now exert yourſelves, and ſtrive to avert the fatal Conſequences of the Wounds your Conſtitution has received, I may venture to predict, that in a few Years none of you will have it in your Power to ſit in Peace and Safety under your own Vines, and your own Fig Trees.

The preſent Law was formed and brought to Perfection with ſo much *artful Secrecy*, that few of you heard any Thing of it, before its *third Reading*; and this may be offered to the World, as an Apology for your otherwiſe unaccountable Neglect on that Occaſion: But now, no Argument of the leaſt Weight can be offered in your Favour, if you ſhould unfortunately neglect the preſent Opportunity of ſoliciting for a Repeal of it,---your Neglect now will give it a Sanction, and will render it a permanent and indelible Stain upon your own Memories, and an intolerable Grievance to your Poſterity, and your Country.

As Men are never wanting to juſtify the baſeſt and moſt deteſtable Impoſitions in all Countries, and as ſome of you may poſſibly lend a weak Ear to their accurſed Doctrines, I will, for your better Information, give you an Account of the Riſe and Progreſs of the Exciſe in England, by which you may learn, that the Wiſe and Virtuous have always ſteadily oppoſed its Introduction and Extenſion, whilſt the Slaves of arbitrary Power, the vileſt Panders of the moſt tyrannic Reigns, have ſtood alone in Support of it.

"The Experience of former Times ſhews, that the Exciſe Laws "originally, and every Extenſion of them afterwards, have al-"ways met with great Oppoſition from the People of England; "and *have ſometimes occaſioned the Ruin of thoſe Stateſmen, who "have either introduced, or attempted to introduce them.*" The Exciſe was the Darling of the Stuarts; they imported, nurſed, and adopted this favorite Son of Tyranny, and it is to them we are beholden for the Ravages, which this deſtructive Monſter has made of our Liberties.

"The Exciſe was a Project ſent from Italy to King James the Firſt, in the Year 1618, as a compleat Plan of Revenue and Power. He adopted it; but on propoſing it to his Privy Council, was diſſuaded from it. His Succeſſor, Charles the Firſt, took it up, in the Year 1628, and iſſued a Commiſſion of Exciſe accompanied with a *ſecret* Levy of Troops abroad to ſecure its Succeſs; but it was diſcovered by Parliament, oppoſed, and after ſome Struggle (in which the Parliament *voted* all thoſe, who were Friends to that Exciſe, *Enemies to the State, and no true Engliſhmen*) the King was forced to give it up; and they ſoon after impeached the Duke of Buckingham for exciſing them. After the Troubles began, the Parliament itſelf eſtabliſhed an Exciſe by Law, in 1643. It made the People uneaſy; ſo that the Parliament promiſed by the Judges, on their Circuits, in 1645, that it ſhould be taken off, as ſoon as the Urgency of the War was over.---------Soon after the Court of Wards and Liveries was aboliſhed, and the Exciſe was likewiſe reſtrained to Victuallers. Some Attempts were made in the Protectorate, to extend and perpetuate the Exciſe, but they came to nothing.----At the Reſtoration, in 1660, it was propoſed to give the Crown the Exciſe, *reſtrained to Victuallers*, in Lieu of Wards and Liveries, and Knight Service. This, however, was much oppoſed; and it was propoſed, rather to fix and regulate the old Powers of that feudal Court; but *the Court had a Mind to the Exciſe*, and carried it, *though reſtrained*, but by two, *viz.* 149 to 151. In the Courſe of this Bill an artful Attempt was made to extend the Exciſe to private Houſes, under a Pretence of levying a Duty on the Makers of Cyder and Perry; but the Parliament perceived the Snare, and, on the Queſtion, rejected the Propoſal. The Exciſe has ever ſince been confined to TRADERS and VICTUALLERS. Sir Robert Walpole propoſed, *as a Remedy*, to regulate the Powers of Exciſe by an Appeal, but this did not ſatisfy; and having confeſſed the Grievance, by propoſing a Remedy (the oppoſite Party too being ſtrong) he was forced to drop it; and thus it continued till the Scheme of Lord Bute. This was firſt brought in as a Scheme of Supply, without extending the Exciſe, confining the Duty, which was much heavier than what was afterwards fixed by the Act to the Victualler. This the Country Gentlemen did not reliſh, and the Court ſeeming to attend to them, changed the Mode, extended the Exciſe to private Houſes, and lowered the Duty. *The Country Gentlemen, ſeeing the Tax lowered, ſeemed not to regard the Power of the Exciſe till they felt it, and then in vain oppoſed it.*"

One Thing, however, muſt be acknowledged, that the Bill was *hurried* through both Houſes with ſuch remarkable and ſingular Diſpatch, that there was not Time for the Sufferers to petition and remonſtrate againſt it. But the City of London immediately met in Guildhall, and, with a Spirit of Liberty deſerving the higheſt Commendation, unanimouſly determined to preſent Petitions to the three Branches of the Legiſlature againſt a Bill, which they could not but conſider as an Invaſion of the natural Rights and Privileges of their Fellow-ſubjects: And the following Inſtructions from the Lord-Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, were prepared, and preſented to their Repreſentatives: "This Court cannot for-"bear expreſſing to you their Surprize at THE PRECIPITATE "PROGRESS which has been made, in a new Attempt towards a "general Exciſe.

"The Extenſion of Exciſe Laws into private Houſes, whereby "the Subject is made liable to a frequent and arbitrary Viſitation "of Officers, and the judicial Determinations of Commiſſioners, "removable at Pleaſure, is inconſiſtent with thoſe Principles of "Liberty, which have hitherto diſtinguiſhed this Nation from "ARBITRARY GOVERNMENTS.

"An Attack upon the Liberty of the Subject, made ſo immediately after a glorious and ſucceſsful War, and at a Time when "we had juſt Reaſon to expect to enjoy the Bleſſings of Peace, "demands your ſerious Attention.

"And this Court doth remark, that whatever may be the Ne-"ceſſity of the Times, the Smallneſs of the Sum indicates, *that "cannot be the only Motive to ſo extraordinary a Meaſure.*

"For theſe Reaſons, this Court doth moſt earneſtly recommend "your conſtant Attendance in Parliament, and utmoſt Endeavours "to oppoſe every Enlargement and Extenſion of the Powers of "Exciſe; and *that you do not conceal from the Public any ſuch At-"tempt*, nor ſuffer yourſelves to be amuſed by any plauſible Alte-"ration in the Bill, ſubjecting the Makers of Cyder and Perry to "Exciſe Laws."

One would almoſt imagine, there had been ſomething in this virtuous Inſtruction of the City of London prophetic of the *artful Deſigns*, which have been ſo evident in the Tranſaction of laſt JANUARY; or, at leaſt, that this Inſtruction had been read by *ſome Perſons*, who have taken Care to put the very reverſe of it in Practice.

A very daring Attempt has likewiſe been made in New-Jerſey, to introduce there this Monſter of Oppreſſion; but the Attempt was vain. The diſintereſted Inhabitants of that Province diſdained the gilded Bait, prudently conſidering that, altho' their Province was deſtitute of a Fund for the decent Support of Government, it were better to ſuffer any Inconvenience through that Want, than *to fill their Treaſury, at the Expence of every Thing that was valuable amongſt Men.* It may, in all Probability, be renewed again, eſpecially if you, the boaſted Sons of Liberty and your Country, bear patiently the galling Yoke.----But I hope their late Conduct, not your imprudent Example, will prove a Line of public Duty to both Provinces.

The Inhabitants of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay had the Hardineſs, like yourſelves, to taſte the Sweets of exciſed Articles: But Experience ſoon convinced them it was a dangerous Project, and their good Senſe and public Spirit induced them to lay this Mode of Taxation aſide.

The Abettors of Exciſe have always been forced to acknowledge, that it is a GRIEVOUS MODE OF TAXATION; but they ſay it is ELIGIBLE, becauſe the beſt and moſt effectual for the Increaſe of the Revenue. Thus Stateſmen ſet at nought the Rights and Privileges of their Countrymen, when they want Money to proſecute, in the Name of the Public, *any private Scheme or Undertaking.*

There is in the preſent Exciſe Law a Clauſe, which cannot be equalled by any Law in this or any other free Country, for Plenitude of Power, and Severity of Execution; "And for the bet-"ter diſcovering of Frauds, &c. it ſhall and may be lawful for "any Juſtice of the Peace, within this Province, upon Applica-"tion to him made by any of the Collectors aforeſaid, to ſummon "any Perſon or Perſons to appear before him, at ſuch Time and "Place as he ſhall appoint, to give Evidence, upon Oath or Af-"firmation, for the Diſcovery of Frauds and Abuſes againſt this "Act. And if any Perſon or Perſons ſo ſummoned ſhall neglect "or refuſe to appear, and give Evidence as aforeſaid, it ſhall and "may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice to iſſue his Warrant for "apprehending ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſo offending, and bringing "him or them before him, and thereupon to *commit ſuch Offender "or Offenders to the Goal of the County*, WHERE HE SHALL RE-"MAIN, WITHOUT BAIL OR MAINPRIZE, UNTIL HE "SHALL CONSENT TO BE EXAMINED, AND GIVE EVI-"DENCE AS THIS ACT DIRECTS."

Thus, my Countrymen, you live at the Mercy of a ſingle Magiſtrate, ſet on by the Suſpicions of an intereſted Exciſeman; who may ſummon you to attend his all-powerful TRIBUNAL, to anſwer Interrogatories on Oath, to impeach yourſelves, your Friends, your neareſt and deareſt Relations. Surely the Authors of this Law muſt have ſuppoſed themſelves in TURKEY, forging Chains for the abject Vaſſals of that bloody Court, when they penned the black, the deadly Sentence. It never could be intended for this Region of civil and religious Liberty! though indeed the *Violation of your private Dwellings, the Encouragement of Curruption and Perjury, the Diſſolution of the moſt ſacred Ties of Friendſhip, and the obliging you to accuſe yourſelves, ſeem to be favorite Ideas in that Law.*----For as to the Exigences of Government, a more eaſy and ſafe Method lay open for that Purpoſe, which would not have been attended with one Half the Trouble and Expence, and have ſaved all that Load of Complaint occaſioned by the Exciſe.

"Hiſtory is Philoſophy teaching by Example," ſo that if you are deſirous of profiting by the Experience of others, you need only look into the Annals of Europe, and you will find ſufficient Cauſe to put you on your Guard againſt the Extenſion of Exciſe in this Province.

Let me then beſeech you, my dear Countrymen, to lay this Matter to Heart.---If you do not approve, and I truſt you cannot, theſe alarming Violations of your Liberty and Property, prepare without Delay Inſtructions to your reſpective Delegates, and humble Petitions to your Honourable Aſſembly, beſeeching them, to take theſe Matters into immediate Conſideration, and to RELIEVE yourſelves, your Poſterity, and your Country, from EXCISE, *the moſt cruel, moſt galling Badge of Slavery, that can be impoſed on any Country.*

Philadelphia, December 18, 1772.

LONDON October 1.

A Spirited memorial is ſaid to be preparing, in order to be ſent to the Court of Madrid, in favour of the Britiſh ſeamen, who have unfortunately fallen into the hands of the Spaniſh Guarda Coaſtas in the Weſt-Indies. It is affirmed, that there is now ſome hundreds of thoſe brave fellows in the ſeveral priſons of the Havanna, St. Domingo, La Vera Cruz, &c. who are more cruelly treated than thoſe who fell into the hands of the Turks; that, contrary to the law of nations, they are employed in the moſt ſlaviſh drudgeries; and, if even the officers refuſe to perform the taſks allotted them, they are unmercifully puniſhed.

The many field preachers of late about this metropolis, we hear, is a matter that has been taken under conſideration by government, at the deſire of ſome very great divines, who have given ſufficient reaſons, that they are of dangerous tendency to the eſtabliſhed church. The reſult of theſe conſiderations, it is ſaid, will be a piece of buſineſs for Parliament the enſuing winter.

Some Letters from Liſbon mention, that one of the Judges, who pronounced ſentence upon the conſpirators againſt the life of his Portugueſe Majeſty, was maſſacred in his own houſe the 4th ult. together with his wife, children, and three ſervants.

Among other objects of importance, which the new Ambaſſador, Lord Stormont, has in charge at the Court of Verſailles, is an agreement on our part to lower the duty on French wines, provided France on her part conſents to take our hardware; a treaty, which has been long talked of, and is ſuppoſed to be very advantageous to both kingdoms.

The affair of lopping off the rotten boroughs from a power of electing members to ſerve in parliament, and granting repreſentatives to principal towns, was lately mentioned in the cabinet; but Lord North declared, that however deſirous ſuch a circumſtance might be, there was too much buſineſs at preſent on the hands of government, to allow of any attempts at improving the form of our conſtitution. [*Has this matter any relation to the form of our conſtitution?*]

A certain member of St. Stephen's Chapel is framing a bill, in order to enforce the reſidence of the clergy, and that the ſame may be grounded on ſtrict juſtice, and productive of the greater utility, the Biſhops will be obliged to reſide within their dioceſes for full nine months in every year, under the penalty of 500l.

Oct. 3. Letters from Riga, dated Sept. 22, ſay, "that a revolution had lately happened at Courland, and that the Duke de Biron was obliged to retire. The particulars of which are ſtill unknown, but it is the general cauſe, and the People in every country begin now to open their eyes, and will no longer bear the yoke of arbitrary power."

Yeſterday Sir Stephen Theodore Janſſen, Bart. Chamberlain of this city, polled for the Aldermen Wilkes and Townſhend; after which he delivered into the hands of Mr. Lewis a paper, containing the following words: *I never will give my* Poll *on the ſide eſpouſed by* Miniſters, *who have dared to adviſe his Majeſty to pardon* Murder *and B--------Y.*

Since the above, the following has appeared:---*The Friends of Sir Stephen Theodore Janſſen preſent their compliments to the worthy Liverymen of London, and beg that the ridiculous paper, which he yeſterday delivered to Mr. Sheriff Lewis, may not prejudice him in their opinion, as his great age, joined to his perſonal infirmities, has materially impaired his judgment.*

Oct. 6. So much was the heart of a certain Great Perſonage in the late election, that is is ſaid meſſengers were diſpatched every half hour, with an account of the ſtate of the poll.

"The preſent century (ſays a writer in one of the papers) may very juſtly be ſtiled the age of revolutions; in which the Empreſs of Ruſſia took the lead. The next perſon in this crown dance, is Lewis XV. and he, good man, firſt baniſhed all the Jeſuits out of his kingdom, and then baniſhed all the Parliaments out of Paris to the ſame tune. Not to be behind hand with this Roman Catholick King, the Proteſtant King of Denmark baniſhed his own dear wife; and, to convince the world of the great benefits naturally reſulting from petticoat government, put the political reins into the hands of his ſtep-mother. This young man's neighbour, Guſtavus, King of Sweden, perceiving with what facility revolutions are now a days effected, thought it very pretty to be an abſolute Monarch, ſo he abſolved himſelf of his coronation oath, diſſolved his Parliament, and told them, that, if he ſhould think proper, he would call them together in ſix Years. The young Emperor of Germany could not ſee all this fine ſport going on, as a mere ſpectator; therefore, not to be entirely idle, he ſends an army of 60,000 men into Poland, and appropriates to himſelf one fourth part of that Kingdom, an earneſt of one day monopolizing the whole. But of all the Royal Revolutioniſts of the preſent age, commend me to that excellent Logician the King of Pruſſia; by a new mode of reaſoning, far ſuperior to that of the ſchools, he fairly proves, that Royal Pruſſia and Great Poland belonged to the houſe of Brandenbourg long before that houſe exiſted; and therefore it is but right it ſhould belong to that houſe, now it actually does exiſt."

By advices from Spain we learn, that at the enrolment of perſons, fitly qualified to ſerve on board his Catholic Majeſty's ſhips of war, the number amounted to 22,000, beſides thoſe in actual ſervice. More than one half of theſe regiſtered ſeamen can be brought to their places of rendezvous in leſs than a fortnight, and the remainder within three months. By the above advices we likewiſe hear, that the King of Spain has lately given orders for taking a liſt of all the foreigners ſettled in his dominions. The intention of this order, it is ſaid, is to prevent the natives from aſſuming the quality of foreigners, in order to enjoy certain privileges granted by treaty.

Letters from Madrid ſay, that the Prince Maſſerano, who lately reſided here as Ambaſſador from that court, is likely to be called to an account, for giving up to the Britiſh court ſome particular points, with regard to the prior right to Falkland's Iſland. The ſame letters ſay, that the greateſt preparations are making for war, that were ever known in that kingdom; and that their naval force is much ſtronger than ever it was before, having been augmenting of it ever ſince the concluſion of the laſt war.

Letters from Gibraltar ſay, that a very powerful fleet of men of war, conſiſting of Spaniſh and Portugal ſhips, are arrived in the Mediterranean, but for what intent is not known.

Oct. 10. Letters by the foreign mails yeſterday declare, that a body of 40,000 Pruſſians were in full march for Hamburgh, which ſeems to indicate, that city will not long continue under its preſent form of government.

An experiment has been made of the New Steering-Wheel, invented by Lieut. Savage, on board his Majeſty's ſhip Fowey, in the Paſſage from Plymouth to Boſton, in North-America, which is found to ſteer with eaſe and ſafety, and allowed, by ſeveral officers of the Navy, and other eminent mechanics, who have examined it, to be a moſt uſeful and a very ingenious invention.

The Jail diſtemper is univerſal in Newgate, and it is ſaid that the priſoners are daily dying.

Mr. Smith, the foreman, and two or three others of the Jury, at the laſt Seſſions at the Old Bailey, died a few days ſince at Fulham, of the Jail diſtemper, and three others are given over.

Yeſterday, after a Scrutiny was demanded againſt the Aldermen Wilkes and Townſend, Mr. Piper addreſſed himſelf to the Gentlemen of the Livery as follows:

Gentlemen of the Livery,

"The Miniſtry, and their proteſting Tools, have echo'd through-"out the whole Kingdom, that the Patriots and Friends to Li-"berty are the Diſturbers of the public Tranquility, and thoſe "Miniſterial Gentry declare, if it coſts 100,000l. they are deter-"mined to go through with the Scrutiny, therefore he ſubmitted "to their Conſideration, which Party juſtly deſerved that odious "Appellation."

"Meſſ. Aldermen Halifax and Shakeſpear having, upon the moſt frivolous and ill-grounded Pretences, demanded againſt Meſſ. Aldermen Wilkes and Townſend, a Scrutiny of the Poll for Lord Mayor of this City for the Year enſuing, manifeſtly calculated for the Purpoſes of putting this City into the moſt alarming Diſorder and Confuſion, of creating and fomenting amongſt its Inhabitants unhappy Feuds, Bickerings and Animoſities, and of wantonly and vexatiouſly loading the Friends of Meſſ. Wilkes and Townſend with a moſt heavy, cruel and enormous Expence: It is therefore earneſtly requeſted and recommended to you, by the Committee appointed to conduct the ſame on their Behalf, that you do uſe your utmoſt and moſt ſpeedy Endeavours to detect and find out every legal Cauſe of Diſqualification to any of the Voters who polled for Meſſ. Halifax and Shakeſpear."

Oct. 12. *It is ſaid, that his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople, has ſolicited to be recalled, on Account of having received ſome Marks of Diſreſpect from the Superior Officers of the Turkiſh Divan.*

Extract of a Letter from an Officer in the Eaſt-Indies, to his Friend in Town, dated Trichinopoly, March 8, 1772.

"*We marched from off theſe plains the 12th of September, 1771, with about* 10,000 *fighting men, European and Seapoys, beſides many of the Nabob's rabble. We marched in two lines by the right, and in ſix days came before Vellum, a ſtrong fort belonging to the King of Tanjour. The General ſummoned the fort to ſurrender, which the enemy refuſed; and the next day we took poſſeſſion of their Petta, being the outſkirts of the garriſon. The day following the King of Tanjour's horſe, about* 6000, *ſtormed our camp, to no purpoſe, as every man who rode in forgot ever to return. We took advantage of this ſucceſs to carry on our approaches; but as ſoon as we opened a battery of ſix* 18, *and four* 24 *pounders, they evacuated the garriſon. After garriſoning this fort, we marched on to Tanjour; the march is but ſmall, as the difference is but four Malabar miles, equal to ſeven of ours. The* 26th *of September we took poſſeſſion of their Petta, without any reſiſtance. We broke ground the* 29th, *and erected an* 8 *gun battery, conſiſting of* 18 *and* 24 *pounders. The* 30th, *the enemy ſtormed it, took it, and burned all the baſtions and gabions, before we could get in our guns. The next day there was ordered a covering party, with a battalion of Seapoys, who retook the ground, raiſed a battery a ſecond time, got in the guns, and began to knock off the defences of the walls.*

"*The* 1ſt *of October the General got an account of their whole force being in motion, he therefore gave orders to have one field officer (which was Major Vaughan) and a brigade of guns, which I had the honour to command, to march down immediately to the relief of the trenches, which we accordingly did. At two o' clock in the morning, at day break, we diſcovered the enemy drawn up, rather irregular, conſiſting of about* 6000 *horſe, Seapoys and Colleries, the whole amounting to about* 13,000. *We had no more at this time but about* 1000 *Seapoys, and* 150 *Europeans. About ten o' clock they began the attack upon our left, very deſperate, as it was their laſt puſh. The Major, not thinking our force ſufficient, ſent expreſs to camp for the grenadiers, who did not arrive until one o' clock. I was poſted on the right of the whole, where I kept up a continual fire from ten o' clock till twelve, when the whole body of horſe made a charge on the right, as I ſuppoſed, to take the guns from my poſt. They were fortunately for me diſappointed, as moſt of us were cut to pieces. I was by this time under the neceſſity of working the guns myſelf, as I had but* 4 *men left, out of* 14, *to two guns.*

"*The Killidare's ſon, Madar Cown, who perhaps was one of the braveſt men that ever exiſted, rode up full gallop to the very gun I was at; ſo that the man, who was ramming home the charge, could ſcarce get off from his horſe's trampling him: However, as luck would have it, my ſhot took place, and he fell between my two guns, having an entire round of grape ſhot in his body, at three yards diſtance. The reſt of his troops, on ſeeing him fall, took to the right about, and rallied. Juſt as they had formed, the grenadiers company came up, which critically ſaved us, as their reinforcement compleated our victory.*

"*After this we carried our approaches to the creſt of the glacis, and opened our ſap battery; but the day after we had compleated the breach, the Nabob and Raji came to terms. This is the whole of the tranſaction with the King of Tanjour. There is now a very ſtrong report of a war with the Morattoes; but the grounds for this report I am at preſent ignorant of.*"

It is now aſſerted, that the bakers refuſed to buy the American flour, alledging, that it would not make bread white enough for their London cuſtomers; this is the conſequence of the Chief Magiſtrate's not publiſhing an order for baking of ſecond bread; or if they wiſhed well to the poor labourers, they would offer a

premium to induce ſome honeſt baker to adopt a meaſure, which muſt inevitably prove of great utility; the American flour was ſhipped off for Briſtol, and it will be acceptable to many perſons, to know what uſe it is applied to there.

The following is the true political ſtate of Europe, as it ſtands at preſent.

On the one Side,	On the other,
France,	Ruſſia,
Spain,	Denmark,
Sweden,	The Empire,
Sardinia,	Hungary,
The Ottoman Porte,	Pruſſia,
	The Sicilies, &c.

Neutrals,

Great-Britain------Portugal------The Dutch.

We are informed by a reſpectable correſpondent, that the political creed now in force at St. James's, and which has been recommended from the Council, is, "To keep free from the preſent dreadful commotions in Europe while we can keep free from them."

Oct. 13. What renders the Scrutiny ſo very odious is this Circumſtance.---Every Perſon, who has at any Time accepted of Charity, however affluent his Fortune may now be, is diſqualified. Now many Men, who are at preſent very rich and independent, may have received Aſſiſtance from Companies and other Bodies of Men, but they are not very fond of having this Anecdote made known to all the World.

The Circumſtance of the Scrutiny has, it is certain, given great Diſguſt to all the ſenſible and reflecting Part of the Livery, inſomuch that there is the greateſt Reaſon in the World to believe, that if there was to be a new Poll, Mr. Wilkes would have Ten Votes where he has now but One.

Mr. Wilkes has always throve by Oppoſition. Had not the Miniſtry exerted themſelves to fruſtrate his Election in the City and in Middleſex, he might have perhaps paſſed without Notice; for, notwithſtanding his Merit, as a Thorn in the Side of the Miniſtry, the People were not ſo much influenced by that Circumſtance, as by the Spirit of Oppoſition, which from long Practice has become a Habit, and is in fact the laſt Anchor of the Conſtitution.

It is ſaid, that the ſcrutiny will coſt 5000l. which expence muſt be paid by the loſing candidates.

On Sunday an expreſs arrived from Peterſburgh, and, we hear, brings a confirmation of a revolution which lately happened there, and thedepoſing the Empreſs. It is further ſaid, it was brought about by the French, who were jealous of her growing greatneſs, and ſaw that ſhe was no friend to their intereſt, but ſhewed the greateſt regard to the Engliſh. On the contrary,

We can aſſure our readers, upon the beſt authority, that the letters from Peterſburgh, which arrived yeſterday by the foreign mails, make not any mention of the revolution, which, it is reported, has lately happened there.

It is a fact, that ſeveral public ſocieties have already ſent handſome ſubſcriptions to the committee at the Paul's Head, towards defraying the expence of the ſcrutiny, which the patriotic party are determined to carry through with the utmoſt vigour.

We hear that the Rev. Dr. Wilſon has ſubſcribed 100l. towards the expence of the ſcrutiny.

From Warſaw we learn, that on Sunday, the 20th of September, the Ambaſſadors from the Court of Berlin, Vienna, and Peterſburgh, notified to the King, and his Miniſters, from their ſeveral Sovereigns, the claims, in virtue of which they have taken poſſeſſion of certain territories in that kingdom; they alſo demanded, that a Dyet ſhould be convoked for the purpoſe of recognizing the above claims. The King declared, that he would not ſet his hand to any thing on that ſubject, and that, under the preſent circumſtances of affairs, no Dyet could poſſibly be held. The manifeſto of the Empreſs of Ruſſia (with neither date, nor the name of the place where it was publiſhed) does not mention what parts of Poland ſhe lays claim to; but it is juſt now reported, that ſhe will take poſſeſſion of the Palatinates of Polocks, Witepſk, and Meiſlaw, which together form near one third of the Duchy of Lithuania.

The friends of freedom at the Paul's Head tavern may boaſt of the beſt piece of Generalſhip, that has ever been tranſacted at any election. They ſubſcribed one guinea each, to the amount of 500, for tavern expences, and, by examining the ſtate of the poll daily, a party went always out ſoliciting the unpolled Livery, whilſt the others were backing their endeavours by wagers, which made them all principals; whereby, it is ſuppoſed, beſides carrying the election, they have cleared more money than will pay the expence of the ſcrutiny.

The plan of operation, laid down by the Miniſterial party, on occaſion of the late election, is as follows:----They will object to ſuch a number of voters on the popular ſide as would, if their objections were admitted, turn the ſcale in their favour; and, on a refuſal from the other party to admit ſuch objections, they will carry the affair into the Court of King's Bench, where it may remain for ſome months, during which time Mr. Naſh will act as *Locum Tenens*.

Our wretched Miniſters, and their more wretched tools, are determined, by every means in their power, to make Mr. Wilkes ſtill more popular than ever.---It is ſuppoſed, that the late demand of a ſcrutiny has gained him a thouſand additional friends.

We are aſſured, by a perſon who took the poll, that the ſcrutiny will turn out to Mr. Wilkes's advantage, his voters, on the whole, being plain, decent men; while the Court candidates, amidſt a few rich, polled the very ragged alſo.

BOSTON, *December* 14.

We hear, that a Man of War arrived at New-York laſt Week, after a long Paſſage from England; and, on Thurſday Evening laſt, an Expreſs arrived in Town, with Diſpatches for Admiral Montagu, ſince which one or two of his Majeſty's Ships in our Harbour have been fitting out, which, we hear, are deſtined for Rhode-Iſland; and that the Admiral is to hoiſt his Flag on board one of the Men of War, and proceed himſelf for that Place, in Conſequence of ſome important Diſpatches from England.

We hear, that a ſpecial Court of Vice-Admiralty, under the Royal Commiſſion, for the Trial of Piracies, Murders, &c. committed upon the High Seas, will be held at the Court-houſe in Boſton, on Wedneſday, the 16th of this Month, for the Trial of Anſell Nickerſon, the Priſoner now in his Majeſty's Goal, charged with the Murder of four Perſons, on their Paſſage from Boſton to Cape-Cod, as mentioned in the late Papers.

The Julius Cæſar Tender, with Volunteer Seamen for his Majeſty's Ships at Plymouth, was loſt in Briſtol Channel the 8th of October, and 30 Men were drowned.

PHILADELPHIA, *December* 23.

Captain Martin, from Liſbon, on the 6th Inſtant, in Lat. 37: 12, Long. 69: 40, ſpoke the Ship Dorothy, from Glaſgow for Virginia, out 82 Days, all well, but the Wind blowing very hard, he could not learn the Maſter's Name.

Captain May, from St. Croix, on the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 28, Long. 71, ſpoke a Brig, from Glaſgow for North-Carolina, out 6 Weeks, but could not learn further Particulars; 7th, in Lat. 28: 30, Long. 73: 30, ſpoke the Schooner Suſanna, Captain Green, from this Port for New-Providence, out 5 Days; and on the 10th, in Lat. 33: 40, Long. 74, he ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Eves, from St. Martins for North-Carolina, out 24 Days.

By Captain May we learn, that the Ship Fame, Captain White, of this Port, which was drove aſhore at St. Croix, in the late Hurricane, was got off the 20th of laſt Month, without any Damage.

The Schooner Charming Nancy, Captain Hand, from St. Croix for this Port, foundered in Lat. 31, Long. 69; the Captain and Crew, after being 48 Hours in their Boat, were taken up by Capt. Hyndman, bound to Virginia from Glaſgow, who landed them at Cape-Charles.

Arrived from Philadelphia. Captain Caſſon, at Liſbon; Captain Munet, at St. Chriſtophers; and the Captains Geniell, and Roſs, at St. Croix.

MARRIED. DAVID RITTENHOUSE, A. M. to Miſs HANNAH JACOBS.----Mr. JACOB HOWELL, to Miſs POLLY CARMALT.

On the 18th Inſtant, to the great Affliction of her Relations and Friends, departed this Life, in the 56th Year of her Age, PATIENCE EASTON, late of Newport, in Rhode-Iſland. She was a Woman of a ſweet and amiable Diſpoſition, poſſeſſing many good Qualities, that made her Life agreeable to herſelf, and to all her Acquaintance: The Evidence of an upright Conſcience ſupported her in the Cloſe of her Days, and gave her a Foretaſte of eternal Happineſs in Heaven, where ſanctified Spirits are ſinging Praiſes together, and the Sons of God are ſhouting with inconceivable Joy.

Saturday laſt died, aged 78 Years, Mrs. ELIZABETH STEVENS, a valuable Member of the Society of Friends.

On Sunday Morning, at Six o' Clock, died here, Dr. RICHARD BOND, aged 22 Years, after a long and painful Diſeaſe, which he bore with manly Fortitude, and mild Reſignation.------From the Greatneſs of his Genius, and his cloſe Application, it was evident that he would have ſhone, with diſtinguiſhed Luſtre, in the difficult and important Profeſſion he had undertaken.------He was benevolent, affable, polite, and felt, with nice Senſibility, all the gentleſt Emotions of the human Heart.------Theſe amiable Qualities endeared him much to every Perſon, with whom he was connected, but moſt to his Parents: In them they ſtrengthened the Bonds of natural Affection during his Life, and multiplied each Source of Grief in the ſolemn Moments of his Diſſolution.------

O Thou! whoſe Diſpenſations all adore,
Dry up the Tears thy Goodneſs taught to flow;
By Thee was ſent that Son they now deplore,
And Thou, great Parent, know'ſt a Parent's Woe.

His Remains were Yeſterday interred in Chriſt-Church Burying-ground, attended by the moſt reſpectable Inhabitants of this City.

Friday laſt Joſeph Marſhall, a Sailor Lad, was committed to our Goal, on Suſpicion of robbing the Houſe of Mrs. Ann Gibbs, of this City, of 150l. We hear about 50l. of the Money was found on him when taken.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Nancy, J. Bernard, from Piſcataqua. Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, and Schooner Mulberry, S. Cawley, Virginia. Schooner Polly, J. Greely, Boſton. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, and Sloop Abigail, N. Weſt, Rh. Iſland. Sloop Patowmack, G. Rowe, Maryland. Brig New Speedwell, R. Wilſon, Honduras. Brig Nancy, W. Hawkins, Barbados. Ship George, S. Martin, Liſbon. Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, from St. Euſtatia.

OUTWARDS. *Brig Dove, W. Allen, for Barbados. Ship Sally, J. Oſman, S. Carolina. Ship Neſbit, J. Green, and Ship Hope, G. Johnſton, Liſbon. Ship Warwick, C. Smith, Hiſpaniola. Sloop Charlotte, J. Lockton, St. Euſtatia. Sloop Abigail, N. Weſt, Rh. Iſland. Sloop Polly, J. Greely, Boſton. Schooner Britannia, A. Tappan, for Newbury, N. E.*

CLEARED. *Ship Mercury, J. Steel, to Barbados. Brig Lovely Laſs, D. Kennicut, Brig Delaware, E. Bingley, and Schooner King Tamony, J. Allen, Jamaica. Schooner Hetty, S. Benezet, and Ship Catherine, R. Torrans, Hiſpaniola. Ship Cheſter, J. Anderſon, Gibralter. Ship Crawford, C. Thompſon, Cadiz. Sloop Betſey, V. Wightman, Rh. Iſland. Sloop Speedwell, J. Ardis, Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, and Sloop Rachel, W. Underhill, Virginia. Ship Arundel, W. Manſon, and Brig Peggy, P. Brown, Leghorn. Brig Charming Sally, J. Brown, N. Carolina. Sloop Kingſton, J. Smith, and Brig Chance, J. Craig, Grenades. Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, S. Carolina. Schooner Delaware, B. Goodhue, Salem, N. E. Schooner Friends Adventure, R. Follett, Piſcataqua. Sloop Ruſſell, N. Martin, Maryland. Sloop Succeſs, C. Alexander, St. Vincents. Sloop Peggy, J. Barry, to St. Euſtatia.*

Philadelphia, December 21, 1772.

TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD

WILL be paid, by the WARDENS of the CITY (on Conviction of the Offenders) for Diſcovery of the Perſon or Perſons, who, on Saturday Night laſt, between the Hours of *Ten* and *Eleven*, took away one of the PUBLIC LAMPS, which was fixed in Fourth-ſtreet, between High and Cheſtnut-ſtreets.

The repeated Inſults the City has lately received, dy damaging and taking away the *Public Lamps*, will doubtleſs be properly reſented by the *Inhabitants*; and the WARDENS requeſt the Aſſiſtance of their Fellow-citizens, in order to a Diſcovery of the Perpetrators of thoſe infamous Practices, that a Check may be put to a *growing* Evil, of the moſt dangerous Tendency.

Philadelphia, December 23, 1772.

TO-MORROW, the 24th Inſtant, at Nine o' Clock,

At FOOTMAN and JEYES's Vendue-ſtore, the upper End of Second-ſtreet,

WILL begin the Sale of a large Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the Seaſon; among which are, broadcloths, in pieces and patterns; bearſkins and naps; Bath coatings; fine foreſt cloths; white and red flannels; blue and red duffils; half-thicks and plains; ſhaloons, durants, and tammies; worſted prunels and ſtarrets; brown buckrams; mens and womens worſted hoſe; velverets; worſted mitts; white and brown ſheeting; dowlas and ſileſias; muſlin handkerchiefs; calimancoes and laſtings; Iriſh poplins; new ſilk and lungee romal handkerchiefs, cotton romal ditto, Barcelona and culgee ditto; 6qr. and 7qr. bed bunts; Flanders and Engliſh tick; 6qr. humhums; quadruple ſileſias; Holland whited long lawns; cambricks and lawns; clouting diapers; hempen and curled Ruſſia; China blue handkerchiefs, check ditto; imperial and ferret laces; linen and cotton checks; Iriſh linens, &c. &c. ‖1w

Philadelphia, Twelfth-Month 23, 1772.

To be LET,

THE WHITE-HORSE INN, in Market-ſtreet, now in the Tenure of Jonathan Cowpland. Enquire of

§ JACOB SHOEMAKER.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JEREMIAH ELFRETH, late of this City, deceaſed, are requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment; and all thoſe having any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to bring them in, that they may be ſettled, by ROBERT DAWSON, and BARNABY BARNES, Executors. § 6 W.

DOCTOR GEORGE WEED

BEGS leave to inform the PUBLIC, that he was a regular bred Phyſician, in New-England, and ſerved his time with Ephraim Wooner, a licenced Doctor, who was one of the greateſt and moſt ſucceſsful Practitioners of Phyſic in Connecticut, in New-England, in his day; and ſince that he has had above 34 years ſucceſsful practice, in which time he has diſcovered, and brought to perfection, ſome medicines, which have proved extraordinary in curing many diſeaſes, viz.

A SYRUP AND POWDER, to cure the bloody-flux, and all ſorts of fluxes.

A SYRUP OF BALSAM, to cure all ſorts of coughs and colds.

ROYAL BALSAM, to cure wounds and bruiſes, and all ſorts of ſores.

BITTER TINCTURE, to ſtrengthen a weak ſtomach, help digeſtion, and cure a dizzineſs in the head.

ESSENCE OF TAR, to cure pleuriſies, fevers, ſprains, bruiſes, and many other diſorders, with directions how to uſe it; with its particular virtues, and certificates of cures, &c.

He has to ſell good Florence oil, by the flaſk; camphire; and a general aſſortment of MEDICINES.

The above prepared and ſold by GEORGE WEED, late Apothecary to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, but now lives in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe.

*** *That* Doctor GEORGE WEED, *living in Newtown townſhip, was under the Inſtructions and Directions of a judicious Practitioner of Phyſic, in New-England, for ſome Years, is certified by me Oct.* 6, 1753. THOMAS LEWIS, V. D. M.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Solebury, the Sixth Day of Twelfth-Month, 1772, a RED HEIFER, appears to be two years old laſt ſpring, marked with a halfpenny out of the under ſide of the near ear. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. JOSHUA ELY, junior. ‡

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING, will be preſented, A COMEDY, called

THE SUSPICIOUS HUSBAND.

Ranger, by Mr. HALLAM,
Mr. Strickland, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Frankly, by Mr. HENRY,
Bellamy, by Mr. PARKER,
Jack Meggot by Mr. WALL,
Teſter, by Mr. MORRIS,
Buckle, by Mr. WOOLLS,
Simon, by Mr. JOHNSON,
Mrs. Strickland, by Mrs. HENRY,
Jacintha, by Mrs. MORRIS,
Lucetta, by Miſs RICHARDSON,
Milliner, by Miſs STORER,
Landlady, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Maid, by Mrs. WALL,
Clarinda, by Miſs HALLAM.

To conclude with a COUNTRY DANCE *by the Characters.*

To which will be ADDED,

A MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT, called

THOMAS AND SALLY;
OR, THE
SAILOR's RETURN.

The Squire, by Mr. WOOLLS,
The Sailor, by Mr. HENRY,
Dorcas, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Sally, by Miſs HALLAM.

The Doors to be opened at Four, and the Play to begin exactly at Six o' Clock.---No Perſon, on any Account whatſoever, can poſſibly be admitted behind the Scenes.---Places in the Boxes may be taken at the Theatre.---Ladies and Gentlemen will pleaſe to ſend their Servants at Four o' Clock.----TICKETS, without which no Perſon can be admitted, are ſold at the Bar of the Coffee-houſe.

BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

THOMAS HARTLEY, from LONDON,

Living in Front-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

MAKES ladies STAYS, of all ſorts, to the greateſt perfection and elegance of ſhape, which, when fitted, will fit eaſy, and diſguiſe a ſhape not entirely ſo. Orders from the country, and from Captains of veſſels, on the ſhorteſt notice, will be punctually ſupplied; and the ladies may depend on his utmoſt endeavours to pleaſe them in the neateſt manner, and on the moſt reaſonable terms. §

TO BE SOLD,

A MERCHANT-MILL, in Potts-town, on an extraordinary ſtream of water, 37 miles from Philadelphia, on the great Manatawny road. There are few mills better ſituated, either for wheat, or an eaſy conveyance of flour to market, down the river Schuylkill, generally from February till May in the ſpring, and frequently in the ſummer and fall. The mill is large, and built of ſtone, has two water wheels, and three pair of ſtones, one pair of burrs, one pair of Cologne, and the other pair of country ſtones, is capable of making 4000 barrels of flour yearly, beſides country work, which is conſiderable. There are about 10 acres of meadow, 6 of which are made, a good ſaw-mill, cooper's ſhop, and ſtables, belonging to the premiſes. The purchaſer, on paying one half of the money down, may have time for the remainder, on paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity. For further information, apply to the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia. DAVID POTTS. ‖6w.

Northampton, Bucks County, December 17, 1772.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

on the ſecond day of January next, at the dwelling-houſe of the ſubſcriber, in the townſhip aforeſaid,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, or TRACT of LAND; bounded by land of Phineas Paxton, John Shaw, Thomas Worthington, and others; containing 150 acres in the whole, which may be divided into lots, to ſuit the purchaſers, about 6 acres of good meadow, 20 of woodland, well timbered, the remaining 124 acres are cleared, and the whole is under good fence; alſo a ſtone dwelling-houſe, a frame barn, and ſtables, &c. &c. The ſale to begin at ten o' clock in the forenoon, on the premiſes; where due attendance will be given, and the terms of ſale made known, by

¶ JOSEPH ADDIS.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Mill-creek Hundred, New-Caſtle County, an Iriſh ſervant MAN, named JAMES ADAMS; he is about 5 feet 7 inches high, has a ſwarthy complexion, full face, wide mouth, and grey eyes, with an uncommon white in them when he particularly looks at any object; had on, when he went away, a cloth coloured outſide jacket, with broad metal buttons, breeches of the ſame, an under jacket, of ſtriped worſted, much worn, black ſheep's wool ſtockings, a pair of ſhoes, almoſt new, a half-worn felt hat, bound round the edge with black binding, and an old coarſe ſhirt; he is knock-kneed, and very active in handling his knife and fork; he pretends a great deal to religion. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, may have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN JAMES. *December* 17. §

Cheſter County, Twelfth-Month 14, 1772.

WAS taken away (ſuppoſed in a miſtake) on the 25th or 26th of laſt month, from the houſe of David Cowpland, Innkeeper, in Cheſter, a plain, light coloured, double-milled broadcloth GREAT COAT, of a large ſize, no cape on it, with two pockets in the inſide, in one of them was a cap, made of light coloured jean or fuſtian, with three buttons and holes; the perſon, who has it in poſſeſſion, is deſired to return it to the ſubſcriber, or to ſaid David Cowpland; but, if the coat be ſtolen, any perſon ſecuring it, ſo that the owner may have it again, and the thief, that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, or for the coat only TWO DOLLARS, paid by THOMAS PIM. §

N. B. There was an old plain coat left at ſaid Cowpland's.

December 4, 1772.

RUN away, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living near Charles-Town, Cæcil County, a ſervant man, named THOMAS SALTER, *country born, about 6 feet high, about 42 years of age, has a ſcar on his eye-lid; had on, when he went away, an old hat, an aſh-coloured boy's great coat, the button-holes bound with white cloth, with white metal buttons, a blue cloth jacket, a ſtriped linſey ditto, with blue ſtocking ſleeves, an aſh-coloured great coat, without buttons, old brown woollen trowſers, and old ſtriped ditto, new ſhoes, and blue grey ſtockings. Took with him a black Mare, her mane trimmed, and her tail ſhort and buſhy, has a white ſpot on one of her eyes, paces and handgallops, is about ſix years old, and 15 hands high; he alſo took a ſaddle, with blue houſings, having two yellow flowers on the corners, and a pair of black leather ſaddle-bags. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Runaway and Mare, ſo that the ſubſcriber may have them again, ſhall have* FIVE POUNDS *reward, or* THREE POUNDS *for the Mare only, and* FORTY SHILLINGS *for the runaway, and reaſonable charges, paid by* BENJAMIN MEVE.

N. B. The ſaid runaway wears black curled hair, has a ſtrong rough voice, and is addicted to drinking and card-playing. It is ſuppoſed he is gone towards Bethlehem, and may travel from thence towards Staten-Iſland or New-York. §

Philadelphia, December 15, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, near this city, A SORREL HORSE, with a ſtar in his face, about 15 hands high, his hind legs ſwelled with wind-galls, has a buſhy ſwitch tail, ſhod all round, paces and trots, and about 9 or 10 years old. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and diſcovers the thief, ſhall have the above reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the HORSE, and reaſonable charges, paid by Mr. WILLIAM WEST, Merchant, in Philadelphia, or the ſubſcriber, at the INDIAN QUEEN. ¶ JOHN LITTLE.

WHEREAS I, William Chilcott, of Upper Saucon, in Northampton county, and province of Pennſylvania, gave two bonds to a certain James Carnahan, of Hempfield townſhip, in Bedford county, and province aforeſaid; both ſaid bonds dated the 23d day of May laſt paſt; one for Ninety-nine Pounds, payable the 27th of November laſt paſt, and the other for One Hundred and Fourteen Pounds, payable on the 27th of November, 1773. And whereas the ſaid James Carnahan then engaged to make out, and produce unto me, a free right to a certain Three Hundred Acres, in Hempfield townſhip aforeſaid, which he hath not done according to agreement. I do therefore hereby forewarn every perſon from taking an aſſignment on either of ſaid bonds, as I ſhall not pay either of them, until the ſaid James Carnahan has fulfilled his agreement, except I am compelled by law. Witneſs my hand, this 15th day of December, 1772. WILLIAM CHILCOTT. ¶

Philadelphia, December 19, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Market-ſtreet, on the 4th inſtant, a black HORSE, 9 years old, and about 15 hands high, ſhod all round, paces and trots, has two ſmall white ſcars on the right ſide of his noſe, middling ſhort rumped, ſhort ſwitch tail, and one of his hind feet white round the ſetlock. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the owner may have the horſe again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward of Five Pounds, and for the horſe alone Fifty Shillings, and reaſonable charges, paid by GEORGE SECKEL. ¶

THE LAWS AND VOTES,

Of the LAST SESSION of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of NEW-JERSEY,

Are JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by

ISAAC COLLINS,

At his Printing-Office, in BURLINGTON. §

December 15, 1772.

TO BE SOLD, BY

COXE and FURMAN,

BOSTON MACKAREL, JAMAICA COFFEE, RAISINS in Kegs, JERSEY BEEF, BURLINGTON PORK, and PIPPIN APPLES. ¶

A COMPLEAT ELEGANT LARGE

BILLIARD TABLE,

MAHOGANY FRAME, TO BE SOLD.

FOR Terms apply to me, at the Sign of the Buck, on the Moyamenſing Road, near Philadelphia,

¶ DANIEL GRANT.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in the townſhip of Gwynedd, and county of Philadelphia, ſome time in November, 1772, Three CALVES, ſuppoſed to be about 6 or 7 months old; one a brindle, with a white face; one brown; and the other black. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.

¶ THOMAS EVANS.

To be SOLD, or LETT for a term of years, on reaſonable terms, and may be entered on the 25th of March next,

A MESSUAGE or TENEMENT, and TRACT of LAND, containing about 60 ACRES, ſituate in Lower Chicheſter townſhip, in the county of Cheſter, on the great road leading from Philadelphia to New-Caſtle, which has been a noted Tavern for many years paſt, and is now kept as ſuch, known by the Sign of the Horſe and Groom; there are near 20 acres of good meadow, a good old orchard, and a young one, of grafted fruit, lately planted, and a few acres of good timber land on the premiſes; there are alſo a good barn, ſtable, and ſheds, ſuitable for that buſineſs; the place runs down to the river Delaware, in the town of Marcus-Hook, and has a fine front, and commands a beautiful proſpect on the river.

Alſo to be ſold, or lett, another meſſuage, and large brick malthouſe, in good repair, with about an acre of ground thereto belonging, ſituate in Chicheſter aforeſaid, about half a mile above the town of Marcus-Hook, on the great road leading from thence back to the country, with a good pump, and other conveniencies for the malting buſineſs. For terms, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living in the town of Cheſter. ELISHA PRICE ¶ 4*w.*

LATELY IMPORTED, BY

JAMES BRINGHURST,

From various parts of Great-Britain, and to be ſold at his Warehouſe in the Bank, on Front and Water-ſtreets, below Walnut-ſtreet,

A LARGE and general aſſortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Japanned Ware, &c. &c. To enumerate the particulars would require too much room for a publication in this paper.

Alſo ſheet glaſs, in crates; window glaſs, of various ſizes, in boxes; diamonds for cutting glaſs; and a general aſſortment of painters colours, either dry or ground in oil; linſeed oil, by the barrel, or ſmaller quantity; gold leaf, Dutch leaf, &c. &c. grindſtones, of various ſizes; likewiſe ſome of the beſt Glouceſter cheeſe.---A quantity of Clover-Seed to diſpoſe of. ¶

Juſt imported from LONDON, and to be SOLD by

DAVID SHAKESPEAR,

At Mr. SAMUEL DAVIS's, Hatter, the corner of Church-alley, In Third-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

ALL kinds of RIBBONS, which he will ſell, for caſh, at 65 per cent. on the ſterling coſt; alſo ſundry other Dry Goods; Hardware, Jewellery, &c. and as he purpoſes to continue importing to ſell by wholeſale only, he hopes that the ſmall advance put on them will recommend him to the cuſtom of the city and country ſhopkeepers; which favour he will gratefully acknowledge. ¶

Philadelphia, October 30, 1772.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Second-ſtreet, laſt night, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, and about 8 years old; ſhe hath neither brand nor ear-mark, but has had a lump under her near ſhoulder, which, however, is now ſo far gone that it is not obſerved, but by the ſkin being looſer at that place than the reſt. She is a genteel creature, and a natural pacer. Whoever takes up the ſaid mare and thief, ſo that the owner may have the mare again, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward of SIX POUNDS, and for the mare alone THREE POUNDS, and reaſonable charges, paid by me GEORGE SLOSSER. *Tf.*

CHINA, GLASS, and LIVERPOOL WARES,

Of all Kinds, in Boxes, Hogſheads, and Crates,

VARIOUSLY ASSORTED, Now ſelling by the IMPORTER,

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

Oppoſite CHRIST's CHURCH, in Second-ſtreet. *T.b.c.t.f.*

STRAYED or STOLEN, but ſuppoſed to be ſtolen, from the ſubſcriber, living in Duck-creek Hundred, in Kent county, on Delaware, Auguſt 26, 1772, a black HORSE, about 9 or 10 years old, natural trotter, ſhod before, but the ſhoes almoſt worn, no ear-mark nor brand, but hath a remarkable white ring about each of his ears, alſo if cloſely examined a little white ring on his near ſide, and a little white on his off hind foot, with a black ſpot in it, about 15 hands high. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the thief be brought to juſtice, and the horſe to the owner, ſhall ſhave FORTY DOLLARS reward, and for the horſe only, TWENTY DOLLARS, and charges, paid by me JAMES DICKINSON. ‡8 W.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE,

On Tueſday, the 29th of December inſtant,

ABOUT One Hundred and Thirty ACRES of LAND, ſituate and being in Leacock townſhip, in the county of Lancaſter, part of the plantation and lands late of Andrew Caldwell, deceaſed; to be taken off the eaſt end of the 285 acre tract, known by the name of the Hat-Tavern, adjoining the lands of William Briſben, and Robert Young, and as nearly parallel with their line as can be, ſo as to include a ſmall ſpring, which lies at about two perches ſouthward of the great road. The ſaid ſale will be held on the premiſes, where attendance will be given, by JANE CALDWELL, Adminiſtratrix, and ANDREW CALDWELL, Adminiſtrator, &c. of the ſaid Andrew Caldwell, deceaſed. The vendue to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

By order of the Orphan's Court in and for the county of Lancaſter aforeſaid, EDWARD SHIPPEN, Clerk. ¶

Lancaſter, Dec. 8, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Perſons indebted, by Bond, Note, Book-account, or Groundrents, to John Miller, late of the Borough of Lancaſter, Inn-keeper and Blackſmith, deceaſed, that they come and make Payment forthwith; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts, to JOHN HUBLEY, and CHRISTOPHER HAINEY, Adminiſtrators. *Dec.* 10. 3 *M.*

Dumfries, Virginia, November 17, 1772.

RUN away from Baltimore, in Maryland, about the 6th inſtant, a convict ſervant man, named THOMAS BOWLING, he is a likely well made fellow, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, ſhort dark brown hair, a little inclining to curl, about 25 years of age, an Iriſhman born, and retains the brogue peculiar to moſt of his country, is very talkative, eſpecially when in drink, which he is much ſubject to, he has been about 12 months in the country, and been employed in tobacco craft, therefore it is imagined he will endeavour to get off in ſome veſſel, or croſs the country to Philadelphia; he went round from hence in the Molly and Betſey, Captain Jackſon, and took with him three or four ſhirts, of different ſorts, a coat and waiſtcoat, of mixed brown broadcloth, one blue fearnought, and one green frize jacket, both with ſleeves, horn buttons, and without lining, blue cloth breeches, tarred ozenbrigs trowſers, and ſundry other clothes; he has a diſcharge from the veſſel, ſigned by Iric Hair, clerk to Mr. M'Gachen, of Baltimore. Any perſon who will ſecure ſaid ſervant in goal, ſo that I get him again, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and if delivered to me in Dumfries, ſhall be paid TEN POUNDS, Virginia currency, by

RIGINALD GRAHAM.

SAMUEL MILES requeſts all perſons indebted to him, either on bond, note, or book, to pay the ſame before the firſt of January next, and thoſe, who do not comply, may expect to be ſued, without any further notice. Said *Miles* has for ſale, a very valuable plantation, in Tredyffrin townſhip, Cheſter county; alſo a plantation in Berks county, on which there has been a public houſe of entertainment kept, for many years paſt; likewiſe ſundry tracts of excellent land in Northumberland county, which he would either ſell or leaſe, on reaſonable terms. *Philadelphia, November* 14, 1772. 4 W.

To be SOLD, at private SALE,

A LOT of GROUND, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, about 60 feet to the northward of Saſſafras-ſtreet, containing in front, 20 feet, and in depth 102 feet, has a 6 feet alley at the end thereof, running into Saſſafras-ſtreet. On this lot are four tenements, each two ſtories high, and a pump of good water in the yard, which belongs to this and the adjoining lot.---The whole rents at preſent for £ 52 per annum, and is ſubject to a groundrent of £ 3:5:0, currency. One half the purchaſe-money to be paid at executing the deeds, the remainder in 12 months, giving ſecurity and paying intereſt. Apply to THOMAS BOUDE, in the Northern Liberties, or to MATTHEW CLARKSON, Notary Public.

Philadelphia, December 9, 1772.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, That, in Purſuance of an Act of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for veſting certain Eſtates in Pennſylvania, New-Jerſey and Maryland, belonging to the Proprietors of a Partnerſhip, commonly called The Pennſylvania Land Company, in London, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned,* on the tenth Day of June next, at eight o'Clock in the Morning, will be expoſed to Sale, to the higheſt and beſt Bidder, by Public Cant or Auction, at the Old Ferry-houſe, kept by JOHN HYDER, in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Mulberry-ſtreets, in this City, the following PLANTATIONS or Tracts of LAND, in Miſpillion Hundred, in the County of Kent, viz.

A Plantation or Tract of Land, containing about 450 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Carpenter.

A Tract, containing about 14 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of the Heirs of Chriſtopher Sipple.

A Tract, containing about 115 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of the Heirs of Benjamin Brown.

A Tract, containing about 99 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Edward Cox.

A Tract, containing about 89 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Moſes Clampit.

A Tract, containing about 123 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of James Craig.

A Tract, containing about 122 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Nahur Goddin.

A Tract, containing about 148 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Turbeth Cottenham.

A Tract, containing about 71 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Barker.

A Tract, containing about 130 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Barker.

A Tract, containing about 109 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Henry Sap.

A Tract, containing about 88 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Thomas and Mary Williams.

A Tract, containing about 488 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Alexander M'Donald.

A Tract, containing about 8 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Edward Elliot.

A Tract, containing about 8 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Phineas Banning.

A Tract, containing about 47 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Joſeph Calloway. And,

A Tract, containing about 153 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Thomas Barker.

Perſons deſiring further Information reſpecting the Premiſes, are deſired to apply to the Subſcribers, in this City.

JACOB COOPER,
SAMUEL SHOEMAKER,
JOSHUA HOWELL,
} ATTORNIES of the Truſtees.

St. George's Hundred, New-Caſtle County, Nov. 2, 1772.

TO BE RENTED,

And may be entered on in April next,

THAT noted INN and PLANTATION, of 245 acres of land, known by the name of Bird's Tavern; the building is all in good order for carrying on ſaid buſineſs, except a new ſtable, which will be built early in the ſpring; but as the place is ſo well known, nothing need be ſaid to recommend it. Therefore any perſon that chuſes to rent it, and can be well recommended, may, for terms, apply to

JOHN HYATT, of Mount-pleaſant.

N. B. If the renter chuſes, he may have ſome good timothy and clover meadow, within two miles of ſaid plantation. ‖ 7/6

TO BE SOLD, at the ORIGINAL COST,

On Account of the MANUFACTURERS, by

CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL,

THIRTY Pieces of ſuperfine and coarſe Broadcloths, and Twenty Pieces of Duffils and Coatings; alſo Linen and Sail Canvas, an Aſſortment of Woollen and Linen Goods, Cottons, Calicoes, &c. &c.

WANTS A FREIGHT, to any Part of Europe, A good ſtout VESSEL, now lying at Baltimore, will carry about 1800 Barrels, apply to SAMUEL SAM CARSAN, & Co. at Baltimore, or to CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL. 5W.

This Day is publiſhed, and ſold by R. AITKEN, Bookſeller, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe, in Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

AITKEN's GENERAL AMERICAN REGISTER, and the GENTLEMAN's and TRADESMAN's complete ANNUAL ACCOUNT BOOK, and CALENDAR, for the POCKET or DESK; for the Year of our LORD, 1773.

The Contents of the Annual Account Book and Calendar.

Fifty-two double pages, ruled, for entering the receipts and payments of money; ſpaces for daily memorandums; the age, place, riſing, ſetting, ſouthing, full and change of the moon, and place of her nodes; the ſun's riſing and ſetting; aſpects of the planets; riſing and ſetting of the ſtars; immerſions and emerſions of Jupiter's ſatellites; remarkable days, general tide table for America, &c.

Of the General American Regiſter.

A table of the kings and queens of England; Genealogical liſt of the royal family of Great-Britain; The number of peers, peereſſes in their own right, archbiſhops and biſhops in England, Scotland and Ireland; Kings of Scotland, and the time they began to reign; Lord lieutenants of Ireland ſince the union; His majeſty's conſuls abroad for the protection of trade; Births, marriages and iſſue of the ſovereign princes of Europe; A conciſe chronological account of events in America, from the firſt diſcovery thereof; General and civil eſtabliſhment of North-America; Eſtabliſhment of the cuſtoms for the continent, the Bermuda and Bahama Iſlands; The ſtaff of the army, general poſt-office; Rank of the navy and army; His majeſty's order concerning the power of the civil governors over his forces in America; Rules for determining the rank and precedence to be obſerved between the officers of the army and the civil governors, &c. *Public Officers, &c.* in Pennſylvania, New-Caſtle, Kent and Suſſex, Maryland, New-Jerſey, New-York, Rhode-Iſland, Connecticut, Maſſachuſetts-Bay, New-Hampſhire, Nova-Scotia, Newfoundland, Saint-John's Iſland, Canada, Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia, Eaſt-Florida, and Weſt-Florida. 4 *W.*

December 7, 1772.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 6th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Glouceſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JOHN MOORE, about 5 feet 10 inches high, between 18 and 19 years of age, of a browniſh complexion, has long black hair, clubbed, ſtammers in his ſpeech, and has a large fleſh mole in the corner of his left eye; had on, when he went away, a lightiſh brown upper cloth jacket, with cuffs, a red and white ſtriped under jacket, with lappels, and without ſleeves, an old lightiſh coloured ſurtout, a pair of old leather breeches, new ſeated, the left knee of which was much too ſhort, blue grey yarn ſtockings, calf-ſkin ſhoes, with odd buckles in them, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the above ſervant, ſo that his maſter ſhall get him again, or brings him to JOHN HIDER, ſenior, at the Old Ferry-houſe, Philadelphia, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN HIDER, junior.

N. B. *All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.* ‡

New-Caſtle, November 26, 1772.

WAS STOLEN, out of Mr. John Vangezell's paſture, near New-Caſtle, on Wedneſday night, the 4th inſtant, a black Horſe, about 13½ hands high, ſhod before (his ſhoes, if any on, are very bad) but not behind, long mane, of a ruſty or ſunburnt colour, hanging on his off ſide, ſhort ſwitch tail, trots and paces at pleaſure, ſuppoſed about ten years old, hath a remarkable lump on his near cheek bone, which ſeems to create uneaſineſs in chewing any kind of grain. Whoever ſecures ſaid Horſe, and ſends him home to me, in New-Caſtle, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ BENJAMIN VANGEZELL.

THE Veſtry of *St. George's* Pariſh, in *Baltimore* County, deſire to inform any CLERGYMAN of the CHURCH of ENGLAND, who may incline to engage in diſcharging the Office of a Curate, That they will give him yearly THE SUM OF ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, Currency; and that they doubt not but the Pariſhioners will, by ready Subſcription, increaſe that Sum, in Proportion as, on Trial, he ſhall give Satisfaction. ¶6w.

Imported on the moſt advantageous terms, and now for ſale at the *Warehouſe* of

JONATHAN ZANE and SONS,

At the Sign of the Handſaw, in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, Philadelphia,

A NEAT and very large aſſortment of *Iron-mongery, Sadlery,* and *Braſs-wares,* conſiſting of a great variety of ſizes, patterns and prices, too numerous for a news-paper, together with the following articles, viz.---Pewter diſhes, plates, ſpoons, tankards, bed and cloſe-ſtool pans, powder, ſhot, and bar lead, allom, copperas, roll and flour brimſtone, magnes, red and white lead, Venetian red, Spaniſh brown and whiting, yellow oker, verdegreaſe, vermilion, umber, Pruſſian blues, antimony, ſalt-petre, madder, ground redwood, braziletto, logwood, fuſtick, argol, galls, Engliſh and American glew, camphire, mace, cloves, cinnamon, aloes, linſeed oil, ſlates and pencils, writing and ſheathing paper, ink-powder, Engliſh quills, Dilworth's ſpelling-books, 4 and 4½ lb. pins; Indian meal, ſand, milk and punch ſieves; wheat and oat riddles, and rhean ſieves; twine, bed cords, laces, plow and jack lines, ſacking-bottoms, oil and black flints, Ben-leather ſoals, wool combs and hitchells, houſe and horſe bells; 6 by 8, 7 by 9, and 8 by 10, Briſtol crown glaſs; ſurveyors chains; American red clover and timothy graſs ſeeds, &c. &c. &c. 6 W.

TWENTY POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, November 9, 1772, two convict ſervant men, viz. JAMES FIELD, by trade a Taylor, is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, is of a fair complexion, and has ſhort light coloured hair. WILLIAM HAWK, of a ſwarthy complexion, has black eyes, ſhort black hair, and is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high: Had on, and took with them, a light coloured red German-ſerge coat, a dark bear-ſkin frock, with white metal buttons, a pair of blue ſergedenim breeches, a pair of ſnuff coloured broadcloth ditto, with gold baſket buttons, an old caſtor hat, a new furred ditto, two fine white ſhirts, and ſundry other things unknown. It is ſuppoſed they have alſo taken with them two horſes, one of them a dark bay, about 14 hands high, ſix years old, well gaited, and is branded on the near ſhoulder E. I. The other is a bright ſorrel, with a blaze face, about 13½ hands high, ſix years old, and is branded on the near ſhoulder O. Whoever apprehends and ſecures ſaid ſervants, ſo that the ſubſcribers may get them again, ſhall have EIGHT POUNDS for each, and FORTY SHILLINGS for each of the horſes. WILLIAM SELMAN, JOHN SHIPLEY. ¶3*M.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

December 30, 1772. NUMB. 2297

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By Captain STACEY, *arrived here from Falmouth, and by the Packet, with the October Mail, arrived at New-York, we have the following Advices, viz.*

VIENNA, September 18.

THE following letter gives the moſt particular account that has appeared, of the proceedings and concluſion of the late conferences for a peace at Fockzani, between the Ruſſians and Turks.

"When the congreſs at Fockzani was opened, Count Orlow, on his firſt arrival, was preceded by four Huſſars, and followed by four coaches, occupied by the Sieur Obreſkow, and the other Gentlemen of the Embaſſy, and one hundred and ſixty domeſticks. The Ottoman Miniſters were on horſeback, and had no more than ſixty ſervants attending them. The Plenipotentiaries of both nations being preſent, each on their ſide, the hall for the congreſs was opened. The Ruſſian Ambaſſador was moſt ſuperbly dreſſed, having on his breaſt the portrait of the Empreſs, together with the different enſigns of the Orders with which he is inveſted; his ſurcoat, buckles, &c. were ſet with diamonds: Oſman Effendi, according to the Ottoman ſimplicity, was cloathed with a robe of green camblet, faced with ermine, and had nothing to diſtinguiſh him but a cane, the head of which was of gold, garniſhed with diamonds. Both the Ambaſſadors were unarmed, but the Sieur Obreſkow, and the other Ruſſians, had ſwords. Count Orlow made Oſman Effendi an offer of an honorary guard; but he declined it, ſaying, he did not make it a point to be attended with ſabres and bayonets; in conſequence of which refuſal, he had only centinels placed before his apartment. After reciprocal ſalutes, they each took poſſeſſion of the ſide of the table allotted. Count Orlow then read a paper, the purport of which was, that the Empreſs his Miſtreſs, for the ſake of humanity, ſincerely wiſhed an end to the war: To which the Turkiſh Ambaſſador declared, his Maſter was not leſs impreſſed with the deſire of peace. After this, an exchange was made of the full powers to treat, written in letters of gold, on parchment: That of the Turks contained the ſignature of the Grand Signor, which was of a triangular form, about an ell in length. After this exchange, the attendants all retired, and were no more admitted. When the Secretaries were placed in their ſtations, Count Orlow opened the conference, and ſaid, that as the Empreſs had not begun the war, ſhe expected to have the expences defrayed to which ſhe had been put in carrying it on: And as the Crimea had occaſioned frequent ruptures between the two Powers, that the country ſhould be declared free and independent. To this Oſman Effendi anſwered, that his Highneſs was diſpoſed to conſent to all reaſonable conditions: That, as to the firſt article, the foreign Miniſters were previouſly to examine which party was the firſt aggreſſor: And, with regard to the Crimea, the Porte was fixed never to liſten to it. After many conferences, the Plenipotentiaries not agreeing about the independency of the Crimea, they broke up, notwithſtanding all the good offices of the Miniſters of the mediating Powers, and each party prepared to retire. As the armiſtice has not been prolonged farther than to the 21ſt inſtant, the war will immediately be carried on with freſh vigour."

Poland, Sept. 23. Letters of good authority from Warſaw give us hopes, that the negociations of peace between the Turks and Ruſſians may be reſumed before the end of the winter. M. d'Obreſkow remains at Fockzani, and it is expected that General Weiſſman, who has paſſed the Danube, with a conſiderable body of troops, may contribute to render the Turks more tractable.

Auſtria, Sept. 28. Notwithſtanding the report that a congreſs will be held relative to the affairs of Poland at Warſaw, we are aſſured, that it will be held at Lemberg as ſoon as Count Pergen, Commiſſary Plenipotentiary to their Imperial Majeſties, and the Miniſters of the Courts of Peterſburgh and Berlin, arrive there. The accounts of the Auſtian troops advancing from Hungary towards the frontiers of Turky are confirmed.

Hague, October 2. The laſt letters from Vienna adviſe, that the breaking up of the congreſs at Fockzani exceedingly chagrins that Court, and the more as it was entirely unexpected. It is even aſſerted, that this Court is ſo much offended, that it will ſend troops to join the Ruſſians next campaign.

Raguſa, Auguſt 19. The Grand Signor has ſent orders to the Pacha of Scutari (Scodra) in Albania, to aſſemble 10,000 or 12,000 men, and give the command of them to his ſon Ali Pacha del Beſſan, and to ſend them to Egypt in veſſels of that province; and, if there are not ſhips enough in the province, his Highneſs charges him to aſk as many as he wants of the government of Raguſa. The Pacha of Scutari has, in conſequence, written to the Senate of this Republic, to furniſh him with the beſt ſhips of this State. The Senate aſſembled to deliberate on the part they ſhould take, but it is not known what will be their reſolution.

Dreſden, Oct. 7. The laſt letters from Prague mention, that the price of all ſorts of grain is increaſing again; and the caſe is the ſame in the markets here. One reaſon is, that the experience of three years diſtreſs, and want of corn, makes every body deſirous of taking precautions to reſerve part of the produce of this harveſt, for fear the next year's ſhould not prove ſo plentiful.

Rome, Sept. 20. The Romiſh ſeminary, ſo well known, which has ſubſiſted 200 years, under the direction of the Jeſuits, and where four Popes and 96 Cardinals were educated, beſides great numbers of Biſhops, Generals, Doges, and men of learning, in every rank of life, was ſhut up the 17th inſtant. The debts of this houſe amount to 374,000 Scudis.

Paris, Oct. 9. Several perſons here have propoſed to ballaſt ſhips with ſea-water, as a means to preſerve them; but, as it was thought it would be very inconvenient, and dangerous to the crew, the Count d'Eſtaing, willing to make the experiment himſelf, ſleeps every night in a ſhip at Breſt, ballaſted with ſea-water.

Rome, Sept. 26. No ſooner was it reſolved, that the Jeſuits ſhould quit the Roman Seminary, than notice was given them to quit the Iriſh College alſo.

Hamburgh, Oct. 9. It is very apparent, that the revolution in Sweden will give riſe to a new ſcene in the North.

The laſt letters from Conſtantinople adviſe, that the greateſt preparations for war are making in all the Grand Signor's dominions.

Metz, Oct. 8. It is ſaid that the Jews are going to be admitted at Paris, and in all the towns in France; and that they will be permitted to have Synagogues, to purchaſe and rent eſtates, and to carry on trade both wholeſale and retail; in ſhort, enjoy all the privileges of natives.

LONDON, *September* 24.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, Sept. 18.

"By advices from Paris we are informed, that a few days ago an edict of the King was publiſhed, which had been regiſtered in Parliament the 28th of Auguſt, for the eſtabliſhing of a royal phyſical commiſſion, for the examination of every particular remedy, and the diſtribution of mineral waters. All the precautions, which human prudence could ſuggeſt, for preventing the abuſes and riſks run, through the means of quacks and ignorant perſons, who have been too long in poſſeſſion of the power of injuring the people, are taken in this edict, which contains 24 articles.

"They ſpeak with admiration, at Paris, of a country lately diſcovered in the Terra Auſtralis, by the Sieur de Karguelon. This country, it is ſaid, is very well peopled; the arts are known there; the inhabitants are civilized; they have manufactures; their manners are mild, and their laws are anſwerable thereto; and that it will be eaſy and very advantageous to carry on a commerce with theſe people, &c. We are curious to know what reſolutions the French Government will take with regard to this object."

Sept. 26. It is ſaid, that gold and ſilver ſpecie of this kingdom has been diminiſhing for ſeveral years paſt, by exportation and other means, at the rate of 50,000l. yearly.

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, September 3.

"The King having ordered an account to be given him of the manner, in which criminal juſtice hath been adminiſtered in his kingdom; and having learnt, with equal ſorrow and ſurprize, that there exiſted a place, improperly called "The Chamber of Roſes," where criminals were put to the torture, his Majeſty ordered his Chancellor of Juſtice to deſtroy that place, being unwilling to ſuffer the exiſtence of a monument of inhumanity, ſo little compatible with true liberty. He hath forbidden the uſe of the rack, as it is contrary to juſtice and reaſon to extort, by the force of torments, from free Citizens, the confeſſion of crimes which they may be accuſed of."

Sept. 29. The Queen is at preſent much indiſpoſed with a violent cold and hoarſeneſs.

Among many other acts of the munificence of a Great Perſonage, as we are informed, is her cloathing and educating of 40 boys, and an equal number of girls, moſtly children of poor deceaſed Clergymen, and Officers of the Army and Navy.

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by
JAMES HUMPHREYS, junior,
At his Printing-Office, in Front-ſtreet, the lower Corner of Black-horſe-alley,

RESIGNATION, a FUNERAL SERMON, occaſioned by the Death of the Rev. ISAAC EATON, A. M. late Miniſter of the Baptiſt Church, at Hopewell, in New-Jerſey; preached at Hopewell, by SAMUEL JONES, A. M.

Your Fathers, where are they? and the Prophets, do they live for ever? Zach. i. 5.

N. B. Said HUMPHREYS wants a ſober, regular, LAD as an APPRENTICE.

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, and tract of LAND, in Pequea, part thereof in the county of Cheſter, and part in the county of Lancaſter, containing 444 acres, with allowance, fine lime-ſtone land, upwards of 100 acres clear, 25 acres of watered meadow, and 80 acres more may be made at a ſmall expence; two bearing orchards of choice fruit, a neat garden, a good dwelling-houſe of ſtone, well finiſhed off, a good kitchen, with a well of good water at the door, barn, ſtables, ſmoke-houſe, and other out-houſes; plenty of timber and water, as well as lime-ſtone, to manure the land; ſo that it will never wear out with any kind of good huſbandry; the whole pleaſantly ſituated on Lancaſter road, about 46 miles from Philadelphia, fit for any kind of public buſineſs, near places of worſhip, merchant mills, iron-works, and markets. It is well known, that the Pequea land is excellent for wheat, hemp, and all ſorts of ſpring grain; this tract may be divided into two or more plantations, leaving timber, water and meadow on each. As for the ſoil and ſituation, enquiry may be made of the Reverend Mr. James Boyd, of New-Town, in the county of Bucks; Benjamin Lightfoot, Eſq; at Reading; James Wilſon, Eſq; at Carliſle; Major John Philip Dehaas, Eſq; of Lebanon; Edward Shippen, Eſq; at Lancaſter; Mr. William Moore, of Baltimore-Town, in Maryland; and Mr. John Kerlin, Innkeeper, at the White Horſe, on Lancaſter road. One third part of the purchaſe money to be paid down, the remainder will be made eaſy, on giving ſecurity. For further particulars, apply to the owner, on the premiſes,

Churchill, Dec. 28, 1772. ‖ JOHN MILLER.

To be SOLD,

And may be entered upon the firſt day of April next,

A COMMODIOUS LOT, of about ſeventeen acres of LAND, ſituated in the townſhip of Upper Dublin, in the county of Philadelphia; having front on the great road leading from Philadelphia, through Germantown, Whitemarſh, &c. to Northampton, Bethlehem, Eaſton, and parts adjacent; and alſo having front on the road leading from Newtown, through the Crooked-billet, to the Swede's-ford, on Schuylkill; there are on the premiſes a new well-finiſhed ſtone houſe, of 33 feet front, and 20 feet back, two ſtories high, with a cellar under the whole; alſo an additional building of ſtone, adjoining, of one ſtory high, of the ſame width with the former, and 32 feet in length, making the whole front 65 feet, in which latter part are a good ſtove room and kitchen; there are alſo a good new ſtone ſtable, of 30 feet in length, and an additional log-building adjoining the ſame, of 38 feet in length, a pailed garden, of about 90 feet by 100 feet; alſo a well of good water, with a pump, well ſituated to be convenient to the dwelling-houſe and kitchen. The ſaid houſe is now in the tenure of Edward Wells, and hath been and now is occupied as a public-houſe, and known by the ſign of William Pitt. Nothing need be ſaid to recommend the ſituation, view, and healthineſs of the place, it at firſt ſight recommending itſelf, being on a commanding eminence, and in a pleaſant part of the country, and only 16 miles from Philadelphia, and ſuitable either for a gentleman's country place, or for any public buſineſs. There are moreover on the premiſes, one other ſtone meſſuage, of 26 feet by 18 feet, with a cellar under the whole, and a well of excellent water; alſo a bearing orchard, conſiſting of upwards of 100 trees, of good fruit, with a new cyder-preſs and mill; about 13 acres of the land are cleared, and in good fence, and the reſidue well timbered. Any perſon, inclining to purchaſe the ſame, may be informed of the terms, by applying to ARCHIBALD M'CLEAN, Eſq; or JOHN TRUMP, ſenior, near the premiſes; or to BENJAMIN DAVIDS, at the ſign of the George, in Philadelphia, or the owner, ARCHIBALD M'CLEAN, Surveyor.

On the payment of £ 300, conſiderable time will be given for the payment of the reſidue, with intereſt and ſecurity. †6 *W.*

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, by
GEORGE MEADE, & Company,
CHOICE GRENADA RUM and COFFEE. They have alſo for Sale, Madeira WINE, Old Barbados SPIRIT, Muſcovado SUGAR, White Wine VINEGAR, &c. &c. T.b.c.2m.

To be SOLD, by
TURBUTT FRANCIS,
In Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

THE following TRACTS of LAND, ſituated in the county of Northumberland.----Four thouſand acres, bounded in front by the weſt branch of Saſquehanna, adjoining and below a tract, ſurveyed for Andrew Montour, at Loyal Sock, and above the Proprietaries Manor of Munſey.----Eight hundred and twenty-eight acres oppoſite the county town, Sunbury, above George Gabriel's old place, now in the poſſeſſion of Martin Treſter, the property of Mr. John Cox; this tract has above two miles front, on the great river Saſquehanna, and a public ferry muſt be erected there.----One thouſand acres, bounded by the north-eaſt branch of Saſquehanna, at Neſcopeck Falls, including Neſcopeck creek.----Six hundred acres, a little above Neſcopeck, at Wappalapane, bounded in front by the river Saſquehanna, and including Wappalapane creek. The above tracts will be ſold as they now are, or divided into ſmaller, but not leſs than 300 acres in a tract, except the one oppoſite the town of Sunbury. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the 4000 acre tract, ſhall have it on very reaſonable terms. Draughts of the different tracts may be ſeen, and the terms of ſale known, by applying to TURBUTT FRANCIS.

N. B. The above tracts of land were taken up by Meſſieurs John and Andrew Allen, Eſquires, by ſpecial warrant, before the office opened, in 1769, and ſince purchaſed of them by me, ſo that indiſputable titles can be given, and a warrantee againſt all New-England claims. ‖ 2 *M.*

JOHN MARIE,
TAYLOR, FROM PARIS,

HUMBLY acquaints the Gentry and Public, that he has taken a Houſe in Gray's-alley, between Walnut and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, the fourth Door from Second-ſtreet, and has provided good Workmen; he has had the Pleaſure of pleaſing ſome of the moſt reſpectable Gentlemen in London, and hopes, by the ſtricteſt Attention, and moſt particular Punctuality, to give general Satisfaction.

At ſaid MARIE's, Gentlemens Clothes, of all Colours, are cleaned, and all Spots taken out, and the Clothes made equal to new, without the tedious and diſadvantageous Method of ripping or waſhing. *Philadelphia, December* 28, 1772. §

Philadelphia, December 29, 1772.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 19th day of January next, the ſale to begin at one o' clock, on the premiſes,

A PLANTATION, and TRACT of LAND, containing 155 acres, with two dwelling-houſes, one of which is ſtone, with a well of water near the door; the other, part ſtone and part logs, with a good ſpring near the houſe, a ſtone malt and brew-houſe, a ſtone ſtill-houſe, with two ſtills, with worms and tubs, a frame barn and ſtables, an orchard, and a conſiderable quantity of meadow; bounded by land of Samuel Howell, Edward Stiles, James Benezet, and Leonard Shalcroſs, in Oxford townſhip, ſeven miles from this city; late the eſtate of THOMAS KENTON. For further particulars, enquire of

¶ HANNAH KENTON, on the premiſes.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

ABSCONDED from his place of abode, in the night of the 19th of December, 1772, one JAMES M'CORMECK, a Schoolmaſter by occupation, and it appears, by his own confeſſion, that he hath been guilty of forging a paſs, for two runaway ſervant men, and hath ſet William Patterſon, Eſquire's name thereto, in New-Caſtle county; and as I underſtand he carries a paſs with him, obtained of ſaid Patterſon, and likewiſe carries a paper of recommendation from his employers, in ſaid county; he taught laſt in Limerick townſhip, in Philadelphia county, and is ſuppoſed to have gone towards New-York; he is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has ſhort rediſh hair, wears a wig, of a fair ſandy colour, a hat, with a ſmall brim, and wears it middling high, a ſhort coat, made of light coloured beaver coating, with a fall down collar, leather breeches, and ſtrong new ſhoes, with ſilver-plated buckles; he has a ſmall ſcar on his upper lip, and a number of ſmall pimples in his face; he appears to be a prodigal ſort of a man. Whoever takes up ſaid Schoolmaſter, and ſecures him, ſo that he may be dealt with according to law, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me THOMAS METEER, living in Downing's-town, Cheſter county. ¶

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

THE PLANTATION, whereon he now lives, ſituate in Pileſgrove, Salem county, Weſt New-Jerſey, containing 150 acres, about 80 acres thereof are cleared, and in good fence, about 12 acres of the ſame being good mowable meadow, and more may be made; there are on the premiſes a good framed dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, with a brick cellar under the ſame, and a framed kitchen adjoining the ſame; there are likewiſe on the premiſes a good framed barn, about 30 feet by 36 feet long; the whole in good repair. For further particulars, and the terms, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes.

December 17, 1772. ‖ SAMUEL MORGAN.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Earl townſhip, Lancaſter county, the 12th of November laſt, Two STRAY HORSES, the one black, about 15 hands high, and about ten years old, hath neither brand nor ear-mark; the other a ſmall ſorrel, about four years old, hath ſome red in his face, and a hickory round his neck. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away, by

JACOB SUMMY. ¶

December 22, 1772.

TAKEN up as a STRAY, the 20th of this Inſtant, near Cheſter, A HORSE.

The Owner may have him again, upon proving his Property and paying Charges, by applying to the Subſcriber, at the Sign of the Boot and Shoe, in Cheſter.

¶ WILLIAM SIDDON.

M I L A N, September 23.

THE Counteſs Daria Degli Emili, of the town of Breſſe, having had ſome diſpute with her Brother the Canon, killed him with a piſtol, while he lay aſleep in bed, and afterwards fled. By the interceſſion of the Republic of Venice, the Archduke has cauſed the Greffier of Soncino to be arreſted and put in priſon, for having aſſiſted her in her eſcape.

Bologna, Sept. 26. We have juſt received an account, that the Court of Parma has cauſed the young Counteſs Daria, who killed her Brother, to be arreſted at Plaiſance, and ſent her to Venice, to take her trial. It is ſaid ſhe was going to be married, and the diſpute with her Brother was regarding the fortune ſhe was to have.

From the Weixel, Oct. 3. They write from Thorn, of the 30th of September, that, to add to their misfortunes, their ſhips are ſtopt at Fordan, and made to pay a heavy duty. Every 17 tons of ſalt, which coſts about 140 florins at Dantzick, is obliged to pay 150 florins duty, in ducats of eight florins. What other things are to pay, is not yet known.

Stockholm, October 1. As it appears by the Manifeſto, that a proceſs was to be carried on againſt the King, General Pechlin and Dr. Ruſtræm, who drew up that piece, are going to be tried.

Vienna, Oct. 3. It is a general report, that the war between the Ruſſians and the Turks will become more fierce and bloody than ever. 'Tis pretended, that the former will be effectually ſupported by a powerful ally.

The laſt letters from Conſtantinople adviſe, that the preparations for war in the Grand Signor's dominions are immenſe.

Lower Elbe, Oct. 9. The armies of the two belligerant powers have availed themſelves of the armiſtice, to get reinforcements. Field Marſhal Count de Romanzow has ſent orders to moſt of the Ruſſian regiments in Poland to come and join him. The Ruſſians will be 200,000 ſtrong. Freſh troops arrive daily at the Grand Viſir's army, which is ſaid to conſiſt of upwards of 250,000 men.

Warſaw, Oct. 14. *Accounts have been received here, of a freſh Suſpenſion of Arms, for 40 Days, between the Ruſſians and the Turks, and of the Renewal of the Negociation for Peace.*

Hague, Oct. 27. *The News of the Renewal of the Negociation between the Ruſſians and Turks, is confirmed here from Berlin and Warſaw.*

Dublin, October 16. We hear that the Right Hon. the Earl of Shelburne, lately arrived in this kingdom, being convinced of the falſe policy long practiſed by landlords, of raiſing rents beyond the due proportion that labour and agriculture bear to the neceſſaries of life, is determined to leſſen the annual ſums paid by his tenants, and reduce his income, rather than receive a rack-rent, extorted from the bowels of induſtry. An example worthy of imitation by every eſtated man throughout this unfortunate kingdom.

St. James's, Oct. 17. *The King has been pleaſed to grant unto the Right Hon. George Lord Viſcount Townſhend, Lieutenant-General of his Majeſty's Forces, the Office of Maſter-General of the Ordnance.*

Oct. 22. The King has been pleaſed to grant unto the Right Hon. Henry Seymour Conway, General of his Majeſty's forces, the office of Governor, and Captain of the Iſle of Jerſey, and Caſtle of Gouray, alias Montorgueil and Elizabeth.

The King has been pleaſed to grant unto Lieutenant General Sir Jeffery Amherſt, Knight of the Bath, the office and place of Lieutenant General of his Majeſty's Ordnance.

L O N D O N.

October 17. Letters from Smyrna, dated Aug. 24, mention, that they had received advice, by the maſter of a veſſel from Paros, of the death of Count Theodore Orlow, of a malignant fever.

Oct. 19. *Yeſterday his Excellency Sir Robert Keith ſat out on his his Embaſſy to the Court of Vienna, in the Room of the Earl of Stormont, who ſucceeds the Earl of Harcourt at Paris.*

Orders are ſent to Hanover, to keep the Troops in conſtant Diſcipline, and to compleat the Number of every Regiment with all Expedition. This looks as if the Storm gathering in the North was ſpeedily expected to burſt, and threatened to be very hoſtile to a favourite Electorate.

Very diſagreeable News is ſaid to have been received on Friday Night from the Continent. The Swedes have already begun to approach towards the Frontiers of Norway, and the Emperor of Germany towards the Ruſſian Dominions.

Yeſterday the different Captains of Ships raiſed their Mens Wages, and every Thing is agreeably compromiſed. They are gone on board their reſpective Ships.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, October 16.

"*Yeſterday a Court of Enquiry was held on board the Centaur Man of War, in the Harbour, on Lieutenant Duddingſton, on Account of the Gaſpee Schooner, which was loſt in America; when, on a full Enquiry, the Lieutenant was acquitted with Honour.*"

Oct. 20. The laſt letters from Copenhagen intimate, that a war with Sweden ſeemed to be inevitable.

It is beyond a doubt that General Conway is to have the vacant Government of Jerſey; and that the revenues thereof are to be conſiderably augmented.

The toaſt of the day is---"Any Lord Mayor rather than a tool of the Court."

A very ſpirited memorial is now preparing, in order to be ſent to the Court of Portugal, relative to the recent complaints of the Engliſh merchants trading thither.

Miniſterial oppoſition is the life of Mr. Wilkes. Since the ſcrutiny has been demanded, 900l. have been ſubſcribed for his aſſiſtance at the London Tavern.

A letter from Warſaw, dated October 1, ſays, "A Senatus Conſilium is to be held the 10th of this month. His Majeſty ſtill refuſes to ſummon the Members of the Dyet; in the declaration of the three united powers it is notified, that the crown of Poland is for the future to be hereditary, and the King is intitled to more powers than before, but to leſs revenue."

They write from Dunkirk, that an embargo is laid on all veſſels at Breſt and St. Maloes, in order to man a ſquadron, which is fitting out at the former port.

Extract of a Letter from Liſbon, Sept. 19.

"*On the 12th Inſtant, a Daniſh Ship arrived here from Magazan, a Portugueſe Settlement on the Coaſt of Africa, and brings Advice, that the Moors have beſieged that Place; and that the Governor had ſent an Expreſs to Madeira, to procure ſome Aſſiſtance from thence, and that it was preſumed, that ſeveral German and French Officers were among the Moors, and directed the Attack. On board the abovementioned Ship came the Governor's Lady, Son, ſome Domeſtics, and three of the principal Factors. As ſoon as the Court received this melancholy News, ſome Ships were diſpatched with warlike Stores, and others were ordered to be fitted out to carry Troops, which, it is hoped, may arrive Time enough to raiſe the Siege.*"

During the ſeveral Elections for a Member for Middleſex, a certain Great Perſonage frequently declared, "Wilkes ſhould not be Member, if his Family bled for it." It is ſaid he perſiſts in the ſame Reſolution upon the preſent Election for Mayor.

Oct. 22. We are told for certain, that His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter was upwards of two hours yeſterday with their Majeſties at the Queen's Palace.

A letter from Altona, dated Oct. 13, ſays, "We are informed, from very good authority, that the Court of Copenhagen has mortgaged our city, and the county of Pinnenburg, to the government of Hanover, for the ſum of 1,090,000 dollars; about 245,250l.

Extract of a letter from Berlin, Oct. 10.

"It borders upon the *marvellous*, to ſee a glimmering of virtue in the heart of a modern hero; but it is certain, that Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick has actually declined to accept the place of Governor of Poliſh Pruſſia, declaring, he would not be the Governor of an uſurped people."

The Comet, which begins to appear every evening, has been ſeen at Canterbury and Dover, in Scotland and Ireland, and, we are told, alſo in ſome parts of France.

Betts in the City are now 20 to one againſt Shakeſpear's being Lord Mayor; 15 to one againſt Halliſax; ſix to one againſt Townſhend; and three to one Wilkes againſt the field.

The Ottoman army will take the field early the next ſpring, and will conſiſt of 250,000 men; to oppoſe which the Empreſs of Ruſſia will have a force of 200,000.

We learn from Copenhagen, that the King has given the command of all his armies to his brother Prince Frederick.

They write from Warſaw, that ſeveral bodies of Poliſh troops are now raiſing in every part of the kingdom, by order of the King of Poland.

A letter from Dantzick mentions, that 5000 of the Pruſſian cavalry have been lately quartered on the inhabitants of that city for the winter.

Extract of a letter from Berlin, dated October 6.

"The Politicians here are deeply employed in attempting to inveſtigate the deſigns of the Pruſſian Monarch, in laying claim to ſuch fine extents of country. Some applaud his meaſures to the heavens, whilſt others (and I fear thoſe are in the right) prophecy that the ambitious, all-graſping, deſigns of the Monarch, will ſooner or later involve the kingdom in the utmoſt miſeries. All Europe will not ſtand a tame ſpectator to his miſchievous projects, nor ſuffer him to diſmember and oppreſs whole regions with impunity. Though England may ſuffer him to poſſeſs himſelf of Bremen and Verden, which he will certainly next lay claim to, the ſpirited young Emperor of Germany, and Ruſſian Empreſs, will one day give him the due chaſtiſement he deſerves."

They write from Genoa, that the State is very uneaſy on account of its loan of 200,000 ſequins (90,000 l. ſterling) lent the King of Poland, and ſecured on the ſalt works of that kingdom, now poſſeſſed by the Emperor.

We hear that ſome material changes in the government of America, and the Weſt-Indies, are now in agitation.

Letters from Rome adviſe, that the ſtep taken by the Pope in taking out of the hands of the Jeſuits the Great Seminary, and likewiſe the Iriſh Seminary, ſo long eſtabliſhed in that city, is a great proof of the decreaſe of the credit of thoſe Fathers; and that ſome people even look upon it as a prelude to the ſuppreſſion of that Order.

October 23. Yeſterday General Conway attended the Levee at St. James's, and reſigned his place as Lieutenant General of the Ordnance.

The matters deliberated in Council yeſterday, were relative to ſome diſpatches of conſequence received from the continent.

It is ſomething remarkable, that the acceſſion to the throne is not to be kept; clothes, it is certain, were prepared on the occaſion, and a Biſhop came to town to preach a ſermon on Sunday, but went out of town again yeſterday.

The reaſon of General Conway's reſigning is on account of Lord Townſhend's being Maſter General of the Ordnance, though inferior of rank in the army, as they ſtand by rotation.

A propoſition is expected from the India-Houſe during the next ſeſſion of parliament, of all the Company's territorial revenues to the public, upon conditions no leſs advantageous to the proprietors than profitable to the nation at large.

The following letter has been received from the Sheriffs, by the Scrutineers, on the part of Meſſieurs Wilkes and Townſhend:

"*The Sheriffs of London preſent their reſpectful compliments to the Scrutineers, on the part of all the candidates for the office of Lord Mayor, and inform them, that if the plan of proceedings next Saturday, on the ſcrutiny, be ſtill unſettled between them, that the Sheriffs will proceed alphabetically with the ſeveral Livery Companies, beginning with the Apothecaries Company, and ſo on through the alphabet. And as references may frequently be neceſſary to the original poll books, they recommend, that oppoſite to every name, the original books, from 1 to 8, and the folios in each, may be referred to. The Sheriffs think this method will ſave much time and attendance, and be perfectly fair on the part of all the candidates.*" London, Oct. 21, 1772.

Oct. 24. A very principal part of the embaſſy of the Arabian Prince, Joſeph Paleſtine (who is a Chriſtian, of the Greek perſuaſion) to this Court is, the opening of a very new and advantageous branch of commerce.

It is reported that Ld. D----th will ſhortly reſign his office.

A diſcovery has been made by an ingenious German Chemiſt of a varniſh, which will effectually ſecure houſes from taking fire. It has been tried, and found to anſwer very well.

This morning, at nine o'clock, the Sheriffs met on the Huſtings in Guildhall, according to adjournment, to proceed upon the ſcrutiny, when they received the following letter:

To the SHERIFFS *of* LONDON.

"GENTLEMEN,

"THE reſpective ſcrutineers, nominated by us, having declared "themſelves diſabled from entering upon the ſcrutiny, for want "of the delivery of *true copies of the poll*, as required by the act of "parliament of the eleventh of George the Firſt, we object to "any further proceedings touching the preſent election of Mayor "for the City of London, as irregular and illegal.

"We are, Gentlemen,

"Your humble ſervants,

"THOMAS HALLIFAX,

"JOHN SHAKESPEAR."

Received ten minutes after nine o'clock, Saturday morning, Oct. 24, 1772, of Mr. Edw. Reynolds.

Witneſs, John Pearl,
George Daniel.

Notwithſtanding this letter the ſcrutineers of Meſſrs. Wilkes and Townſhend are determined to proceed on the ſcrutiny, againſt the votes of Meſſrs. Halliſax and Shakeſpear, before the Sheriffs at Guildhall, agreeable to law; and are determined not to ſubmit to a ſhuffling pretence for delay and trouble.

Extract of a letter from Stockholm, dated October 9.

"On Count Taube's arrival in this city from Peterſburgh the 3d inſtant, he delivered a letter to his Majeſty from the Empreſs of Ruſſia, written in the French language with her own hand: This letter appeared in the public papers here; its tenure is as follows: "Her Majeſty congratulates the King on the ſucceſs of his plan, which was calculated for the good of his ſubjects, more eſpecially as it is conſiſtent and correſponds with the preſent general aim of all the Courts of Europe, which is for the good of mankind, and their ſacred laws and conſtitutions. Her Majeſty alſo aſſures the King of her aſſiſtance, neighbourly alliance and friendſhip; and wiſhes him farther ſucceſs in his heroic ſpirit and tender heart towards his ſubjects; for theſe only two excellent qualities and attributes make the Monarch worthy to be a Monarch."

Oct. 27. At Guildhall on Saturday, the Sheriffs, after reading to the Livery the letter from Meſſieurs Halifax and Shakeſpear, ſent to Goldſmith's-hall for the ſcrutineers nominated by them, who being come, a warm altercation enſued; the ſecondary, and his clerks, who copied the poll, declaring, that they carefully examined the copies, and were very clear they were true. At length, having taken the opinion of Sir James Hodges, who ſaid, in ſubſtance, that he had been concerned in many ſcrutinies, but never remembered an inſtance of a proteſt againſt a ſcrutiny; that, in the preſent caſe, he apprehended that the poll was to be conſidered in the ſame ſituation as if no ſcrutiny had been demanded, and that thoſe who had the higheſt numbers on the poll, ought to be deemed duly returned; but, to take off every imputation of partiality from the Sheriffs, he would adviſe them to ſcrutinize four names on one ſide, and four on the other, in each company, regularly and alphabetically, through the whole, which he apprehended would take but little time or trouble. Mr. Sheriff Oliver ſtepped forwards, and declared, that as the friends of Meſſieurs Halifax and Shakeſpear occaſioned the expence of the ſcrutiny, he and his brother Sheriff were determined to go through with it; which declaration was received with much applauſe. Mr. Sheriff Lewes then ſent for Alderman Townſhend; who came upon the Huſtings in a few minutes, and declared, that a report having prevailed, that if Mr. Wilkes and he ſhould be returned to the Court of Aldermen for their choice of one, the Aldermen would ſcratch for him, he aſſured them he would not, in that caſe, accept the office, in preference to Mr. Wilkes, as the latter was the ſenior Alderman. This declaration met with great approbation. Mr. Sheriff Lewes afterwards ſtepped forth, and deſired if any gentleman in the hall knew of bad votes on either ſide, he would come forth and give information; upon which the ſcrutiny commenced.

Yeſterday the Rev. Mr. Horne appeared upon the Huſtings at Guildhall; he was ſoon diſcovered, when hiſſes and groans went through the hall, and crying out, "Turn him off, no turncoats! Will you dye your black coat red?" The diſturbance was ſo great, that he was obliged to quit the Huſtings.

Advices from Cadiz inform us, that letters had lately arrived from Chili, in South America, giving an account of a general inſurrection breaking out throughout that whole province, among the Indians. It is added, that there has been already a moſt incredible ſlaughter of the natives of Spain, and thoſe of Spaniſh deſcent.

There is advice in town, that the Portugueſe ſettlements of Grand Para, in the Brazils, has lately ſuffered very conſiderably by an earthquake. The loſs is computed at two millions of pieces of eight.

Letters received from the Continent by the laſt mail, authenticate the diſgrace of Count Orlow, her Ruſſian Majeſty's Ambaſſador Plenipotentiary at the late congreſs of Fockzany, and principal favourite.

The comet appears now every night, and may be ſeen by the curious, between the hours of one and three, in a very conſpicuous point of view.

Yeſterday the following affidavit was made before the Lord Mayor at the Seſſions Houſe:

"*William Bolton, one of the Secondaries of the City of London, maketh oath, that the ſeveral copies of the poll books on the late poll for Lord Mayor of the city of London (except the copies of the book number 8) were, by the direction of the Sheriffs of London, to the beſt of this Deponent's knowledge and belief, and with his utmoſt care and diligence, fairly and impartially made, and examined by this Deponent, and the ſeveral Clerks employed by him for that purpoſe; and this Deponent verily believes, that ſuch copies were true, faithful, and correct, as could poſſibly be made from the original poll books; and this Deponent ſaith, that on inſpecting the original poll book, number 8, he found the ſame ſo very ill and incorrectly written, that he thought it prudent to carry the ſame, and the ſeveral copies thereof, to the Sheriffs at Guildhall, for their examination, and that Mr. Sheriff Oliver held ſuch original poll book, and the four ſeveral copies thereof were examined in the preſence of Mr. Leekey, a Scrutineer on the part of Meſſieurs Halifax and Shakeſpear, and Mr. Biſhop, and Mr. Saxby, Scrutineers on the part of Mr. Wilkes, and ſeveral other perſons whom this Deponent believes were Scrutineers for the different Candidates; and this Deponent further ſaith, that no one of the Candidates, or of their Scrutineers, at any time ſince the delivery of the ſaid copies, on the 14th inſtant, hath applied to this Deponent to compare or examine the ſame with the original poll books, which poll books have, ever ſince the poll, been under the care and cuſtody of this Deponent.*

WM. BOLTON.

Sworn at the Seſſions-Houſe, in the Old Bailey, London, this 26th October, 1772. WM. NASH, Mayor.

We are informed that there have been lately ſeveral conſultations held among the Law Officers of the Crown, to ſee if poſſible by any means a certain patriotic Alderman can be precluded from ſerving the office of Lord Mayor, who all agree, that nothing but putting a negative on his approbation can prevent him.

They write from Vienna, that an edict is juſt regiſtered there, for raiſing 6,400,000 livres (266,666 guineas) on the clergy and religious houſes, towards the ſupport of the army.

Poland is ſaid to be reduced one eighth in its inhabitants, by the diviſions which have ſo long rent and torn it; beſides its loſs of people, above 400 towns and villages have been razed.

Oct. 29. This day, at twenty minutes paſt twelve, the Sheriffs aſcended the Huſtings, when Mr. Oliver came forward, and addreſſed the Livery in the following terms.

GENTLEMEN,

"As we juſt now learn that the cuſtomary hour of making a return to the Court of Aldermen is one o'clock, we muſt, for fear of being guilty of any irregularity, beg your patience till that time."

This addreſs was received with applauſe; and in a few minutes Captain Allen addreſſed the Livery from his uſual ſtation under the clock; remarking, that whatever was the conſequence, he would always endeavour to act with ſpirit and honour, in the ſervice of his country:--that whenever ambitious tyrants fought the deſtruction of their country, the duties of a patient reſignation was the doctrine preached by their infernal agents. He obſerved, that in all caſes where tyranny was exerciſed, oppoſition became a duty. He then ſeverely cenſured the conduct of the Lord Mayor, in denying the Livery one of their moſt undoubted rights, that of inſtructing their Repreſentatives; and concluded with hoping, that when the other buſineſs of the day was concluded, they would inſiſt on their former inſtructions being recorded.

This ſpeech was received with loud acclamations, and Mr. Allen retired for a minute, and then returned, and ſaid, that, as Mr. Croſby was Mayor at the time the Inſtructions were moved for, it would be proper to enquire of that gentleman, what had become of thoſe inſtructions? He likewiſe recommended it to the Livery not to inſult the perſons of any of the Aldermen, but leave thoſe, who had acted amiſs, to the remorſe of their own conſciences.

At one o'clock the Sheriffs came forward, and the Common-Serjeant having read the particulars of the poll and ſcrutiny, declared the Sheriffs opinion, that as no objection had been made to any of the votes on either ſide, the ſtate of the election ſtood juſt as it did before the demand of the ſcrutiny, and that therefore Meſſrs. Wilkes and Townſhend were duly returned to the Court of Aldermen.

The Sheriffs now retired to the Council Chamber, where they remained full an hour, when the Lord Mayor took the chair. Silence being made, Mr. Common Serjeant again read all the particulars of the poll and ſcrutiny, written on ſeveral ſheets of paper, and declared the election of the Court of Aldermen to have fallen on JAMES TOWNSHEND, Eſq.

Clapping of hands, huzzaing, hiſſing, hooting, and growling, were now prevalent through the hall. Mr. Townſhend now advanced to the front of the Huſtings, and was inveſted with the chain, as Lord Mayor Elect. He then attempted to addreſs the Livery, but the noiſe and confuſion was ſo great, that he could not be heard.

In about ten minutes, by the entreaties of Mr. Oliver and the Gentlemen on the Huſtings, the tumult ſubſided; and Mr. Townſhend, in a ſpirited and manly addreſs, obſerved, that the whole tenor of his conduct had been ſuch, that he hoped he had no need to make an apology; that his higheſt ambition was the applauſe of honeſt men; and that he would endeavour, unbiaſſed by any miniſter or private motive, to diſcharge the honourable truſt, with which the good opinion of his fellow citizens had inveſted him.

Mr. Wilkes then came forward, and as ſoon as a moſt tumultuous roar of applauſe would permit him to be heard, he remarked, that the right of chuſing a Mayor was, by ancient charters, veſted ſolely in the Livery------that the Aldermen, by electing Mr. Townſhend, had ſacrificed the Election of the Liverymen. Mr. Wilkes added, that, though Mr. Townſhend was not the perſon properly elected, he was a warm friend to the cauſe of the people; and that himſelf would at all times gladly join any of the magiſtrates, in promoting the proſperity of the city of London.

Captain Allen then came forward, and moved, that the Inſtructions might be recorded.---The Lord Mayor objected---Allen again advanced, and made the motion regularly, which was inſtantly ſeconded by ſeveral Gentlemen. Mr. Croſby begged to know if it was the pleaſure of the Livery that they ſhould be recorded----- "Yes, yes," was the univerſal cry.

At this inſtant the Lord Mayor aroſe, and attempted to leave the Huſtings. Captain Allen ran acroſs the Huſtings, and for ſome time detained the Mayor, the Mace-bearer, and all the Regalia. Mr. Naſh, however, was reſolute, and croſſed the hall to his coach, amidſt ſuch groans and execrations as were never before heard in Guildhall.

Not one of the Aldermen retired with his Lordſhip.

The King of Pruſſia has a demand of 700,000l. on Great-Britain; and he has already declared, that he expects immediate payment.

A memorial has lately been ſent to the Court of Spain, demanding ſatisfaction for the injuries ſeveral Britiſh ſubjects have received from the Spaniſh power in the Weſt-Indies. It is ſaid to be written in the moſt ſpirited terms, and at the inſtance of the Earl of Rochford.

Ten ſhips of the line were put in commiſſion yeſterday; and it is expected an equal number will be commiſſioned on Monday next.

The insurance on a war for one year has risen, within a few days, from Five to Twelve Guineas; at which latter price very few will underwrite.

Several houses of rendezvous are opened at Portsmouth, Plymouth, and in Wapping.

From the above circumstances a speedy war is thought to be inevitable.

A report prevails at the west end of the town, that the Earl of Dartmouth has lately signified an intention of resigning his new office, owing to a favourite scheme of government giving him great disgust.

Yesterday Lord Chief Baron Parker attended the Levee, at St. James's, and resigned his place as Chief Baron of the Exchequer.

They write from Copenhagen, that the Court of Russia has made a demand of 6000 men of the King of Denmark, according to an ancient treaty.

Letters from Madrid say, that the Empress of Russia has made an Application to that Court for a fleet to assist her operations in the Mediterranean, but it is not known what reply will be given to this request.

Extract of a letter from Thoulouse.

"*On the 17th of September, the Garonne, which had for more than a month before been so low as to be unnavigable, was, by six o' clock in the morning, from a fall of rain, during the whole preceding day, raised to its ordinary heighth. At three the same afternoon, it overflowed its banks with great impetuosity, carrying away more than ten thousand loads of timber, together with rafts, boats, barks, casks, &c. &c. No less than 600 houses were demolished, and more than 50 persons buried in their ruins.*"

Oct. 31. A certain popular Magistrate, it is said, declares, that it cost him no less than four thousand three hundred pounds, during the course of his late Sheriffalty, as he paid all expences on both sides.

The SPEECH of Mr. Alderman WILKES to the LIVERY, at Guildhall, on Thursday, October 29.

"*Gentlemen, and Brother Liverymen,*

"AFTER the most unfair and ungrounded allegations, both against the Justice of the Poll, and the Honour of the Sheriffs, our adversaries have been reduced to the necessity of abandoning a Scrutiny, which was only demanded to create expence, and to disturb the public peace. Upon the fullest evidence, I am now warranted to declare that, if the Scrutiny had been continued by them, a much greater Majority than that declared by the Sheriffs at the close of the Poll, would have appeared at the finishing of the Scrutiny, and many scenes of iniquity and corruption been laid open to all mankind. The consciousness and dread of this, was the true cause of the Scrutiny being declined, on the most false and injurious subterfuge.

"The Court of Aldermen, Gentlemen, notwithstanding the sanction of your declared wish and approbation, by the majority of your suffrages, have not thought proper to ratify your choice. I give the gentleman, who is the object of their choice, much joy. His *forward zeal* for the public service---but I will not be his panegyrist.

"I am happy, Gentlemen, to be farther useful to you, by humbly offering to you, at all future times, the tender of my service, in conjunction with any gentleman, whom you may chuse hereafter to raise to the dignity of your Chief Magistrate. I shall thus enjoy the satisfaction of vesting in the Livery of London the full and sole power of electing their own Mayor; a privilege enjoyed by all the other corporations, and which in my opinion they ought to have had at the first formation of the constitution of this city. On every occasion, Gentlemen, I shall be ready to obey your commands, and to convince you of my warm gratitude for your repeated favours."

The Court of Aldermen are supposed to have voted as follows:

For Alderman Townshend. ----- Ladbroke, Alsop, Glynn, Harley, Plumb, Stevenson, Oliver, Sawbridge.---*For Alderman Wilkes.*---Asgill, Bridgen, Turner, Crosby, Kirkman, Bull, Lewes.-------*Did not vote.*-------Lord Mayor, Shakespear, Wilkes, Townsend, Rossetter, Kennet.

Great diligence, we are assured, is now used to BUTEFYE the two Houses against the Meeting of P---------.

It is said, that, in order to make bread more reasonable, Mr. Alderman Townshend intends to bring a Bill into Parliament, to oblige all farmers to pay for the stock they have in hand, which is not of the last year's growth, as part of their personal estate.

A letter from the Hague says, "The States General sent a memorial to his Prussian Majesty, asserting the independency of the city of Dantzick, for which the States are one of the guarantees. An answer thereto is expected with the utmost impatience."

PHILADELPHIA, *December* 30.

On Monday next the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province meets here.

Extract of a Letter from London, October 7.

"The India Company are determined upon sending out Supervisors. They were named Yesterday, and are Six in Number, to be joined by Three already there. Mean while, they, with Five Millions Worth of Goods in their Warehouses, which cannot be brought to Market soon but at an immense Loss, are in Want of present Money, which if they cannot raise, they must lower their Dividends, and contract their Trade. In this Situation, they have applied to the Ministry for their Advice and Assistance. Two Methods are talked of; one, to apply to Parliament for a Renewal of their Charter, and an Increase of their Capital; the other, for Leave to borrow an additional Million on their Bonds.---Great Difficulties stand in the Way of either of these Expedients, so I cannot say which, or if either of them, will take Place. It is possible, however, that this may, among other Things, occasion the Parliament to assemble before Christmas.

"The Convention between the Turks and Russians is unhappily broke off, and they are both preparing to renew Hostilities. If they remain long in this State, other Powers will every now and then join one Side or the other, and the War may insensibly become general, than which nothing is more to be dreaded.-----The State of Poland, the late Revolution in Sweden, the Rapacity of the King of Prussia, ever ready to encroach on his Neighbours, all weigh in the Scale to damp our Hopes of remaining long in perfect Tranquility. But I still hope these Fears may be groundless.

"Yesterday, on the Conclusion of the Poll for Mayor, Wilkes found Means to procure a Majority, and the Sheriffs will return him and Townshend to the Court of Aldermen To-morrow. The Numbers were, For Wilkes - - - 2301

Townshend	-	-	2278
Hallifax	-	-	2126
Shakespear	-	-	1912

But as many are known to have polled twice, and many more to have presumed to have personated Liverymen, who, being now at a Distance, could not poll, a Scrutiny will be demanded, which, I am persuaded, will greatly reduce his Numbers, and eventually defeat him. Tho' for my own Part, I see no great Harm can arise from their permitting him to have his Frolick out.

"The Removal of Lord Hillsborough, as I observed to you in my last, is attended with no other Alteration in the Ministry. He is entirely forgot already.-----That he meditates any farther Opposition to the Settlement of the new Colony, as a few of his Dependants, without the least Foundation, insinuate, I am certain is groundless.-----But, if he attempts it, I will venture to pronounce, that all his Endeavours will be fruitless. The Scheme will be carried into Execution without Delay, in Spite of any little Obstructions he may vainly throw in the Way."

On Tuesday, the 15th instant, was married, Mr. SAMUEL SCOTT, of Rapho Township, in the County of Lancaster, a Gentleman of considerable Property, to Miss HANNAH BOYD, Daughter of the Reverend ADAM BOYD, late of Octorara, in Chester County, a young Lady, of an amiable Character.

Captain Stacey left Falmouth the 13th of November, in Company with the Lord Hyde Packet, Captain Goddard, for New-York; and the Lady Spencer Packet, Captain Pond, for South-Carolina.

Captain Bulkeley, from Cadiz, on the 3d of last Month, in Lat. 35, 50, spoke a Schooner, Captain Cridler, from Boston for Gibraltar, out 34 Days; on the 13th Instant, in Lat. 29:30, spoke a Schooner, Captain Hopkins, from New-London, 6 Days out; the next Day spoke a Sloop, from New-Haven for Antigua; 17th, in Lat. 33:33, spoke the Ship Margaret, Captain Spier, from this Port for Jamaica, out 5 Days; 19th, in Lat. 35, spoke the Sloop Polly, Captain Burnham, from New-London for Jamaica, 5 Days out; and on the 23d, in Lat. 30:14, he spoke a Sloop, Captain Dickson, from St. Croix for this Port.

Captain Budden, from Lisbon, on the 12th of last Month, in Lat. 37:59, Long. 17:41, spoke with Captain Davison, in a Ship of this Port, from Teneriffe for Lisbon; on the 15th Instant, in Lat. 32:53, Long. 73:10, spoke a Sloop, from St. Eustatia for Maryland, out 15 Days; the next Day spoke a Sloop, Captain Dennis, from Montserrat for New-York, out 14 Days; 19th, in Lat. 38:11, Long. 74, spoke a Sloop, from St. Croix for Boston, but did not learn the Master's Name; and on the 21st, in Lat. 39:4, Long. 74:20, he spoke a Ship, from Alicant for Virginia, out 73 Days.----Captain Budden informs, that Captain Herbert, in a Brig from Virginia, arrived at Lisbon on the First of November, and a large Topsail Schooner, from this Port, on the 4th.

Captain Castle, from St. Ubes, on the 10th Instant, in Lat. 34:33, Long. 67:38, spoke a Brig, Captain Bristol, from Virginia for Madeira, 5 Days out; 19th, in Lat. 38:37, Long 74:36, spoke a Sloop, Captain Harvey, from Tortola for New-York; and the next Day he spoke a Ship, Captain Finley, from the Bay of Honduras for New-York, out 7 Weeks.

Captain Corry, from Barbados informs, that a Snow, from the Coast of Africa, arrived at that Island dismasted; she had lost her Anchors and Cables on the Coast, and was obliged to leave the Long-boat, with Part of the Crew, on Shore, having only 50 Slaves on board; and that he saw a large Ship, belonging to Liverpool, working into Carlisle-Bay as he came out, which had lost both her Anchors and Cables on the Coast.----On the 27th of November, in Lat. 16, Long. 61, he spoke with Captain Marshall, in a Sloop, from Baltimore for Dominica, out 25 Days; on the 19th Instant, in Lat. 38:3, Long. 72, spoke a Sloop, from North-Carolina for New-York; and the next Day, in Lat. 38:30, Long. 73:30, he spoke a Schooner, from St. Martins for Boston, out 15 Days.

Captain Atkinson, from St. Ubes, on the 27th ult. in Lat. 26, Long. 66:30, spoke the Brig William, Captain Bartlett, from Boston for Jamaica, out 11 Days, all well.

Captain Patterson, from Jamaica, on the 28th ult. off Heneago, spoke a Ship, from Port-au-Prince, the Master of which informed him, that Captain Robinson, in a Sloop, and Captain Powell, in a Ship, were both arrived there from this Port; on the 12th Instant, in Lat. 27:48, Long. 75:40, spoke a Brig, from St. Martins for Virginia; 15th, in Lat. 32:17, Long. 74, spoke a Brig, Captain Askew, from Nevis for Virginia; and the same Day spoke with Captain Richardson, in a Brig, from London for Virginia, out 7 Weeks, who informed him, that three Days before, he spoke the Ship Charming Nancy, Captain Biddle, from this Port for Jamaica, 5 Days out, all well on board, but the Ship leaky.

Captain Cox, from the Grenades, on the 30th ult. in Lat. 23:21, Long. 65:48, spoke a Brig, from New-London for Jamaica; and on the 1st Instant, in Lat. 23:42, Long. 66, he spoke a Sloop, Captain Bill, from St. Eustatia for New-York, out 8 Days.

The Captains Chatham, Peddington, Miller, and Johnson, are arrived at Jamaica from this Port.

*** The MEMBERS of the AMERICAN PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY are hereby notified, That the *Election of Officers*, for the ensuing Year, will be held at their Hall, on *Friday*, the *Eighth* of *January*, at *Two* o' Clock in the Afternoon.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*. INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Dolphin, J. Huston, and Schooner Industry, M. Williams, from Halifax. Sloop Reddick, H. Kennedy, Schooner Nancy, E. Dewley, and Schooner Rebecca, J. Holden, Virginia. Sloop Friendship, P. Treeby, R. Island. Sloop Hannah, G. May, and Brig Constant Friends, P. Flynn, St. Croix. Brig Molly, J. Mullett, and Brig Charlotte, R. Montgomery, St. Kitts. Brig Dolphin, J. Russell, Dominica. Schooner Amelia, P. Barry, and Snow Sarah, S. Corry, Barbados. Schooner Gull, J. Rois, Nevis. Sloop Peggy, J. Caton, and Sloop Hebe, J. Wilson, Hispaniola. Schooner Chance, T. Murdoch, St. Eustatia. Snow Venus, G. Atkinson, and Ship Queen of Portugal, J. Castle, St. Ubes. Ship Rebecca and Susanna, R. Cassin, and Ship James and Mary Ann, W. Budden, Lisbon. Schooner Kingston, R. Patterson, and Brig Polly, J. Shields, Jamaica. Brig Kitty, M. Fearns, and Brig Speedwell, J. Cox, Grenades. Ship Boyne, S. Conyngham, from Bourdeaux.

OUTWARDS. Sloop Maria, R. Burke, and Ship Albany, L. Martin, for Africa. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, R. Island. Sloop Potowmack, G. Rowe, Barbados. Ship James and Mary Ann, W. Budden, Virginia. Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, for Dublin.

CLEARED. Ship Phœbe and Peggy, D. M'Culloch, to Newry. Ship Wolfe, R. Hunter, and Ship Jenny, J. Campbell, Londonderry. Ship Tyger, J. Robertson, and Snow Sally, G. Gilbert, Jamaica. Brig Sally, D. Harrow, and Ship Warwick, C. Smith, Hispaniola. Brig Nancy, B. Peel, Ship Nesbitt, J. Green, and Ship George, S. Martin, Cadiz. Schooner Britannia, A. Tappen, Newberry. Sloop Charlotte, J. Lockton, St. Eustatia. Snow New Molly, W. Kerlin, Madeira. Brig Dove, W. Allen, Barbados. Sloop Abigail, N. West, R. Island. Schooner Nancy, J. Bernard, Salem, N. E. Ship Sally, J. Osman, S. Carolina. Sloop Jenny, R. Bell, Maryland. Sloop Nancy and Peggy, J. Nesbitt, and Schooner Betsey, A. Gurling, N. Carolina. Schooner Amelia, P. Barry, St. Kitts. Schooner Polly, J. Greely, to Boston.

THE MEMBERS of *The Society for the Relief of poor and distressed Masters of Ships, their Widows and Children*, are desired to attend their General Meeting, at the Coffee-House, on Monday, the Fourth of January next, at Five o' Clock in the Afternoon, to choose Twelve Managers, and a Treasurer, for the ensuing Year.---And whereas several Members of the said Society have been long in Arrears, it is expected, that they will attend and pay the same, especially as the said Society is purely a Charitable One.

JOSHUA CRESSON,

In Market-street, a few doors below HALL and SELLERS's Printing-Office, hath for SALE,

FINE hyson, green and bohea tea, double and single refined loaf sugar, lump and muscovado ditto, coffee, chocolate, pepper, ginger, allspice, nutmegs, cinnamon, cloves and mace; also a parcel of choice indigo, madder, ground redwood, braziletto, fustick, allom, copperas, brimstone, and sundry other articles. §

Philadelphia, December 28, 1772.

HIDES, in the Hair; Jamaica and West-India RUM; choice Muscovado SUGARS; COFFEE; and an Assortment of European and East-India GOODS, to be sold, on reasonable Terms, by CONYNGHAM and NESBITT.

To be LETT, and entered on the 21st of March next,

A LARGE commodious HOUSE, pleasantly situated in the center of the town of Haddonfield, 7 miles from Cooper's ferry, in West-Jersey; there is a good two story kitchen adjoining the house, a pump of excellent water at the kitchen door, brick still-house and smoke-house in the yard, and ten acres of land, lying immediately adjoining the house, on which is a barn, with sufficient stabling, and a very good bearing orchard. The whole of the premises are in good order, and would suit a person inclining to live retired, or a shopkeeper; but a butcher in particular would meet with encouragement, and considerable advantage might be reaped by one, from the handiness of the situation to attend this market, and his being able to supply the inhabitants, in the town and neighbourhood, with butcher's meat. For terms, apply to the subscriber, in Philadelphia; or to Benjamin Hartley, near the premises, who will shew the same.

MATTHIAS ASPDEN.

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING, will be presented A COMEDY (written by the ingenious Mr. *Whitehead*, Poet-Laureat to his Majesty) not acted these five Years, called

THE SCHOOL FOR LOVERS; Or, THE MAN OF THE TOWN.

Modely, by Mr. HALLAM,
Sir John Dorilant, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Bellmour, by Mr. WALL,
Steward, by Mr. MORRIS,
Lady Beverly, by Mrs. MORRIS,
Araminta, by Mrs. HENRY,
Celia, by Miss HALLAM.

To which will be ADDED, by particular Desire,

THE PADLOCK.

Mungo, by Mr. HALLAM,
Don Diego, by Mr. WOOLLS,
Leander, by Mr. WALL,
Ursula, by Mrs. MORRIS,
Leonora, by Miss HALLAM.

The Doors to be opened at Four, and the Play to begin exactly at Six o' Clock.---No Person, on any Account whatsoever, can possibly be admitted behind the Scenes.---Places in the Boxes may be taken at the Theatre.---Ladies and Gentlemen will please to send their Servants at Four o' Clock.----TICKETS, without which no Person can be admitted, are sold at the Bar of the Coffee-house.

BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

Philadelphia, December 26, 1772.

THOSE wholesale Merchants, who have made Entry of their Rum, and other spirituous Liquors, pursuant to the late Act of Assembly, for making the Excise on spirituous Liquors more equal, are hereby desired to settle their respective Accompts with me, by regular Entries made of their Sales, both for Consumption and Exportations, as said Act directs.

† WILLIAM CRISPIN, Collector.

Oxford, December 24, 1772.

WAS FOUND, about four weeks ago, on Frankford road, a SILVER SPUR. The owner proving his property, and paying charges, may have it again, by applying to ALEXANDER EDWARDS. ¶

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE, at the late dwelling-house of Jemima Pugh, on the 7th day of the week, and the 16th day of January next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, on the premises,

A PLANTATION, or piece of land, in Uwchland, adjoining the lands of Dennis Whelen, Stephen Philips, and others, where James Pugh lived, containing 69 acres, be it more or less, 50 acres of it cleared, the rest well timbered and watered; there are buildings necessary, with an orchard on it; and it rents for Twelve Pounds a year. The conditions will be made known at the time of sale, by

Dec. 28, 1772. WILLIAM BEALE, Executor.

All persons indebted to said estate, are, once more, desired to come and pay off their respective debts; and all those who have any demands against said estate, are requested to bring them in, legally attested. ‖

TO BE SOLD,

A GOOD well built three story brick house, on Second-street, near Spruce-street, and directly opposite Mr. Samuel Neave's, now in the possession of Benjamin Armitage, is 20 feet front and 33 feet deep, with a good kitchen under one part, a pump in the yard, near the kitchen door; the lot is 107 feet deep, extending to Dock-street, on which front is a smith's shop, with a four feet alley; subject to a groundrent of Twelve Pounds, currency, per annum; is an exceeding good stand for trade, as well as a very pleasant prospect of shipping, &c. Any person, inclining to purchase, may have any reasonable time for payment of the greatest part of the money, by paying interest. For particulars, enquire of said ARMITAGE, or of JOSHUA FISHER, ANDREW DOZ, and RICHARD WILLING. §

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Haddonfield, Gloucester county, on the 26th of this instant December, an English servant lad, named JOHN HAMMER, about 20 years of age, is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, slim built, light brown hair, and has a scar on the middle of his left cheek; had on, a good drab-coloured homespun cloth coat, with wooden buttons, a fustian jacket, and a pair of leather breeches, almost new, blue-grey yarn stockings, pumps, and a good castor hat, with green silk lining. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that he may be had, shall receive the above reward, paid by JOHN GILL.

*** All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off. §

WAS brought to the house of the subscriber, at the White Horse, in East-Whiteland, on Lancaster road, about three weeks ago, a small white MARE, with foal; she had a saddle and bridle, also a bag tied on the saddle. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. *Dec.* 19, 1772. JOHN KERLIN. §

To DESTROY CATTERPILLARS.

Rudolph and *Jacob Hains*,

HAVING, for many years past, followed the business of raising young apple-trees, of grafted fruit, of divers sorts, for sale, and have planted many orchards, both for themselves and others, have found that Catterpillars are some of the worst enemies to Orchards; and as they find a far greater number of their Eggs this fall, than either of them ever have seen before (though the said RUDOLPH has followed that business near thirty years) and consequently much more damage will be done by them next summer, if not by some means prevented; the speediest way they have yet found is, to pull or cut off their eggs with some instrument for that use, as they are easy to be seen sticking on the small limbs of the tree, like lumps of gum, and burn them. Said RUDOLPH, some days ago, in a few hours walking through the orchard, gathered upwards of 300 of such Lumps of Eggs; therefore, for the good of the public, and their customers in particular, who have bought trees of them, or may yet buy, as they purpose to continue said business, they thought it their duty to publish this, by way of caution against the threatning destruction of orchards by catterpillars. Further information may be had of said *Rudolph* and *Jacob Hains*, at their Nursery, near the Red Lion, in Uwchland township, Chester county.

N. B. A sample of the EGGS may be seen at the New Printing-Office, in Market-street. *December*, 1772. ¶

Fredericksburg, in Virginia, December 23, 1772.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away the 3d instant, from the subscriber, living in Spotsylvania county, Virginia, a NEGROE fellow, named BOB, of a yellow complexion, about 22 years of age, and 6 feet 2 inches high; had on, when he went away, a white Bath coating coat, a snuff-coloured cloth jacket, and black stocking breeches; he carried with him some striped jackets, and sundry fine shirts and stocks, marked W. H. I am informed he has a general pass, signed William Smith, and goes for a freeman, under the name of Robert Alexander; he likewise pretends to have a discharge, and says he served his time in Augusta county; but, I do hereby certify, he is a slave for life; I am informed he has been seen travelling towards Philadelphia. Whoever takes him up, and secures him in any goal, and gives me notice thereof, shall have the above reward, paid by

‖ 6 w. WILLIAM HESLOP.

N. B. All masters of vessels are hereby forewarned from taking him on board. W. H.

Philadelphia, December 21, 1772.

TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD

WILL be paid, by the WARDENS of the CITY (on Conviction of the Offenders) for Diſcovery of the Perſon or Perſons, who, on Saturday Night laſt, between the Hours of *Ten* and *Eleven*, took away one of the PUBLIC LAMPS, which was fixed in Fourth-ſtreet, between High and Cheſtnut-ſtreets.

The repeated Inſults the City has lately received, by damaging and taking away the *Public Lamps*, will doubtleſs be properly reſented by the *Inhabitants*; and the WARDENS requeſt the Aſſiſtance of their Fellow-citizens, in order to a Diſcovery of the Perpetrators of thoſe infamous Practices, that a Check may be put to a *growing* Evil, of the moſt dangerous Tendency.

Philadelphia, Twelfth-Month 23, 1772.

To be LET,

THE WHITE-HORSE INN, in Market-ſtreet, now in the Tenure of Jonathan Cowpland. Enquire of

§ JACOB SHOEMAKER.

New-Garden Township, Cheſter County, Eleventh-Month 23, 1772.

STOLEN, in the night of the 14th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, on William Miller's land, a black MARE, about 14 hands high, ſhe could pace and trot, branded on the near ſhoulder with an I, and on the near buttock with an L, ſix years old laſt ſpring, ſhe had a ſmall ſaddle mark on her back, and a ſmall ſtar in her forehead. Whoever ſecures the thief, ſo that he be legally convicted thereof, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and TWENTY SHILLINGS for the mare, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, from

¶ JOHN CURLE.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 13th of December, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, living in Cambridge town, in Maryland, an Iriſh ſervant man, named THOMAS SHERIDAN, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, between 19 and 20 years of age, of a rediſh complexion, with large eye-brows, has long ſandy coloured hair, combed up before, and wears it tied behind in a large club, talks loud, and is very apt to ſwear by his maker; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a ſnuff-coloured old ſurtout coat, an old cloth-coloured ditto, without ſleeves, a brown cloth jacket, with black horn buttons, old white breeches, grey ribbed worſted ſtockings, half-worn ſhoes, with large plated buckles, wears his hat cocked up behind, two old white ſhirts, and commonly wears a ſtock and ſtock-buckle. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN MANNING.

*** All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off. §

To be SOLD, by

DAVID OWEN,

Living in Uwchland, Cheſter county,

A CERTAIN LOT, ſituate on the north ſide of Pewter-platter-alley, near the Market-houſe, containing 38½ feet front, and 30 feet 9 inches deep, having two wooden tenements thereon erected, one of which now rents for Twelve Pounds per annum, the other for Six Pounds; being ſubject to a ground-rent of £ 1:18:4 a year. For terms, apply to DAVID OWEN, or to JOHN YOUNG, Sadler, in Second-ſtreet.

Likewiſe a LOT, in Germantown, ſituate in Carvel's Lane. Enquire as above directed. ¶

Philadelphia, December 10, 1772.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

A BURGLARY.

WHEREAS a Number of evil diſpoſed Perſons, in the Night, between the 9th and 10th Inſtant, burglariouſly and felonioufly, broke open the Gallery Door of the THEATRE, tore off, and carried away the Iron Spikes, which divide the Galleries from the upper Boxes; and had they not been detected, and put to Flight by the Servants of the Theatre, who dwell in the Houſe, would, there is Reaſon to imagine, have compleated their malicious Deſigns. In order, therefore, that the Perpetrators may be brought to Juſtice, the above Reward is offered, to whoever will diſcover any of the Perſons concerned in the ſaid Burglary, to be paid on their Conviction.

DAVID DOUGLASS.

TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS ROBERT RAMSEY, of the townſhip of Tinicum, and county of Bucks, did aſſign over unto THOMAS DILLON, all his right and claim, in and to a certain BOND, againſt MICHAEL LIGHTCAP, of the townſhip of Nockamixon and county aforeſaid, of Fifty Pounds, obligated for the payment of Twenty-five Pounds, dated April 22, 1772, payable November 27, 1772, which bond the ſaid Ramſey hath ſince obtained by fraud. This is to inform the public, that my right and property in and to that bond is good, and I am determined to vindicate the ſame.

December 7, 1772. THOMAS DILLON. ¶

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, at Chriſtiana Bridge, New-Caſtle county, on the 27th of November laſt, at night, a bright bay HORSE, 4 years old, 13½ hands high, with black mane and tail, ſhod before, neither brand nor ear-mark, his hind legs ſomewhat crooked, a natural pacer. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe and thief, ſo that the thief be brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward; or, for the horſe only, FOUR DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by GEORGE ADAMS. ¶

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, the 11th of this inſtant December, at night, a native Iriſh ſervant man, named* JAMES CRYSTALL, *about 30 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, full faced, dark complexion, dark browniſh buſhy hair; had on, when he went away, a brown coat, a white jacket, and a friſzed ſailor's jacket, black pluſh breeches, one white ſhirt, two check ditto, and one of them had white ſleeves, light coloured worſted ribbed ſtockings, and one pair of white ſtockings, old half-ſoaled ſhoes, with braſs buckles, and a wool hat. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* JAMES WILSON. ¶

Philadelphia, December 14, 1772.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the ſubſcriber, living in Southwark, about a month ago, a black MARE, about 15 hands high, 6 years old next ſpring, a natural trotter, and will canter when rode, ſhod all round, has a round forehead, with a ſtar in it, and a Roman noſe, her mane inclines to the near ſide, ſhe has a white ring round one of her hind feet, with ſome black ſpots in it, and has had a cut on one of her fore feet, the ſcar plain to be ſeen. Any perſon that will ſecure the ſaid mare, ſo that the ſubſcriber may have her again, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS reward, and if ſtolen EIGHT DOLLARS for the mare and thief, with all reaſonable charges, from me

¶ WARWICK COATS, ſenior.

ON the 4th of December inſtant, was left in the cuſtody of the ſubſcriber, Inn-holder, living in the townſhip of Norriton, in the county of Philadelphia, and province of Pennſylvania, A BLACK MARE, 15 hands high, 6 years old, paces naturally, ſhod all round; alſo a ſaddle, bridle, and ſaddle-bags: They were left by a fellow, who calls himſelf Thomas Morgan, is about 40 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, ſlender built, has black curly hair, and mean apparel; and was committed to the goal of Philadelphia, by John Bull, Eſq; on ſuſpicion of having ſtolen them. The owner is requeſted to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.

¶ ARCHIBALD THOMPSON.

Northampton, Bucks County, December 17, 1772.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

on the ſecond day of January next, at the dwelling-houſe of the ſubſcriber, in the townſhip aforeſaid,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, or TRACT of LAND; bounded by land of Phineas Paxton, John Shaw, Thomas Worthington, and others; containing 150 acres in the whole, which may be divided into lots, to ſuit the purchaſers, about 6 acres of good meadow, 20 of woodland, well timbered, the remaining 124 acres are cleared, and the whole is under good fence; alſo a ſtone dwelling-houſe, a frame barn, and ſtables, &c. &c. The ſale to begin at ten o' clock in the forenoon, on the premiſes; where due attendance will be given, and the terms of ſale made known, by

¶ JOSEPH ADDIS.

Philadelphia, December 11, 1772.

RUN away yeſterday morning, from the ſubſcriber, a ſervant LAD, named CHARLES GHEISELER, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, well made, of a fair complexion, wears his own hair; was born in Saxony, and arrived laſt week in the ſhip Sally, Captain Oſman, from Rotterdam; had on, when he went away, a felt hat, a check ſhirt, a red ſilk handkerchief round his neck, a turned jacket, of a ſnuff colour, made of ſuperfine cloth, too big for him, with rattinet ſleeves, white cloth breeches, a pair of light coloured milled ſtockings, quite new, and a pair of half-worn double channelled pumps; he took with him a pair of white yarn ſtockings, and a check handkerchief; his ankles appear remarkably thick, but as they are ſore, the thickneſs ariſes from bandages underneath his ſtockings. Whoever apprehends the ſaid ſervant, and returns him to his maſter, ſhall have THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOSEPH WHARTON, junior. *Tf.*

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY, *laſt night, from the ſubſcribers, living in Eaſt-Caln townſhip, Cheſter county, two native Iriſh ſervant men, viz. one named* WILLIAM CRONEEN, *but will probably change his name to* GORDON, *20 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, well ſet, has black hair, grey eyes, of a brown complexion, ſomewhat pock-fretten, and ſpeaks with the brogue; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, a dove-coloured jacket, with cuffs and wooden buttons, a brown ditto, with ſhort linen backs, but no ſleeves, a light coloured ditto, a homeſpun hempen ſhirt, almoſt new, deep blue ſtockings, buckſkin breeches, with a flap before, and new ſhoes, tied with ſtrings. The other named* RICHARD FLEMING, *about 25 years of age, by trade a Taylor, thick ſet, 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, ſpeaks tolerable good Engliſh, of a ſandy complexion, has a ſcar over one of his eyes; had on, and took with him, when he went away, an old felt hat, light-coloured ſurtout coat, a cloſe bodied ditto, and a jacket of the ſame, without ſleeves, which has been turned, a new Mecklenburgh waiſtcoat, three ſilk handkerchiefs, two coarſe ſhirts, one fine ditto, a pair of Ruſſia drilling breeches, a pair of blue and white clouded ſtockings, and a pair of brown ditto, and old ſhoes, with one copper buckle; he alſo took a gun, with a piece put to the ſtock, which may be ſeen if cloſely examined, and had a piece cut out near the breech. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervants, ſo as their maſters may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or TEN DOLLARS for each, and reaſonable charges, paid by THOMAS METEER, and JOSHUA WAY.* December 14, 1772.

All maſters of veſſels are forbid to harbour or carry them off. ¶

New-Caſtle, November 26, 1772.

WAS STOLEN, out of Mr. John Vangezell's paſture, near New-Caſtle, on Wedneſday night, the 4th inſtant, a black Horſe, about 13½ hands high, ſhod before (his ſhoes, if any on, are very bad) but not behind, long mane, of a ruſty or ſunburnt colour, hanging on his off ſide, ſhort ſwitch tail, trots and paces at pleaſure, ſuppoſed about ten years old, hath a remarkable lump on his near cheek bone, which ſeems to create uneaſineſs in chewing any kind of grain. Whoever ſecures ſaid Horſe, and ſends him home to me, in New-Caſtle, ſhall receive FOUR DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ BENJAMIN VANGEZELL.

MOSES BARTRAM,

At the Old Medicinal Store, in Second-ſtreet, between Race and Arch-ſtreets, three doors above Thomas Say's, and oppoſite Samuel Miles's, and Michael Hillegas's,

CONTINUES to carry on the DRUGGIST and APOTHECARY's BUSINESS, in all its various branches, as uſual; where he hath for ſale, a freſh and general aſſortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES, chymical and galenical preparations, of the beſt quality, by wholeſale and retail. Orders from the town or country will be thankfully received, and punctually complied with. He likewiſe continues to ſell the moſt genuine patent medicines, as alſo Painters colours, for either oil or water; ſhop furniture for practitioners, &c. Phyſicians preſcriptions, or family receipts, put up in the moſt careful manner. *N. B.* Said *Bartram* wants to purchaſe a good ſmart Dutch LAD, of about 13 or 14 years of age. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A YOUNG NEGROE WOMAN, that has been brought up to all Kinds of Houſe-work. She is a good Cook, and underſtands ſomething of Paſtry. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

To be SOLD, or LETT,

And entered upon the Second of April next,

A MESSUAGE PLANTATION, and TRACT of LAND, ſituate in Whiteland townſhip, in the county of Cheſter, 23 miles from Philadelphia, on the great road to Lancaſter, known by the name of The Warren Tavern.---This tract is well wooded, and has at leaſt 25 acres of fine watered meadow; there are on the premiſes, a good orchard, ſtone barn, ſtables, &c. The Tavern is large and commodious, having four rooms on a floor. For terms, enquire of LYNFORD LARDNER, in Second-ſtreet. *December 14, 1772.*

STARCH,

Of the beſt quality, branded H & H STARCH ſold by the ſubſcriber, at his ſtore, on Mr. Stamper's wharff. Likewiſe

ANCHORS,

FROM One to Twelve Cwt. made by N. GREEN, & Co. at Warwick, Rhode-Iſland government, warranted for 12 months; and any orders for anchors of particular weights will be complied with, by giving timely notice to ¶8w.

Philad. May 22, 1772. LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH.

N. B. Alſo for ſale, CLARET, of the beſt quality; BURR MILL-STONES, made by COOPER and SON, of London.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A CERTAIN piece or parcel of LAND, ſituated in Eaſt-town townſhip, Cheſter county, containing about 30 acres, with a good ſquared log houſe, 30 feet by 20, about 2½ acres of meadow made, and as much more may be made, about 20 acres cleared, the reſt woodland, very convenient for a tradeſman, lying on two public roads. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may apply to THOMAS ELLIS, or JOHN JARVIS, at Newtown Square. *December 14, 1772.* ¶ 6 *W.*

TWENTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

WAS STOLEN, out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Maidenhead, Hunterdon county, New-Jerſey, on the 4th of November laſt, a ſorrel MARE, between 14 and 15 hands high, about 7 years old, ſhe trots and gallops very well, has a white ſpot in her face, with a little white ſnip down from it, and a ſhort ſwitch tail. Whoever takes up ſaid mare, ſo that the owner may get her again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by ANDREW M'GALLIRD. §

TO BE SOLD,

A LIKELY NEGROE WENCH, about 17 Years of Age, with a Female Child, about two Months old. She has been brought up to Houſe-work, and is very healthy. Alſo A NEGROE MAN, about 30 Years of Age, a very good plain Cook, and can do every Kind of Houſe-work. They are ſold becauſe their Maſter has not Employment for them at preſent. For further Particulars, enquire of the Printers. 6w.

STRAYED or ſtolen, on the 30th of September laſt, from Iſaac Jones, of the Northern Liberties of the City of Philadelphia, Shipwright, a ſlim black MARE, about 13 Hands high, a natural Trotter, and trots faſt, about four Years old, no Brand or Ear-mark, a ſmall Star in her Forehead, a Feather on each Side of her Neck, a long-dock'd Switch Tail, Part of her Mane grows on the wrong Side, and is ſhed before. Whoever takes up the ſaid Creature, and brings her to ſaid Jones, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by

¶ ISAAC JONES.

Philadelphia, December 17, 1772.

THE CREDITORS of ISAAC DELYON, late of this City, Shop-keeper, are once more earneſtly requeſted to bring in their Accounts, duly proved, to the Aſſignees, before the 8th Day of January next, on which Day a Dividend will be made. Thoſe that neglect this Notice will be excluded their Dividend. PHILIP FRANCIS, THOMAS ASSHETON, EDWARD BATCHELOR, and JOSEPH DEAN, Aſſignees.

Philadelphia, December 17, 1772.

THE CREDITORS of JOSEPH ABRAHAMS, late of this City, Shop-keeper, are once more earneſtly requeſted to bring in their Accounts, duly proved, to the Aſſignees, before the 8th Day of January next, on which Day a Dividend will be made. Thoſe that neglect this Notice will be excluded their Dividend. DANIEL WILLIAMS, PHILIP FRANCIS, THOMAS ASSHETON, BENJAMIN GIBBS, and JOSEPH DEAN, Aſſignees.

WAS COMMITTED to my cuſtody, on the 28th day of October laſt, one JOHN RUSSELL, who ſays he is a ſervant to William Baker, at Duck-creek, in Kent county, on Delaware. Likewiſe, on the 3d day of this inſtant, one WILLIAM GALLASPEY, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant. Their maſters are deſired to come, pay the charges, and take them away, within three weeks after this date, or they will be diſcharged, on paying their fees. ¶

Cheſter, December 23, 1772. JOEL WILLIS, Goaler.

December 7, 1772.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 6th inſtant, from the ſubſcriber, living in Glouceſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JOHN MOORE, about 5 feet 10 inches high, between 18 and 19 years of age, of a browniſh complexion, has long black hair, clubbed, ſtammers in his ſpeech, and has a large fleſh mole in the corner of his left eye; had on, when he went away, a lightiſh brown upper cloth jacket, with cuffs, a red and white ſtriped under jacket, with lappels, and without ſleeves, an old lightiſh coloured ſurtout, a pair of old leather breeches, new ſeated, the left knee of which was much too ſhort, blue grey yarn ſtockings, calf-ſkin ſhoes, with odd buckles in them, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures the above ſervant, ſo that his maſter ſhall get him again, or brings him to JOHN HIDER, ſenior, at the Old Ferry-houſe, Philadelphia, ſhall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN HIDER, junior.

N. B. *All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.* ‡

Philadelphia, December 9, 1772.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, That, in Purſuance of an Act of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for veſting certain Eſtates in Pennſylvania, New-Jerſey and Maryland, belonging to the Proprietors of a Partnerſhip, commonly called The Pennſylvania Land Company, in London, in Truſtees, to be ſold, and for other Purpoſes therein mentioned*, on the tenth Day of June next, at eight o' Clock in the Morning, will be expoſed to Sale, to the higheſt and beſt Bidder, by Public Cant or Auction, at the Old Ferry-houſe, kept by JOHN HYDER, in Water-ſtreet, between Market and Mulberry-ſtreets, in this City, the following PLANTATIONS or Tracts of LAND, in Miſpillion Hundred, in the County of Kent, viz.

A Plantation or Tract of Land, containing about 450 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Carpenter.

A Tract, containing about 14 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of the Heirs of Chriſtopher Sipple.

A Tract, containing about 115 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of the Heirs of Benjamin Brown.

A Tract, containing about 99 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Edward Cox.

A Tract, containing about 89 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Moſes Clampit.

A Tract, containing about 123 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of James Craig.

A Tract, containing about 122 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Nahur Goddin.

A Tract, containing about 148 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Turbeth Cottenham.

A Tract, containing about 71 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Barker.

A Tract, containing about 130 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of William Barker.

A Tract, containing about 109 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Henry Sap.

A Tract, containing about 88 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Thomas and Mary Williams.

A Tract, containing about 488 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Alexander M'Donald.

A Tract, containing about 8 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Edward Elliot.

A Tract, containing about 8 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Phineas Banning.

A Tract, containing about 47 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Joſeph Calloway. And,

A Tract, containing about 153 Acres, in Poſſeſſion of Thomas Barker.

Perſons deſiring further Information reſpecting the Premiſes, are deſired to apply to the Subſcribers, in this City.

JACOB COOPER,
SAMUEL SHOEMAKER,
JOSHUA HOWELL, } ATTORNIES of the Truſtees.

SAMUEL MILES requeſts all perſons indebted to him, either on bond, note, or book, to pay the ſame before the firſt of January next, and thoſe, who do not comply, may expect to be ſued, without any further notice. Said *Miles* has for ſale, a very valuable plantation, in Tredyffrin townſhip, Cheſter county; alſo a plantation in Berks county, on which there has been a public houſe of entertainment kept, for many years paſt; likewiſe ſundry tracts of excellent land in Northumberland county, which he would either ſell or leaſe, on reaſonable terms. *Philadelphia, November 14, 1772.* 4 W.

THE Veſtry of *St. George's* Pariſh, in *Baltimore* County, deſire to inform any CLERGYMAN of the CHURCH of ENGLAND, who may incline to engage in diſcharging the Office of a Curate, That they will give him yearly THE SUM OF ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, Currency; and that they doubt not but the Pariſhioners will, by ready Subſcription, increaſe that Sum, in Proportion as, on Trial, he ſhall give Satisfaction. ¶6w.

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